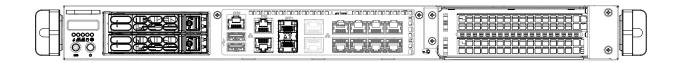


SuperServer® 1019D-FHN13TP 1019D-4C-FHN13TP 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP 1019D-16C-FHN13TP



USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.0b

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Preface

About this Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of this server. Installation and maintenance should be performed by experienced technicians only.

Please refer to the 1019D-FHN13TP, 1019D-4C-FHN13TP, 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP, or 1019D-16C-FHN13TP server specifications page on our website for updates on supported memory, processors and operating systems (http://www.supermicro.com).

Notes

For your system to work properly, please follow the links below to download all necessary drivers/utilities and the user's manual for your server.

- Supermicro product manuals: http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/
- Product drivers and utilities: https://www.supermicro.com/wftp
- Product safety info: http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm

If you have any questions, please contact our support team at: support@supermicro.com

This manual may be periodically updated without notice. Please check the Supermicro website for possible updates to the manual revision level.

Warnings

Special attention should be given to the following symbols used in this manual.



Warning! Indicates important information given to prevent equipment/property damage or personal injury.



Warning! Indicates high voltage may be encountered when performing a procedure.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Overview

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the 1019D-FHN13TP, 1019D-4C-FHN13TP, 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP, and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP servers. It is based on the X11SDW-4C-TP13F, X11SDW-8C-TP13F, X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F, and X11SDW-16C-TP13F motherboards and the SC513BTS-350WB and SC513BTS-505WB chassis.

| | SuperServer Model | Variation Table | |
|--------------------|--------------------|-----------------|--------------------|
| SuperServer Model | Motherboard Model | Chassis Model | Power Supply Model |
| 1019D-FHN13TP | X11SDW-8C-TP13F | SC513BTS-350WB | PWS-350-1H |
| 1019D-4C-FHN13TP | X11SDW-4C-TP13F | SC513BTS-350WB | PWS-350-1H |
| 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP | X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F | SC513BTS-505WB | PWS-505P-1H |
| 1019D-16C-FHN13TP | X11SDW-16C-TP13F | SC513BTS-505WB | PWS-505P-1H |

| | Chassis Model Variation Table |) |
|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------------|
| Chassis Model | Power Supply Model | Power Supply Wattage |
| SC513BTS-350WB | PWS-350-1H | 350W |
| SC513BTS-505WB | PWS-505P-1H | 500W |

| | Mot | herboard Model V | ariation Table | |
|---|-------------------------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|
| Motherboard Model Name | X11SDW-4C-TP13F | X11SDW-8C-TP13F | X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F | X11SDW-16C-TP13F |
| Processor Name | D-2123IT | D-2146NT | D-2177NT | D-2183IT |
| Number of Cores | 4 | 8 | 14 | 16 |
| Number of Threads | 8 | 16 | 28 | 32 |
| Processor Base Frequency | 2.20GHz | 2.30GHz | 1.90GHz | 2.20GHz |
| Max Turbo Frequency | 3.00GHz | 3.00GHz | 3.00GHz | 3.00GHz |
| SoC Max TDP | 60W | 80W | 105W | 100W |
| Number of Memory Channels | 4 | 4 | 4 | 4 |
| Maximum Memory Speed | 2400MHz | 2133MHz | 2667MHz | 2400MHz |
| Intel Turbo Boost Technology | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Embedded Options Available | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Integrated Intel QuickAssist Technology | No | 40G | 100G | No |
| Intel Virtualization Technology (VT-x) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Intel Virtualization Technology for Directed I/O (VT-d) | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Intel TSX-NI | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes |
| Instruction Set | 64-bit | 64-bit | 64-bit | 64-bit |
| Instruction Set Extensions | Intel® AVX2, Intel AVX-512 | Intel® AVX2, Intel AVX-512 | Intel® AVX2, Intel AVX- 512 | Intel® AVX2, Intel AVX-512 |
| Number of AVX-512 FMA Units | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |

In addition to the motherboards and chassis, several important parts that are included with the system are listed below.

| | Main Par | ts List |
|---------------------|---|--|
| Description | Part Number | Quantity |
| Power supply module | PWS-350-1H (for 1019D-FHN13TP or 1019D-4C-FHN13TP) PWS-505P-1H (for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP or 1019D-16C-FHN13TP) | 1 |
| Backplane | BPN-SAS3-826TQ-B2B | 1 |
| Fans | FAN-0154L4 | 4 (2 optional) for 1019D-FHN13TP and 1019D-4C-FHN13TP 6 for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP |
| Air shroud | MCP-310-51303-0B | 1 |
| Riser card | RSC-R1UW-2E16 | 1 |
| Rack mount rails | MCP-290-00102-0N MCP-290-00108-0N | 1 set |

1.2 Unpacking the System

Inspect the box in which the system was shipped, and note if it was damaged. If any equipment appears damaged, file a claim with the carrier who delivered it.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold the server. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated. It will also require a grounded AC power outlet nearby. Be sure to read the precautions and considerations noted in Appendix A.

1.3 System Features

The table below is an overview of the main features of the 1019D-FHN13TP, 1019D-4C-FHN13TP, 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP, and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP servers.

System Features

Motherboards

X11SDW-8C-TP13F for 1019D-FHN13TP X11SDW-4C-TP13F for 1019D-4C-FHN13TP X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP X11SDW-16C-TP13F for 1019D-16C-FHN13TP

Chassis

SC513BTS-350WB for 1019D-FHN13TP and 1019D-4C-FHN13TP SC513BTS-505WB for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP

CPU

Intel Xeon D-2146NT for 1019D-FHN13TP (in socket FCBGA2518)
Intel Xeon D-2123IT for 1019D-4C-FHN13TP (in socket FCBGA2518)
Intel Xeon D-2177NT for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP (in socket FCBGA2518)
Intel Xeon D-2183IT for 1019D-16C-FHN13TP (in socket FCBGA2518)

Memory

Supports up to 256GB of ECC RDIMM or 512GB of ECC LRDIMM DDR4 memory Speeds of up to 2133MHz for 1019D-FHN13TP Speeds of up to 2400MHz for 1019D-4C-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP Speeds of up to 2667MHz for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP

Chipset

System on Chip

Expansion Slots

Two PCI-E3.0 x16 One M.2 M-Key 2280/110 (PCI-E3.0 x4/SATA3) One M.2 B-Key 2242/3042 (USB2.0 / USB3.0 / SATA3.0 / PCI-E3.0 x2) One M.2 E-Key 2230 (USB2.0 / PCI-E3.0 x1)

Storage Drives

Two hot-swap 2.5" drives
Two internal fixed 2.5" solid-state disk drives
One M.2 M-Key, PCI-E3.0 x4/SATA3

Note: The System Features table continues on the next page.

System Features

Power

1019D-FHN13TP and 1019D-4C-FHN13TP: 350W AC 80Plus Platinum level power supply 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP: 500W AC 80Plus Platinum level power supply

Cooling

1019D-FHN13TP and 1019D-4C-FHN13TP: Four 40mm PWM fans, plus an option for two more fans 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP: Six 40mm PWM fans

Input/Output

Nine RJ45 Gigabit Ethernet LAN ports (one for Ethernet management port); one dedicated IPMI LAN port Two RJ45 10GbE LAN ports

Two 10G SFP+ LAN ports

Two USB3.0 ports (front)

One COM port via RJ45

One VGA port

Form Factor

1U rackmount; (WxHxD) 17.2 x 1.7 x 15 in. (437 x 43 x 382 mm)

1.4 Chassis Features

Power Button/LED

The main power switch is used to apply or remove power from the power supply to the server. Turning off system power with this button removes the main power, but maintains standby power.



Warning: To perform any maintenance tasks, you must unplug the system before servicing.

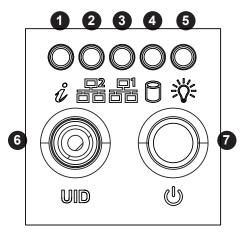


Figure 1-1. Control Panel

| | | Control Panel Features |
|------|-------------------|--|
| Item | Features | Description |
| 1 | Informational LED | Indicates one of multiple conditions, see Informational LED table below. |
| 2 | NIC2 LED | Indicates network activity on LAN port 2 when flashing. |
| 3 | NIC1 LED | Indicates network activity on LAN port 1 when flashing. |
| 4 | HDD LED | Indicates hard drive activity when flashing. |
| 5 | Power LED | Indicates power is being supplied to the system power supply. This LED should normally be illuminated when the system is operating. |
| 6 | UID LED | The UID is used to switch/turn on/turn off UID LED next to PCI-E slots. |
| 7 | Power | The main power button is used to apply or remove power from the power supply to the server. Turning off system power with this button removes the main power but maintains system power. To perform maintenance tasks, you must also unplug the system before servicing. |

| Informational LED | | |
|-------------------|--|--|
| Status | Description | |
| Solid Red | The node is detecting an overheated condition. | |
| 1Hz Blinking Red | The node is detecting a fan failure. | |

Front Features

The illustration below shows the features included on the front of the chassis.

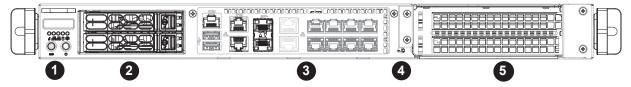


Figure 1-2. Chassis Front View

| | | Front Chassis Features |
|------|---------------|--|
| Item | Feature | Description |
| 1 | Control Panel | Front control panel with LEDs and buttons (see preceding page) |
| 2 | Drives | Two hot-swap 2.5" SATA storage drives |
| 3 | I/O Ports | Input/output ports (details below and Chapter 4) |
| 4 | UID LED | Solid Blue: Unit Identified |
| 5 | PCI-E | Position for expansion cards |

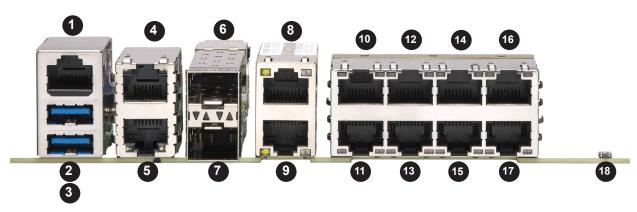


Figure 1-3. Input/Output Ports

| | | | Front | t I/O Po | rts | | |
|------|---------------|------|-------------|----------|-------------|------|-------------|
| Item | Description | Item | Description | Item | Description | Item | Description |
| 1 | COM1 | 6 | LAN13 | 11 | LAN2 | 16 | LAN9 |
| 2 | USB5 (USB3.0) | 7 | LAN12 | 12 | LAN5 | 17 | LAN8 |
| 3 | USB4 (USB3.0) | 8 | LAN11 | 13 | LAN4 | 18 | UID SWITCH |
| 4 | IPMI LAN | 9 | LAN10 | 14 | LAN7 | | |
| 5 | LAN1 | 10 | LAN3 | 15 | LAN6 | | |

Caution: If the operating temperature exceeds 30° C and the system fans are not active, a LAN component may become overheated.

Chassis Rear

The illustration below shows the features included on the rear of the chassis.

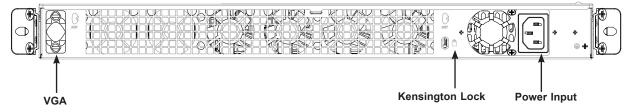
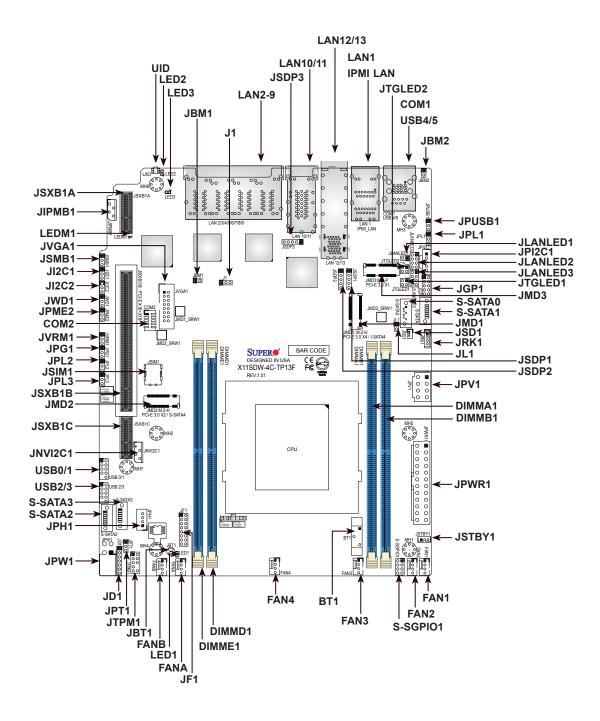


Figure 1-4. Rear View

1.5 Motherboard Layout

Below is a layout of the X11SDW-4C/8C/14CNT/16C-TP13F motherboard with jumper, connector, and LED locations shown. See the table on the following page for descriptions. For detailed descriptions, pinout information, and jumper settings, refer to Chapter 4.



Quick Reference Table

| Jumper | Description | Default Setting |
|--|---|--|
| J1 | M.2 SMBus Enable/Disable | Pins 1-2 (Enabled) |
| JBM1 | Disable IPMI Shared LAN | Pin 1-2 Open (Enable) |
| JBM2 | Disable Dedicated IPMI/Shared LAN | Pin 1-2 Open (Enable) |
| JBT1 | CMOS Clear | Open: Normal Closed: Clear CMOS |
| JI2C1/JI2C2 | SMB to PCI-E Slots Enable/Disable | Pins 2-3 (Disabled) |
| JPG1 | VGA Enable/Disable | Pins 1-2 (Enabled) |
| JPL1 | LAN1 Enable/Disable | Pins 1-2 (Enabled) |
| JPL2 | LAN2/3/4/5 Enable/Disable | Pins 1-2 (Enabled) |
| JPL3 | LAN6/7/8/9 Enable/Disable | Pins 1-2 (Enabled) |
| JPME2 | Manufacturing Mode Select | Pins 1-2 (Normal) |
| JPT1 | TPM Enable/Disable | Pins 1-2 (Enabled) |
| JPUSB1 | USB0/1 Wake up | Pins 2-3 (Disabled) |
| JVRM1 | VRM SMB Data (to BMC or PCH) | Pins 1-2 (BMC) |
| JWD1 | Watch Dog Timer | Pins 1-2 (Reset) |
| LED | Description | Status |
| LED1 | Power LED | Solid Green: Power On |
| LED2 | UID LED | Solid Blue: Unit Identified |
| | | Solid Red: Overheat |
| LED3 | Overheat/Power Fail/Fan Fail LED | Blinking Red: Power Failure/Fan Failure |
| LEDM1 | Overheat/Power Fail/Fan Fail LED BMC Heartbeat | Blinking Red: Power Failure/Fan Failure Blinking Green: BMC Normal |
| | | • |
| LEDM1 | BMC Heartbeat | • |
| LEDM1 Connector | BMC Heartbeat Description | • |
| LEDM1 Connector BT1 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery | • |
| LEDM1 Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header | • |
| LEDM1 Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers | Blinking Green: BMC Normal |
| LEDM1 Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port | Blinking Green: BMC Normal |
| LEDM1 Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN JD1 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port Power LED/Speaker Header (Pins 1-3: Power | Blinking Green: BMC Normal |
| Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN JD1 JF1 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port Power LED/Speaker Header (Pins 1-3: Power Front Control Panel Header | Blinking Green: BMC Normal er LED, Pins 4-7: Speaker) |
| LEDM1 Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN JD1 JF1 JGP1 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port Power LED/Speaker Header (Pins 1-3: Power Front Control Panel Header General Purpose I/O Header | Blinking Green: BMC Normal er LED, Pins 4-7: Speaker) |
| Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN JD1 JF1 JGP1 JIPMB1 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port Power LED/Speaker Header (Pins 1-3: Power Front Control Panel Header General Purpose I/O Header System Management Bus Header (for IPMI of | Blinking Green: BMC Normal er LED, Pins 4-7: Speaker) |
| LEDM1 Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN JD1 JF1 JGP1 JIPMB1 JL1 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port Power LED/Speaker Header (Pins 1-3: Power Front Control Panel Header General Purpose I/O Header System Management Bus Header (for IPMI of Chassis Intrusion Header | Blinking Green: BMC Normal er LED, Pins 4-7: Speaker) |
| Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN JD1 JF1 JGP1 JIPMB1 JL1 JLANLED1 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port Power LED/Speaker Header (Pins 1-3: Power Front Control Panel Header General Purpose I/O Header System Management Bus Header (for IPMI of Chassis Intrusion Header LAN1 Activity LED Header | Blinking Green: BMC Normal er LED, Pins 4-7: Speaker) |
| Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN JD1 JF1 JGP1 JIPMB1 JL1 JLANLED1 JLANLED2 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port Power LED/Speaker Header (Pins 1-3: Power Front Control Panel Header General Purpose I/O Header System Management Bus Header (for IPMI of Chassis Intrusion Header LAN1 Activity LED Header LAN2-5 Activity LED Header | Blinking Green: BMC Normal er LED, Pins 4-7: Speaker) only) |
| Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN JD1 JF1 JGP1 JIPMB1 JL1 JLANLED1 JLANLED2 JLANLED3 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port Power LED/Speaker Header (Pins 1-3: Power Front Control Panel Header General Purpose I/O Header System Management Bus Header (for IPMI of Chassis Intrusion Header LAN1 Activity LED Header LAN2-5 Activity LED Header LAN6-9 Activity LED Header | Blinking Green: BMC Normal er LED, Pins 4-7: Speaker) only) |
| Connector BT1 COM1/COM2 FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB IPMI LAN JD1 JF1 JGP1 JIPMB1 JL1 JLANLED1 JLANLED2 JLANLED3 JMD1 | BMC Heartbeat Description Onboard Battery COM1: Port, COM2: Header CPU/System Fan Headers Dedicated IPMI LAN Port Power LED/Speaker Header (Pins 1-3: Power Led) Front Control Panel Header General Purpose I/O Header System Management Bus Header (for IPMI of Chassis Intrusion Header LAN1 Activity LED Header LAN2-5 Activity LED Header LAN6-9 Activity LED Header M.2 Slot M-Key 2280/22110 (SATA3.0 / PCI- | Blinking Green: BMC Normal er LED, Pins 4-7: Speaker) only) |

| Connector | Description |
|-------------------|--|
| JNVI2C1 | Non-volatile Memory (NVMe) I ² C Header |
| JPH1 | 4-pin HDD Power Connector |
| JPI2C1 | Power I2C System Management Bus (Power SMB) Header |
| JPV1 | 12V 8-pin DC Power Connector (Required to provide extra power to the CPU, or as alternative power for special enclosure when the 24 pin ATX power is not in use) |
| JPW1 | GPU Power Connector |
| JPWR1 | 24-pin ATX Power Connector |
| JRK1 | Intel RAID Key Header |
| JSD1 | SATA DOM Power Connector |
| JSDP1 | Software-Defined Pins (For X722 LAN 10/11) |
| JSDP2 | Software-Defined Pins (For X722 LAN 12/13) |
| JSDP3 | Software-Defined Pins (For I350 LAN2) |
| JSIM1 | Nano SIM Card Slot |
| JSMB1 | System Management Bus Header |
| JSTBY1 | Standby Power Connector |
| JSXB1A | WIO Connector |
| JSXB1B | WIO Connector |
| JSXB1C | WIO Connector |
| JTGLED1 | LAN10/11 Activity LED Header |
| JTGLED2 | LAN12/13 Activity LED Header |
| JTPM1 | Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80 Connector |
| JVGA1 | VGA Header |
| LAN1 | 1G LAN Port (from I210) |
| LAN2/LAN3 | 10G SFP+ Ports |
| LAN4/LAN5 | 10G LAN Ports |
| LAN6 - LAN13 | 1G LAN Ports (from I350) |
| S-SATA0 - S-SATA3 | SATA3.0 Ports |
| S-SGPIO1 | Serial Link General Purpose I/O Header |
| UID | Unit Identifier Switch |
| USB0/1, USB2/3 | Front Accessible USB2.0 Headers |
| USB4/5 | Back Panel USB3.1 Ports |

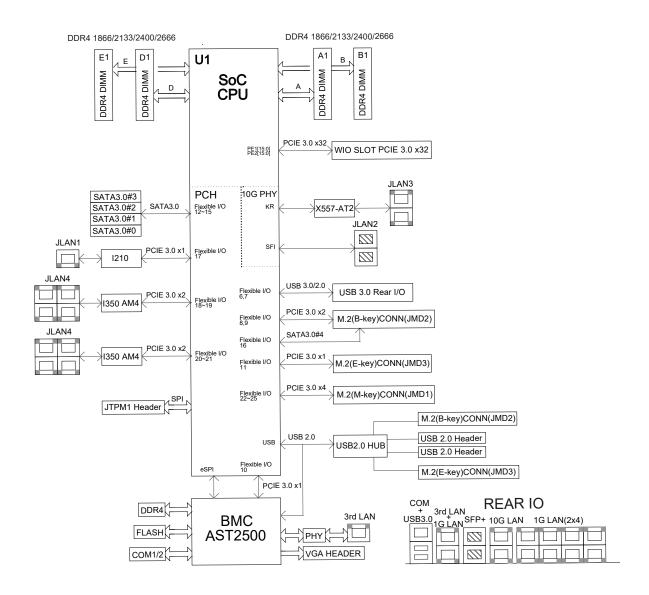


Figure 1-5. Chipset System Block Diagram

Chapter 2

Server Installation

2.1 Overview

This chapter provides advice and instructions for mounting your system in a server rack. If your system is not already fully integrated with system memory etc., refer to Chapter 4 for details on installing those specific components.

Caution: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent such damage to PCBs (printed circuit boards), it is important to use a grounded wrist strap, handle all PCBs by their edges, and keep them in anti-static bags when not in use.

2.2 Preparing for Setup

The box in which the system was shipped should include the rackmount hardware needed to install it into the rack. Please read this section in its entirety before you begin the installation.

Choosing a Setup Location

- The system should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas
 where heat, electrical noise, and electromagnetic fields are generated.
- Leave enough clearance in front of the rack so that you can open the front door completely (~25 inches) and approximately 30 inches of clearance in the back of the rack to allow sufficient space for airflow and access when servicing.
- This product should be installed only in a Restricted Access Location (dedicated equipment rooms, service closets, etc.).
- This product is not suitable for use with visual display workplace devices according to §2
 of the German Ordinance for Work with Visual Display Units.

Rack Precautions

- Ensure that the leveling jacks on the bottom of the rack are extended to the floor so that the full weight of the rack rests on them.
- In single rack installations, stabilizers should be attached to the rack. In multiple rack installations, the racks should be coupled together.

- Always make sure the rack is stable before extending a server or other component from the rack.
- You should extend only one server or component at a time extending two or more simultaneously may cause the rack to become unstable.

Server Precautions

- Review the electrical and general safety precautions in Appendix A.
- Determine the placement of each component in the rack *before* you install the rails.
- Install the heaviest server components at the bottom of the rack first and then work your way up.
- Use a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to protect the server from power surges and voltage spikes and to keep your system operating in case of a power failure.
- Allow any drives and power supply modules to cool before touching them.
- When not servicing, always keep the front door of the rack and all covers/panels on the servers closed to maintain proper cooling.

Rack Mounting Considerations

Ambient Operating Temperature

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the ambient operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room's ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (Tmra).

Airflow

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that the amount of airflow required for safe operation is not compromised.

Mechanical Loading

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that a hazardous condition does not arise due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading

Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the power supply circuitry and the effect that any possible overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and power supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Ground

A reliable ground must be maintained at all times. To ensure this, the rack itself should be grounded. Particular attention should be given to power supply connections other than the direct connections to the branch circuit (i.e. the use of power strips, etc.).



To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- This unit should be mounted at the bottom of the rack if it is the only unit in the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top with the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.
- Slide rail mounted equipment is not to be used as a shelf or a work space.

2.3 Identifying the Sections of the Rack Rails

The chassis package includes two rack rail assemblies in the rack mounting kit. Each assembly consists of two sections: an inner fixed chassis rail that secures directly to the server chassis and an outer fixed rack rail that secures directly to the rack itself.

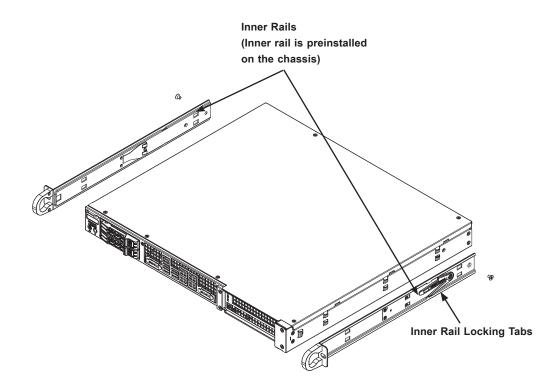


Figure 2-1. Identifying the Sections of the Rack Rails

Locking Tabs

Both chassis rails have a locking tab. The tabs lock the server into place when installed and pushed fully into the rack. These tabs also lock the server in place when fully extended from the rack. This prevents the server from coming completely out of the rack when you pull it out for servicing.

Inner Rails

The inner rails are pre-attached to the chassis, but should the need arise to remove them, reinstallation of the rails is simple and can be accomplished with a screwdriver.

Installing the Inner Rails

- 1. Place the inner rail on the side of the chassis aligning the hooks of the chassis with the inner rail holes.
- 2. Slide the extension toward the front of the chassis.
- 3. Secure the chassis with one screw.
- 4. Repeat steps 1-3 for the other inner rail.

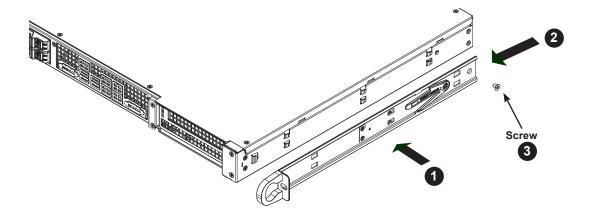


Figure 2-2. Installing the Inner Rails (Right side shown)



Warning: Do not pick up the server by the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

Outer Rails

Outer rails attach to the rack and hold the server in place. The outer rails for the chassis extend between 30 inches and 33 inches.

Installing the Outer Rails to the Rack

- 1. Attach the short bracket to the outside of the long bracket. Align the pins of the rail with the slides. The ends of each bracket must angle in the same direction.
- 2. Adjust both the short and long brackets to the proper distance so that the rail fits snugly into the rack.
- 3. Secure the long bracket to the front side of the rack with two M5 screws and the short bracket to the rear side of the rack with three M5 screws. Make sure that both sides are at the same height and with the rail guides facing inward.
- 4. Repeat steps 1-3 for the remaining outer rail.

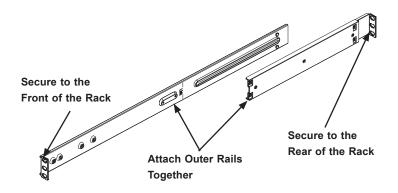


Figure 2-3. Assembling the Outer Rails



Warning: Stability hazard. The rack stabilizing mechanism must be in place, or the rack must be bolted to the floor before you slide the unit out for servicing. Failure to stabilize the rack can cause the rack to tip over.



Warning: Slide rail mounted equipment is not to be used as a shelf or a work space.

2.4 Installing the Chassis into the Rack

- 1. Confirm that the chassis includes the inner rails and rail extensions. Also, confirm that the outer rails are installed on the rack.
- 2. Align the chassis rails with the front of the rack rails.
- 3. Slide the chassis rails into the rack rails, keeping the pressure even on both sides. (It may be necessary to depress the locking tabs when inserting). When the server has been pushed completely into the rack, the locking tabs will "click" into the locked position.
- 4. Insert and tighten the screws that hold the front of the server to the rack.

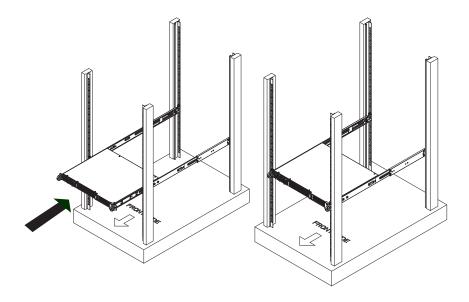


Figure 2-4. Installing the Server into a Rack

Note: Figures are for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.



Warning: Do not pick up the server by the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

Chapter 3

Maintenance and Component Installation

This chapter provides instructions on installing and replacing main system components. To prevent compatibility issues, only use components that match the specifications and/or part numbers given.

Installation or replacement of most components require that power first be removed from the system. Please follow the procedures given in each section.

3.1 Removing Power

Use the following procedure to ensure that power has been removed from the system. This step is necessary when removing or installing non hot-swap components or when replacing a non-redundant power supply.

- 1. Use the operating system to power down the system.
- 2. After the system has completely shut-down, disconnect the AC power cord(s) from the power strip or outlet. (If your system has more than one power supply, remove the AC power cords from all power supply modules.)
- 3. Disconnect the power cord(s) from the power supply module(s).

3.2 Accessing the System

Removing the Chassis Cover

- 1. Power down the system as described in Section 3.1.
- 2. Remove the six screws that are securing the top cover to the chassis.
- 3. Slide the cover back toward the rear of the chassis.
- 4. Lift the cover upwards and off the chassis.

Caution: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow proper airflow and prevent overheating.

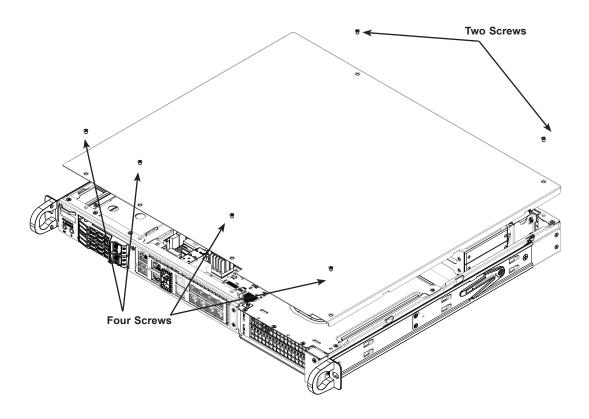


Figure 3-1. Removing the Chassis Cover

3.3 Motherboard Components

Memory

Note: Check the Supermicro website for recommended memory modules.

Memory Support

The X11SDW-4C-TP13F, X11SDW-8C-TP13F, X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F, and X11SDW-16C-TP13F support up to 256GB of ECC RDIMM or 512GB of ECC LRDIMM DDR4 memory in four memory slots. Refer to the table below for the recommended DIMM population order and additional memory information.

DIMM Module Population Configuration

For optimal memory performance, follow the table below when populating memory.

| Memory Population (Balanced) | | | | | |
|------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|------------------------|--|
| DIMMA1 | DIMMB1 | DIMMD1 | DIMME1 | Total System Memory | |
| 4GB | 4GB | | | 8GB | |
| 8GB | | | | 8GB | |
| 8GB | 8GB | | | 16GB | |
| 4GB | 4GB | 4GB | 4GB | 16GB | |
| 8GB | 8GB | 8GB | | 24GB | |
| 8GB | 8GB | 8GB | 8GB | 32GB | |
| 16GB | 16GB | | | 32GB | |
| 16GB | 16GB | 16GB | | 48GB | |
| 16GB | 16GB | 16GB | 16GB | 64GB | |
| 32GB | 32GB | | | 64GB | |
| 32GB | 32GB | 32GB | | 96GB | |
| 32GB | 32GB | 32GB | 32GB | 128GB | |
| 64GB | 64GB | | | 128GB | |
| 64GB | 64GB | 64GB | | 192GB | |
| 64GB | 64GB | 64GB | 64GB | 256GB | |
| 126GB | 128GB | | | 256GB | |
| 128GB | 128GB | 128GB | 128GB | 512GB | |

DIMM Module Population Sequence

When installing memory modules, the DIMM slots should be populated in the following order: DIMMA1, DIMMB1, then DIMMD1, DIMME1.

- Always use DDR4 DIMM modules of the same type and speed.
- Mixed DIMM speeds can be installed. However, all DIMMs will run at the speed of the slowest DIMM.
- The motherboard will support odd-numbered modules (one or three modules installed).
 However, for best memory performance, install DIMM modules in pairs to activate memory interleaving.

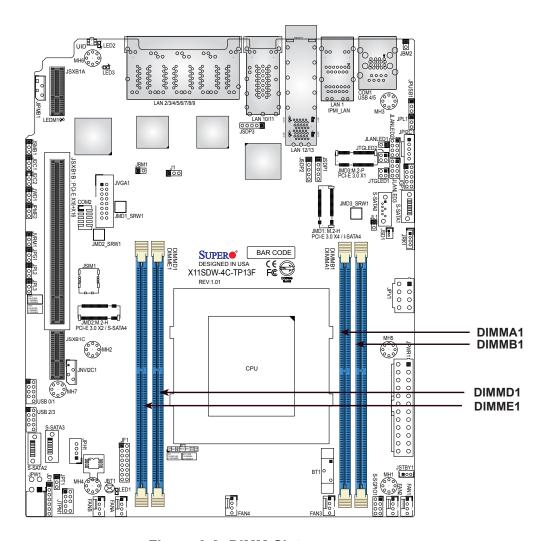


Figure 3-2. DIMM Slots

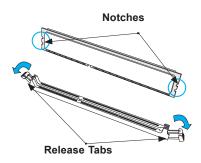
DIMM Installation

Insert the desired number of DIMMs into the memory slots based on the recommended population table on the previous page.

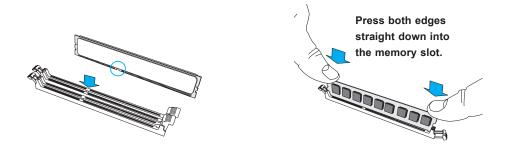
Installing Memory

Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1.

1. Insert the desired number of DIMMs into the memory slots, starting with DIMMA1, DIMMB1, then DIMMD1, DIMME1. Push the release tabs outwards on both ends of the DIMM slot to unlock it.



2. Align the key of the DIMM with the receptive point on the memory slot and with your thumbs on both ends of the module, press it straight down into the slot until the module snaps into place.



3. Press the release tabs to the locked position to secure the DIMM module into the slot.

To remove a DIMM, unlock the release tabs then pull the DIMM from the memory slot.

Caution: Exercise extreme caution when installing or removing memory modules to prevent any possible damage to the DIMMs or slots.

Severboard Battery

Caution: There is a danger of explosion if the onboard battery is installed in the wrong orientation with reversed polarities. This battery must be replaced only with the same or an equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer (CR2032). Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions.

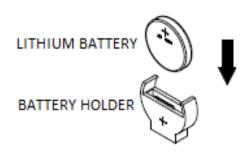


Figure 3-3. Installing the Onboard Battery

Please handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Please comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

3.4 Chassis Components

This section provides instructions on installing and replacing system components. To assure compatibility, only use components that match the specifications or part numbers given.

Storage Drives

The system supports two hot-swap 2.5" drives and two internal 2.5" solid-state disk drives.

Note: Enterprise level drives are recommended for use in Supermicro servers. For information on recommended HDDs, visit the Supermicro website product pages at https://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo.

Drive Carriers

The drives are mounted in drive carriers that simplify their removal from the chassis. These carriers also help promote proper airflow. Even carriers without drives must remain in the chassis for proper airflow.

Each drive carrier has two LED indicators: an activity indicator and a status indicator.

Installing Hot-Swappable Hard Drives

The chassis supports two 2.5" hot-swappable hard disk drives. Only enterprise-level hard drives are recommended.

Note: The hard drives in your chassis may look slightly different than the ones shown in this manual.

Installing 2.5" Hot-Swappable Hard Drives

1. Remove the drive tray from the front of the chassis by unlocking the drive tray lever and pulling the tray out from the chassis.

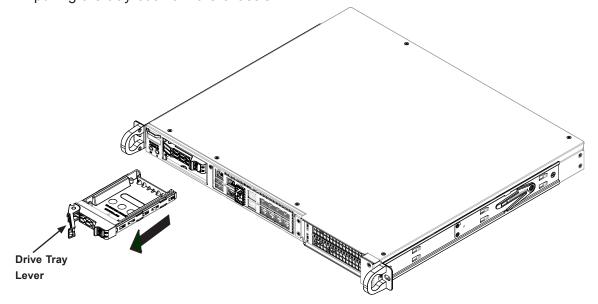


Figure 3-4. Unlocking the Drive Tray Lever and Removing the Drive Tray

2. Remove the four screws and lift the dummy hard drive insert from the drive tray.

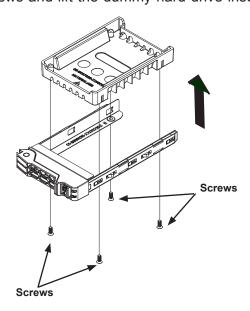


Figure 3-5. Mounting Hot-Swap Storage Drives

3. Install the drive into the drive tray and secure it with screws.

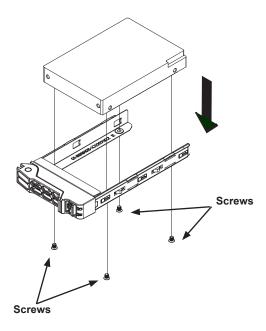


Figure 3-6. Installing Storage Drives

4. Lock the drive tray and place into chassis.

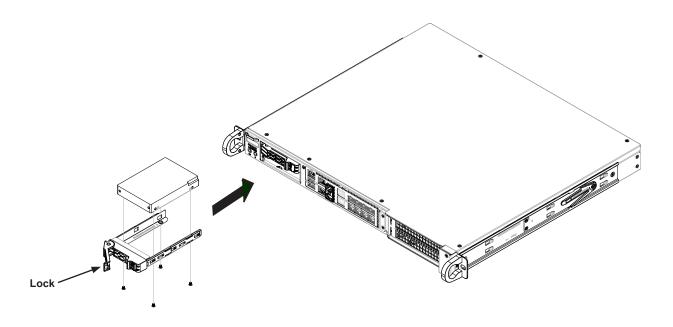


Figure 3-7. Installing the Hot Swappable Drive

Installing Fixed Internal Drives

Installing 2.5" Drives to the Chassis Floor

- 1. Obtain the mounting bracket and secure the drive(s) to the bracket.
- 2. Secure the drives to the chassis floor using four screws.
- 3. Connect drive cables.

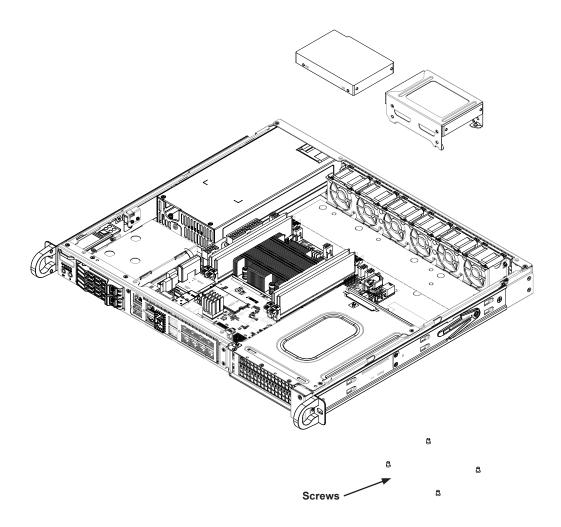


Figure 3-8. Securing the Solid-State Disk Drive to the Mounting Enclosure

System Fans

The 1019D-FHN13TP and 1019D-4C-FHN13TP systems come with four heavy-duty fans. There are additional sockets for two more optional fans to provide additional cooling, if needed, for a total of six fans. The 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP systems come with six heavy-duty fans.

The fans can adjust their speed according to the heat level sensed in the system, which results in more efficient and quieter fan operation. Fan speed is controlled by IPMI. Each fan in a set has its own separate tachometer.

If a fan fails, the remaining fans will ramp up to full speed and the overheat/fan fail LED on the control panel will blink on and off. Replace any failed fan at your earliest convenience with the same type and model.

Note: The chassis top cover must be installed for proper airflow.

Replacing a System Fan

- 1. Determine which fan has failed using IPMI, or if necessary, open the chassis while the system is running. Never run the server for long without the chassis cover.
- 2. Remove power from the system as described in Section 3.1.
- 3. Remove the air shroud and fan cable from the motherboard.
- 4. Gently pull upward to remove a failed fan from the housing.
- 5. Push the new fan into the housing making sure the fan is oriented in the same direction as the other fans.
- 6. Reconnect the fan cables to the same chassis fan headers and replace the air shroud.
- 7. Power up the system and check that the fan is working properly and that the overheat/ fan fail LED on the control panel has turned off. Finish by replacing the chassis cover.

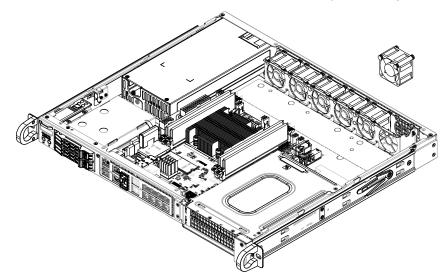


Figure 3-9. Replacing the System Fans

Installing the Air Shroud

Air shrouds concentrate airflow to maximize fan efficiency. It does not require screws to install.

Installing the Air Shroud

- 1. Position the air shroud in the chassis, as illustrated below. The air shroud fits just behind the fans.
- 2. Slide the air shroud into the grooves just behind the fan rack. If necessary, move any cables that interfere with the air shroud placement.
- 3. Remove perforated tabs, if necessary, for a good fit.

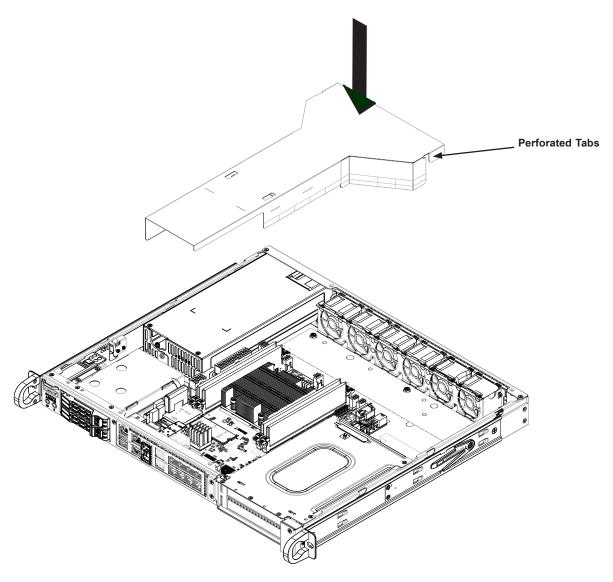
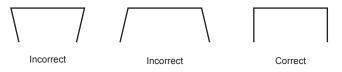


Figure 3-10. Installing the Air Shroud



Checking the Server Air Flow

- Make sure there are no objects to obstruct airflow in and out of the server.
- Do not operate the server without drives or drive carriers in the hot-swap drive bays.
- Use only recommended server parts.
- Make sure no wires or foreign objects obstruct air flow through the chassis. Pull all excess cabling out of the airflow path or use shorter cables.

The control panel LEDs display system heat status. See "Control Panel" in Chapter 1 for details.

Overheating

There are several possible responses if the system overheats.

If the server overheats:

- 1. Use the overheat/fan fail LED to determine the nature of the overheating condition.
- 2. Confirm that the chassis covers are installed properly.
- 3. Make sure all fans are present and operating normally.
- 4. Check the routing of the cables.
- 5. Verify that the heatsink and air shroud are installed properly.

Caution: If the operating temperature exceeds 30° C and the system fans are not active, a LAN component may become overheated.

Power Supply

The SC513B chassis has either one 350W or one 500W power supply. The power supply is auto-switching capable. This enables it to automatically sense and operate at a 100v to 240v input voltage. It will be necessary to shut down the system in order to change the power supply. If replacing, use the exact same model. New units can be ordered directly from Supermicro or authorized distributors.

Changing a Fixed Power Supply

- 1. Power down the system, unplug the AC cord from the power supply, and remove the cover.
- 2. Remove the three screws located on the end of the power supply bay and one screw at the front of the power supply and under side of the chassis, as illustrated below. Set the screws aside for later use.
- 3. Gently slide the power supply out of the back of the chassis.
- 4. Replace the failed power supply with another of the same model.
- 5. Slide the new power supply into the power supply bay.
- 6. Align the holes in the power supply with the holes in the power supply bay and secure the power supply using the four screws which were set aside in step 2.
- 7. Replace the chassis cover, plug the power cord into the rear of the power supply, and power up the system.

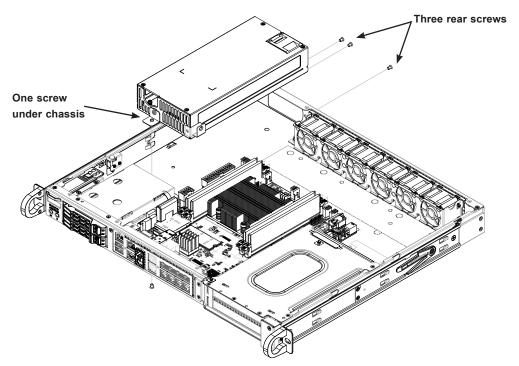


Figure 3-11. Removing the Power Supply

PCI Expansion Cards

The system includes a pre-installed riser card that positions one or two full-height, PCI-E x16 cards at a 90 degree angle, allowing it to fit inside the chassis.

Installing PCI Expansion Cards

- 1. Remove power as described in Section 3.1 and remove the chassis cover.
- 2. Remove six screws, hold the bracket at two indicated locations, and pull up the bracket vertically.



Warning: Do not tilt or wiggle the riser bracket when lifting it up.

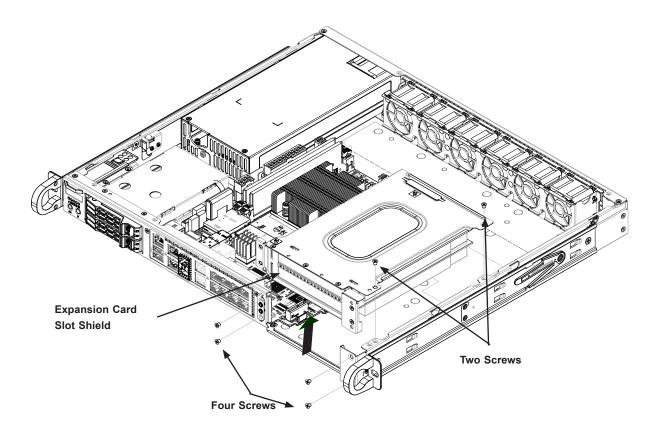


Figure 3-12. Removing the Riser Card Bracket

- 3. Insert the expansion card into the riser card slot while aligning the card rear bracket with the chassis slot.
- 4. Secure the card bracket with screws.

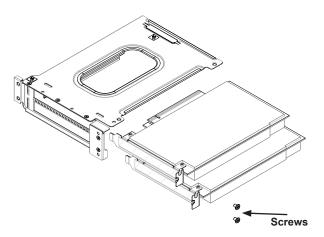


Figure 3-13. Inserting the Expansion Card into the Riser Card Bracket

- 5. Insert the riser card assembly into the motherboard slots while aligning it with the openings in the front of the chassis.
- 6. Secure the riser card bracket to the chassis using four rear screws and two top screws.
- 7. Re-install the top chassis cover and power up the system.

Chapter 4

Motherboard Connections

This section describes the connections on the motherboard and provides pinout definitions. Note that depending on how the system is configured, not all connections are required. The LEDs on the motherboard are also described here. A motherboard layout indicating component locations may be found in Chapter 1.

Please review the Safety Precautions in Appendix A before installing or removing components.

4.1 Power Connections

Power Connectors

The primary ATX power supply connector (JPWR1) meets the ATX SSI EPS 12V specification. JPV1 is the 12V DC power connector that provides power to the motherboard. JPH1 is a 4-pin HDD power connector that provides power to onboard hard disk drives.

| 8-pin 12V Power Pin Definitions | | |
|------------------------------------|--------|--|
| Pin# Definition | | |
| 1 - 4 | Ground | |
| 5 - 8 +12V | | |

| 4-pin HDD Power Pin Definitions | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | 12V |
| 2-3 | Ground |
| 4 | 5V |

| | ATX Power 24-pin Connector Pin Definitions | | | |
|------|--|------|------------|--|
| Pin# | Definition | Pin# | Definition | |
| 13 | +3.3V | 1 | +3.3V | |
| 14 | -12V | 2 | +3.3V | |
| 15 | Ground | 3 | Ground | |
| 16 | PS_ON | 4 | +5V | |
| 17 | Ground | 5 | Ground | |
| 18 | Ground | 6 | +5V | |
| 19 | Ground | 7 | Ground | |
| 20 | Res (NC) | 8 | PWR_OK | |
| 21 | +5V | 9 | 5VSB | |
| 22 | +5V | 10 | +12V | |
| 23 | +5V | 11 | +12V | |
| 24 | Ground | 12 | +3.3V | |

GPU Power Connector

JPW1 is a GPU power connector. This connector provides additional power for graphic cards.

| GPU Power Pin Definitions | | |
|---------------------------|-----|--|
| Pin# Definition | | |
| 1 | GND | |
| 2 | GND | |
| 3 | 12V | |
| 4 | 12V | |

Power SMB (I²C) Header

The Power System Management Bus (I²C) connector (JPI2C1) monitors the power supply. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Power SMB Header Pin Definitions | | |
|-------------------------------------|-----------------|--|
| Pin# | Pin# Definition | |
| 1 | Clock | |
| 2 | Data | |
| 3 | PMBUS_Alert | |
| 4 | Ground | |
| 5 | 5 NC | |

4.2 Headers and Connectors

Fan Headers

The X11SDW-4C-TP13F, X11SDW-8C-TP13F, X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F, and X11SDW-16C-TP13F motherboards have six 4-pin fan headers (FAN1 - FAN4, FANA, FANB). These headers are backwards-compatible with the traditional 3-pin fans. However, fan speed control is available for 4-pin fans only by Thermal Management via the IPMI 2.0 interface. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Fan Header Pin Definitions | | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------------|--|--|
| Pin# | Pin# Definition | | |
| 1 | Ground (Black) | | |
| 2 | 2.5A/+12V (Red) | | |
| 3 | Tachometer | | |
| 4 PWM_Control | | | |

| Fan Zone Pin Definitions | | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|--------|--|
| Zone 1 2 | | | |
| Fan # | FAN1/2/3/4 | FANA/B | |

Chassis Intrusion

A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1 on the motherboard. Attach the appropriate cable from the chassis to inform you of a chassis intrusion when the chassis is opened. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions | |
|-----------------------------------|--|
| Pin# Definition | |
| 1 Intrusion Input | |
| 2 Ground | |

SATA Ports

The X11SDW-4C-TP13F, X11SDW-8C-TP13F, X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F, and X11SDW-16C-TP13F motherboards have four S-SATA 3.0 ports. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| SATA 3.0 Port Pin Definitions | | |
|----------------------------------|----------|--|
| Pin# | Signal | |
| 1 | Ground | |
| 2 | SATA_TXP | |
| 3 SATA_TXN | | |
| 4 Ground | | |
| 5 SATA_RXN | | |
| 6 SATA_RXP | | |
| 7 Ground | | |

M.2 Slot

The X11SDW-4C-TP13F, X11SDW-8C-TP13F, X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F, and X11SDW-16C-TP13F motherboards have three M.2 slots. M.2 was formerly known as Next Generation Form Factor (NGFF). M.2 allows for a variety of card sizes, increased functionality, and spatial efficiency. The M.2 slot at JMD1 supports PCI-E 3.0 x4 and SATA 3.0 interfaces in a 2280/22110 form factor, whereas the M.2 slot at JMD2 supports PCI-E 3.0 x4, SATA 3.0, and USB 3.0 interfaces in a 3042 form factor. The M.2 slot at JMD3 supports PCI-E 3.0 x1.

TPM/Port 80 Header

A Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80 header is located at JTPM1 to provide TPM support and a Port 80 connection. Use this header to enhance system performance and data security. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Tru | Trusted Platform Module Header Pin Definitions | | | |
|------|---|----|----------|--|
| Pin# | Pin# Definition Pin# Definition | | | |
| 1 | +3.3V | 2 | SPI_CS# | |
| 3 | RESET# | 4 | SPI_MISO | |
| 5 | SPI_CLK | 6 | GND | |
| 7 | SPI_MOSI | 8 | | |
| 9 | +3.3V Stby | 10 | SPI_IRQ# | |

VGA Header

Connect a 16-pin VGA extension cable to JVGA1 for a VGA connecton.

| | VGA Header Pin Definitions | | | |
|------|-------------------------------|------|------------|--|
| Pin# | Definition | Pin# | Definition | |
| 1 | VGA_RED | 2 | VGA_CRE | |
| 3 | VGA_BLE | 4 | N/C | |
| 5 | GND | 6 | VGA_DET | |
| 7 | GND | 8 | GND | |
| 9 | 5V | 10 | GND | |
| 11 | N/C | 12 | DDCSDA | |
| 13 | HSYNC | 14 | VSYNC | |
| 15 | DDCSCL | 16 | N/C | |

Intel RAID Key Header

The JRK1 header allows the user to enable RAID functions. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Intel RAID Key Pin Definitions | | |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|--|
| Pin# Definition | | |
| 1 | GND | |
| 2 | PU 3.3V Stdby | |
| 3 | GND | |
| 4 | PCH RAID KEY | |

Disk On Module Power Connector

The Disk On Module (DOM) power connector at JSD1 provides 5V power to a solid-state DOM storage device connected to one of the SATA ports. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| DOM Power Pin Definitions | |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | 5V |
| 2 | Ground |
| 3 | Ground |

General Purpose I/O Header

The JGP1 (General Purpose Input/Output) header is a general purpose I/O expander on a pin header via the SMBus. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| GPIO Header Pin Definitions | | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition | Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | 3V3SB | 2 | GND |
| 3 | GP0 | 4 | GP1 |
| 5 | GP2 | 6 | GP3 |
| 7 | GP4 | 8 | GP5 |
| 9 | GP6 | 10 | GP7 |

Standby Power

The Standby Power header is located at JSTBY1 on the motherboard. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Standby Power Pin Definitions | |
|-------------------------------|---------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | +5V Standby |
| 2 | Ground |
| 3 | No Connection |

Power LED/Speaker Header

On the JD1 header, pins 1-3 are for the Power LED and pins 4-7 are for the speaker.

| Power LED/Speaker Connector Pin Definitions | |
|--|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| Pins 1-3 | Power LED |
| Pins 4-7 | Speaker |

External I²C Header

The system management bus header is located at JIPMB1. Connect the appropriate cable here to use the IPMB I²C connection on your system. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| External I ² C Header Pin Definitions | |
|---|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | Data |
| 2 | GND |
| 3 | Clock |
| 4 | NC |

NVMe I²C Header

JNVI2C1 is a management header for the Supermicro AOC NVMe PCI-E peripheral cards. Connect a corresponding I²C cable to this header. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| NVMe I ² C Header Pin Definitions | | |
|---|------------|--|
| Pin# | Definition | |
| 1 | PE_HP_SDA | |
| 2 | Ground | |
| 3 | PE_HP_SCL | |
| 4 | PVCCIO | |

System Management Bus Header

A System Management Bus header for additional slave devices or sensors is located at JSMB1. See the table below for pin definitions.

| SMBus Header Pin Definitions | |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | Data |
| 2 | Ground |
| 3 | Clock |
| 4 | NC |

Nano SIM Slot

The JSIM1 slot supports a Nano SIM card.

LAN Port Activity LED

JLANLED1 is the activity LED for LAN1, JLANLED2 is the activity LED for LAN2 - LAN5, and JLANLED3 is the activity LED for LAN6 - LAN9.

JTGLED1, JTGLED2

JTGLED1 is the activity LED for LAN10 - LAN11, and JTGLED2 is the activity LED for LAN12 - LAN13.

S-SGPIO Header

The Serial Link General Purpose Input/Output (S-SGPIO1) header is used to communicate with the enclosure management chip on the back panel.

| SGPIO Header Pin Definitions | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition | Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | NC | 2 | NC |
| 3 | Ground | 4 | DATA Out |
| 5 | Load | 6 | Ground |
| 7 | Clock | 8 | NC |

Software-Defined Pins (SDP)

JSDP1, JSDP2, and JSDP3 are software-defined pins that can be used to support IEEE 1588 auxiliary devices and other hardware or software-control purposes. These pins can be configured to function as standard inputs or General-Purpose Interrupt (GPI) input or output pins. In order for pins to function as GPI, they must be configured as inputs and enabled by the PCH Ethernet or I350.

Front Control Panel

JF1 contains header pins for various buttons and indicators that are normally located on a control panel at the front of the chassis. These connectors are designed specifically for use with Supermicro chassis. See the figure below for the descriptions of the front control panel buttons and LED indicators.

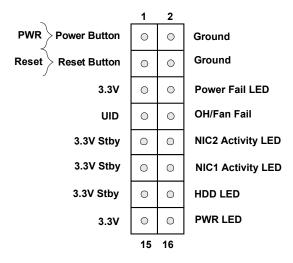
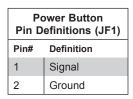


Figure 4-1. JF1: Control Panel Pins

Power Button

The Power Button connection is located on pins 1 and 2 of JF1. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. This button can also be configured to function as a suspend button with a setting in the BIOS. To turn off the power when the system is in suspend mode, press the button for 4 seconds or longer. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.



Reset Button

The Reset Button connection is located on pins 3 and 4 of JF1. Attach it to a hardware reset switch on the computer case to reset the system. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Reset Button Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 3 | Reset |
| 4 | Ground |

Overheat (OH)/Fan Fail

Connect an LED cable to OH/Fan Fail connections on pins 7 and 8 of JF1 to provide warnings for chassis overheat and fan failure. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| OH/Fan Fail Indicator Pin Definitions | |
|--|------------|
| Status | Definition |
| Off | Normal |
| On | Overheat |
| Flashing | Fan Fail |

| OH/Fan Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|--|-----------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 7 | +3.3V |
| 8 | OH/Fan Fail LED |

NIC1/NIC2 (LAN1/LAN2)

The NIC (Network Interface Controller) LED connection for LAN port 1 is located on pins 11 and 12 of JF1, and the LED connection for LAN Port 2 is on pins 9 and 10. Attach NIC LED cables to NIC1 and NIC2 LED indicators to display network activities. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| LAN1/LAN2 LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|--|------------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 9/11 | 3.3V Stby |
| 10/12 | NIC Activity LED |

HDD LED

The HDD LED connection is located on pins 13 and 14 of JF1. Attach a cable here to show hard drive activity status. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| HDD LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|
| Pin# Definition | |
| 13 | +3.3V Stdby |
| 14 | HDD Active |

Power Fail LED

The Power LED connection is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Power Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | | |
|---|-----------------|--|
| Pins | Pins Definition | |
| 15 | +3.3V Stby | |
| 16 | PWR LED | |

Power LED

The Power LED connection is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Power LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 15 | +3.3V Stby |
| 16 | PWR LED |

4.3 Rear I/O Ports

The following rear input/output ports are provided by the motherboard.

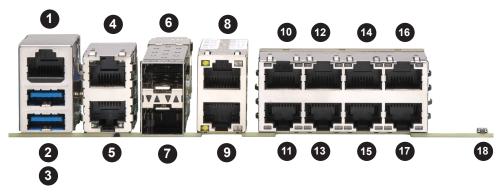


Figure 4-2. Rear I/O Ports

| Item | Description | Item | Description | Item | Description | Item | Description |
|------|---------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|------|-------------|
| 1. | COM1 | 6. | SFP+ LAN13 | 11. | LAN2 | 16. | LAN9 |
| 2. | USB5 (USB3.0) | 7. | SFP+ LAN12 | 12. | LAN5 | 17. | LAN8 |
| 3. | USB4 (USB3.0) | 8. | LAN11 | 13. | LAN4 | 18. | UID Switch |
| 4. | IPMI LAN | 9. | LAN10 | 14. | LAN7 | | |
| 5. | LAN1 | 10. | LAN3 | 15. | LAN6 | | |

LAN Ports

The motherboard has 13 LAN ports. LAN1 is a 1G port, LAN2/LAN3 are 10G SFP+ ports, and LAN4 - LAN13 are 10G ports. In addition to the LAN ports, the motherboard offers a dedicated IPMI LAN port. Refer to the table below for the pin definitions.

| | LAN Port Pin Definition | | | |
|------|----------------------------|------|------------|--|
| Pin# | Definition | Pin# | Definition | |
| 1 | TX_D1+ | 5 | BI_D3- | |
| 2 | TX_D1- | 6 | RX_D2- | |
| 3 | RX_D2+ | 7 | BI_D4+ | |
| 4 | BI_D3+ | 8 | BI_D4- | |

COM Port/Header

The motherboard has one COM port on the back panel I/O and one COM header on the motherboard to provide serial connections.

| COM Port Pin Definitions | | | |
|---------------------------------|---------|----|---------|
| Pin# Definition Pin# Definition | | | |
| 1 | SP_DCDA | 6 | SP_DSRA |
| 2 | SP_RXDA | 7 | SP_RTSA |
| 3 | SP_TXDA | 8 | SP_STSA |
| 4 | SP_DTRA | 9 | SP_RIA |
| 5 | GND | 10 | NC |

Universal Serial Bus (USB) Ports

The motherboard has two USB 3.1 Gen 1 ports (USB4/5) on the I/O back panel. There are two USB 2.0 headers (USB0/1, USB2/3). These onboard headers can be used to provide front side USB access with a cable (not included).

| USB4/5 (USB 3.1 Type A) Pin Definitions | | | |
|---|-------|---|-------|
| Pin# Definition Pin# Definition | | | |
| 1 | VBUS | 5 | SSRX- |
| 2 | USB_N | 6 | SSRX+ |
| 3 | USB_P | 7 | GND |
| 4 | GND | 8 | SSTX- |
| | | 9 | SSTX+ |

| | Front Panel USB 2.0 Header Pin Definitions | | | |
|---------------------------------|--|----|---------|--|
| Pin# Definition Pin# Definition | | | | |
| 1 | +5V | 2 | +5V | |
| 3 | USB_PN2 | 4 | USB_PN3 | |
| 5 | USB_PP2 | 6 | USB_PP3 | |
| 7 | Ground | 8 | Ground | |
| 9 | Key | 10 | Ground | |

Unit Identifier Button/UID LED Indicator

A Unit Identifier (UID) button and an LED indicator are located on the motherboard. The UID button is located at UID and control panel. The UID LED is located LED2, next to the onboard UID switch. When you press the UID button, the UID LED will be turned on. Press the UID button again to turn off the LED indicator. The UID Indicator provides easy identification of a system unit that may be in need of service.

Note: UID can also be triggered via IPMI on the motherboard. For more information on IPMI, please refer to the IPMI User's Guide posted on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/.

| UID Button Pin Definitions | | |
|-------------------------------|-----------|--|
| Pin# Definition | | |
| 1 | Ground | |
| 2 | Ground | |
| 3 | Button In | |
| 4 | Button In | |

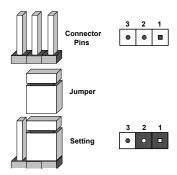
| UID LED Pin Definitions | | |
|----------------------------|--|--|
| Color Status | | |
| Blue: On Unit Identified | | |

4.4 Jumpers

Explanation of Jumpers

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers are used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function associated with it. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the motherboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On a two-pin jumper, "Closed" means the jumper is on both pins and "Open" indicates the jumper is either on only one pin or has been completely removed.



CMOS Clear

JBT1 is used to clear CMOS, which also clears any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS.

To Clear CMOS

- 1. Power down the system and unplug the power cord(s).
- 2. Remove the cover of the chassis to access the motherboard.
- 3. Remove the onboard battery from the motherboard.
- 4. Short the CMOS pads with a metal object such as a small screwdriver for at least four seconds.
- 5. Remove the screwdriver (or shorting device).
- 6. Replace the cover, reconnect the power cord(s) and power on the system.

Notes: Clearing CMOS will also clear all passwords.

Do not use the PW_ON connector to clear CMOS.



SMBus to PCI-E Slots

Jumpers JI2C1 and JI2C2 allow you to connect the System Management Bus (I2C) to the PCI-E slots. Both jumpers must be set to the same setting (JI2C1 controls the clock and JI2C2 controls the data).

| SMBus to PCI-E Slots Jumper Settings | | |
|---|---------|--|
| Jumper Setting Definition | | |
| Pins 1-2 | Enabled | |
| Pins 2-3 Disabled | | |

Manufacturing Mode Select

Close pins 2-3 of jumper JPME2 to bypass SPI flash security and force the system to operate in the manufacturing mode, which will allow the user to flash the system firmware from a host server for system setting modifications. Refer to the table below for jumper settings.

| Manufacturing Mode Jumper Settings | | |
|---------------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Jumper Setting Definition | | |
| Pins 1-2 | Normal (Default) | |
| Pins 2-3 Manufacturing Mode | | |

VGA Enable/Disable

JPG1 allows you to enable or disable the VGA port using the onboard graphics controller. The default setting is Enabled.

| VGA Enable/Disable Jumper Settings | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 | Enabled (Default) |
| Pins 2-3 | Disabled |

I²C Bus for VRM

Jumper JVRM1 allows the BMC or the PCH to access CPU and memory VRM controllers. Refer to the table below for jumper settings.

| VRM Jumper Settings | |
|------------------------|---------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 | BMC (Default) |
| Pins 2-3 | PCH |

Watch Dog Timer

JWD1 controls the Watch Dog function. Watch Dog is a monitor that can reboot the system when a software application hangs. Jumping pins 1-2 will cause Watch Dog to reset the system if an application hangs. Jumping pins 2-3 will generate a non-maskable interrupt signal for the application that hangs. Watch Dog must also be enabled in BIOS.

Note: When Watch Dog is enabled, users need to write their own application software to disable it.

| Watch Dog Jumper Settings | |
|------------------------------|-----------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 | Reset (Default) |
| Pins 2-3 | NMI |
| Open | Disabled |

LAN Port Enable/Disable

Change the setting of jumpers JPL1 for LAN1, JPL2 for LAN2 - LAN5, and JPL3 for LAN6 - LAN9 to enable or disable the LAN ports.

| LAN Port Enable/Disable Jumper Settings | |
|--|-------------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 | Enabled (Default) |
| Pins 2-3 | Disabled |

TPM Enable

Use JPT1 to enable or disable support for the TPM module. Refer to the table below for jumper settings.

| TPM Enable/Disable Jumper Settings | |
|------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 | Enabled (Default) |
| Pins 2-3 | Disabled |

USB Wake Up

Use the JPUSB1 jumper to enable system wake up via a USB device. This jumper allows you to wake up the system by pressing a key on the USB keyboard or by clicking the USB mouse of your system. The JPUSB1 jumper is used together with the USB Wake Up function in the BIOS. Enable both the jumper and the BIOS setting to activate this function. When the USB Wake Up function is enabled, it will be active on all USB ports. See the table below for jumper settings.

| USB Wake Up Jumper Settings | |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 | Enabled (Default) |
| Pins 2-3 | Disabled |

M.2 SMBus Enable/Disable

Use J1 to enable or disable the M.2 SMBus. Refer to the table below for jumper settings.

| M.2 SMBus Enable/Disable Jumper Settings | |
|---|-------------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 | Enabled (Default) |
| Pins 2-3 | Disabled |

IPMI Share LAN Enable/Disable

Set the JBM1 jumper to enabled to share i210 LAN with IPMI.

| IPMI Share LAN Enable/Disable Jumper Settings | |
|--|-------------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 (Open) | Enabled (Default) |
| Pins 1-2 (Short) | Disabled |

IPMI Dedicated/Share LAN Enable/Disable

Use JBM2 to enable or disable the dedicated IPMI LAN port. Refer to the table below for jumper settings.

| IPMI Dedicated/Share LAN Enable/Disable Jumper Settings | |
|---|-------------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 (Open) | Enabled (Default) |
| Pins 1-2 (Short) | Disabled |

4.5 LED Indicators

LAN LEDs

Thirteen LAN ports (LAN1 - LAN13) are located on the I/O back panel. Each LAN port has two LEDs. The yellow LED indicates activity, while the other Link LED may be green, amber, or off to indicate the speed of the connection. Refer to the tables below for more information

| LAN Activity LEDs (Left) LED State | | |
|------------------------------------|----------|------------|
| Color | Status | Definition |
| Amber/Green | Flashing | Active |

| LAN Link LEDs (Right) LED State | |
|------------------------------------|---------------|
| LED Color Definition | |
| Off | No Connection |
| Amber | 1 Gbps |
| Green | 10 Gbps |

Onboard Power LED

LED1 is an Onboard Power LED. When this LED is lit, it means power is present on the motherboard. In suspend mode, this LED will blink on and off. Be sure to turn off the system and unplug the power cord(s) before removing or installing components.

| Onboard Power LED Indicator | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| LED Color Definition | |
| Off | System Off (power cable not connected) |
| Green | System On |

BMC Heartbeat LED

LEDM1 is the BMC heartbeat LED. When the LED is blinking green, BMC is working. Refer to the table below for the LED status.

| BMC Heartbeat LED Indicator | |
|-----------------------------|------------|
| LED Color | Definition |
| Blinking Green | BMC Normal |

Overheat/Power Fail/Fan Fail LED

When the light for LED3 is solid red, it means overheating. When the LED is blinking red, it means a power failure or fan failure.

| Overheat/Power Fail/Fan Fail LED Indicator | | |
|---|----------------|--|
| LED Color | Definition | |
| Solid Red | Overheat | |
| Blinking | Power Failure/ | |
| Red | Fan Failure | |

Chapter 5

Software

After the hardware has been installed, you can install the Operating System (OS), configure RAID settings, and install the drivers.

5.1 Driver Installation

The Supermicro website contains drivers and utilities for your system at https://www.supermicro.com/wftp. Some of these must be installed, such as the chipset driver.

After accessing the website, go into the CDR_Images directory and locate the ISO file for your motherboard. Download this file to create a DVD of the drivers and utilities it contains. (You may also use a utility to extract the ISO file if preferred.)

After creating a DVD with the ISO files, insert the disk into the DVD drive on your system and the display shown in Figure 5-1 should appear.

Another option is to go to the Supermicro website at http://www.supermicro.com/products/. Find the product page for your motherboard here, where you may download individual drivers and utilities to your hard drive or a USB flash drive and install from there.

Note: To install the Windows OS, please refer to the instructions posted on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/.

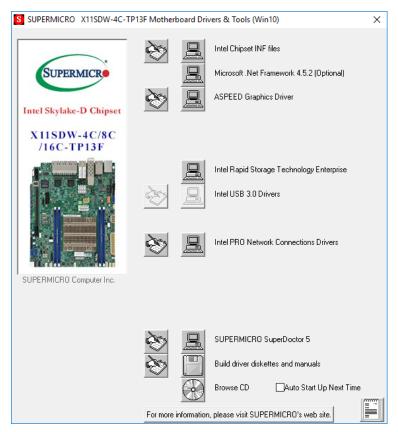


Figure 5-1. Driver & Tool Installation Screen

Note: Click the icons showing a hand writing on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items to install each item (from top to the bottom) one at a time. **After installing each item, you must re-boot the system before moving on to the next item on the list.** The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents.

5.2 SuperDoctor® 5

The Supermicro SuperDoctor 5 is a program that functions in a command-line or web-based interface for Windows and Linux operating systems. The program monitors such system health information as CPU temperature, system voltages, system power consumption, fan speed, and provides alerts via email or Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

SuperDoctor 5 comes in local and remote management versions and can be used with Nagios to maximize your system monitoring needs. With SuperDoctor 5 Management Server (SSM Server), you can remotely control power on/off and reset chassis intrusion for multiple systems with SuperDoctor 5 or IPMI. SuperDoctor 5 Management Server monitors HTTP, FTP, and SMTP services to optimize the efficiency of your operation.

Note: The default User Name and Password for SuperDoctor 5 is ADMIN.

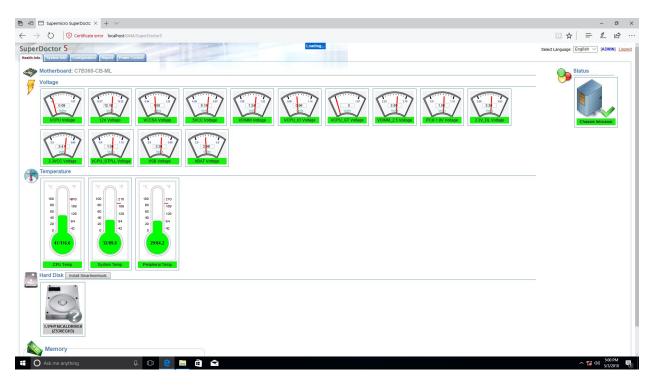


Figure 5-2. SuperDoctor 5 Interface Display Screen (Health Information)

5.3 IPMI

The X11SDW-4C-TP13F, X11SDW-8C-TP13F, X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F, and X11SDW-16C-TP13F motherboards support the Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI). IPMI is used to provide remote access, monitoring and management. There are several BIOS settings that are related to IPMI.

For general documentation and information on IPMI, please visit our website at: http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/IPMI.cfm.

Chapter 6

UEFI BIOS

6.1 Introduction

This chapter describes the AMI BIOS setup utility for the X11SDW-4C-TP13F, X11SDW-8C-TP13F, X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F, and X11SDW-16C-TP13F and provides the instructions on navigating the setup screens. The BIOS is stored in a Flash EEPROM and can be updated.

Note: Due to periodic changes to the BIOS, some settings may have been added or deleted since this manual was published.

Starting BIOS Setup Utility

To enter the AMI BIOS setup utility screens, press the <Delete> key while the system is booting up. (There are a few cases when other keys are used, such as <F1>, <F2>, etc.)

The BIOS screens have three main frames. The large left frame displays options can be configured by the user. These are blue. When an option is selected, it is highlighted in white. Settings printed in **Bold** are the default values.

In the left frame, a "▶" indicates a submenu. Highlighting such an item and pressing the <Enter> key opens the list of settings in that submenu.

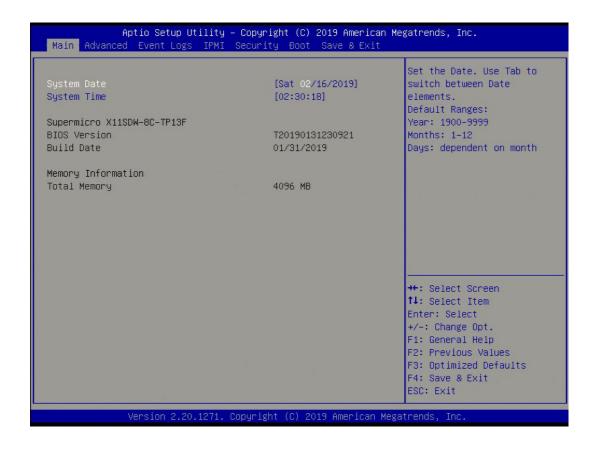
The upper right frame displays helpful information for the user. The AMI BIOS has default informational messages built in. The manufacturer retains the option to include, omit, or change any of these informational messages.

The lower right frame lists navigational methods. The AMI BIOS setup utility uses a key-based navigation system called *hot keys*. Most of these hot keys can be used at any time during setup navigation. These keys include <F3>, <F4>, <Enter>, <ESC>, arrow keys, etc.

Some system parameters may be changed.

6.2 Main Setup

When you first enter the AMI BIOS setup utility, you will enter the Main setup screen. You can always return to the Main setup screen by selecting the Main tab on the top of the screen. The Main BIOS setup screen is shown below and the following features will be displayed:



The Main tab page allows you to set the date and time, and it displays system information.

System Date/System Time

Use this option to change the system date and time. Highlight *System Date* or *System Time* using the arrow keys. Enter new values using the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the arrow keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YYYY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format.

Note: The time is in the 24-hour format. For example, 5:30 P.M. appears as 17:30:00. The date's default value is 01/01/2016 after RTC reset.

Supermicro X11SDW-4C-TP13F, X11SDW-8C-TP13F, X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F, or X11SDW-16C-TP13F

BIOS Version

This feature displays the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system.

Build Date

This feature displays the date when the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system was built.

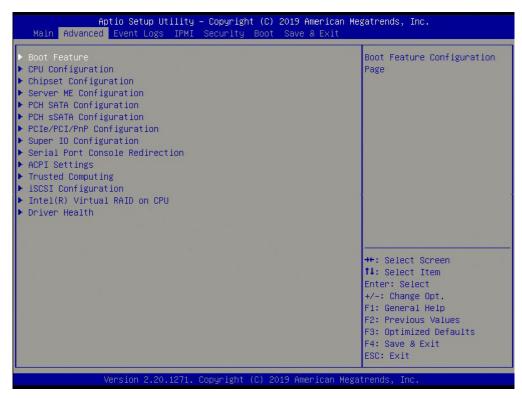
Memory Information

Total Memory

This feature displays the total size of memory available in the system.

6.3 Advanced Setup Configurations

Use the arrow keys to select the Advanced tab and press <Enter> to access the submenu items.



Caution: Take caution when changing the Advanced settings. An incorrect value, a very high DRAM frequency, or an incorrect DRAM timing setting may make the system unstable. If this occurs, revert to the manufacture default settings.

▶Boot Feature

Quiet Boot

Use this feature to select the screen display between POST messages or the OEM logo at bootup. Select Disabled to display the POST messages. Select Enabled to display the OEM logo instead of the normal POST messages. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Option ROM Messages

Use this feature to set the display mode for the Option ROM. The options are **Force BIOS** and Keep Current.

Bootup NumLock State

Use this feature to set the Power-on state for the Numlock key. The options are Off and On.

Wait For "F1" If Error

This feature forces the system to wait until the F1 key is pressed if an error occurs. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

INT19 Trap Response

Interrupt 19 is the software interrupt that handles the boot disk function. When this feature is set to Immediate, the ROM BIOS of the host adaptors will "capture" Interrupt 19 at bootup immediately and allow the drives that are attached to these host adaptors to function as bootable disks. If this feature is set to Postponed, the ROM BIOS of the host adaptors will not capture Interrupt 19 immediately and allow the drives attached to these adaptors to function as bootable devices at bootup. The options are **Immediate** and Postponed.

Re-try Boot

If this feature is enabled, the BIOS will automatically reboot the system from a specified boot device after its initial boot failure. The options are **Disabled** and EFI Boot.

Port 61h bit-4 Emulation

Select Enabled to enable the emulation of Port 61h bit-4 toggling in SMM (System Management Mode). The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Power Configuration

Watch Dog Function

If enabled, the Watch Dog timer will allow the system to reboot when it is inactive for more than five minutes. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Power Button Function

This feature controls how the system shuts down when the power button is pressed. Select 4 Seconds Override for the user to power off the system after pressing and holding the power button for four seconds or longer. Select Instant Off to instantly power off the system as soon as the user presses the power button. The options are **Instant Off** and 4 Seconds Override.

Restore on AC Power Loss

Use this feature to set the power state after a power outage. Select Power Off for the system power to remain off after a power loss. Select Power On for the system power to be turned on after a power loss. Select Last State to allow the system to resume its last power state before a power loss. The options are Stay Off, Power On, and **Last State**.

▶CPU Configuration

The following CPU information will display:

- Processor BSP Revision
- Processor Socket
- Processor ID
- Processor Frequency

- Processor Max Ratio
- Processor Min Ratio
- Microcode Revision
- L1 Cache RAM
- L2 Cache RAM
- L3 Cache RAM
- Processor 0 Version

Hyper-Threading (ALL)

Select Enabled to support Intel Hyper-threading Technology to enhance CPU performance. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Cores Enabled

Set a numeric value to enable the number of cores. Refer to Intel's website for more information. Enter **0** to enable all cores.

Execute Disable Bit (Available if supported by the OS & the CPU)

Set to Enable for Execute Disable Bit support, which will allow the processor to designate areas in the system memory where an application code can execute and where it cannot, thus preventing a worm or a virus from flooding illegal codes to overwhelm the processor or damage the system during a virus attack. The options are Disable and **Enable**. Refer to Intel and Microsoft websites for more information.

Intel Virtualization Technology

Use this feature to enable the Vanderpool Technology. This technology allows the system to run several operating systems simultaneously. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

PPIN Control

Select Unlock/Enable to use the Protected Processor Inventory Number (PPIN) in the system. The options are Unlock/Disable and **Unlock/Enable**.

Hardware Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

If set to Enable, the hardware prefetcher will prefetch streams of data and instructions from the main memory to the L2 cache to improve CPU performance. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Adjacent Cache Prefetch (Available when supported by the CPU)

The CPU prefetches the cache line for 64 bytes if this feature is set to Disabled. The CPU prefetches both cache lines for 128 bytes as comprised if this feature is set to Enable. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

DCU Streamer Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

Select Enable to enable the DCU (Data Cache Unit) Streamer Prefetcher which will stream and prefetch data and send it to the Level 1 data cache to improve data processing and system performance. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

DCU IP Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

Select Enable for DCU (Data Cache Unit) IP Prefetcher support, which will prefetch IP addresses to improve network connectivity and system performance. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

LLC Prefetch

If set to Enable, the hardware prefetcher will prefetch streams of data and instructions from the main memory to the L3 cache to improve CPU performance. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

Extended APIC

Select Enable to activate APIC (Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller) support. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

AES-NI

Select Enable to use the Intel Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) New Instructions (NI) to ensure data security. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

► Advanced Power Management Configuration

Power Technology

This feature allows you to configure CPU power management settings. The options are Disable, **Energy Efficient**, and Custom.

*If the feature above is set to Custom, the following features will be available for configuration:

Power Performance Tuning

This feature allows you to set whether the operating system or the BIOS controls the Energy Performance BIAS (EPB). The options are **OS Controls EPB** and BIOS Controls EPB.

*If the feature above is set to BIOS Controls EPB, the following features will be available for configuration:

ENERGY_PERF_BIAS_CFG Mode

The Energy Perfomance BIAS (EPB) feature allows you to configure CPU power and performance settings. Select Maximum Performance to set the highest performance. Select Performance to optimize performance over energy efficiecy. Select Balanced Perfomance to prioritize performance optimization while conserving energy. Select Balanced Power to prioritize energy conservation while maintaining good performance. Select Power to optimize energy efficiency over performance. The options are Maximum Performance, Performance, Balanced Power, and Power.

► CPU P State Control

This feature allows you to configure the following CPU power settings:

Uncore Freq Scaling (UFS)

Use this feature to enable or disable uncore frequency scaling. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

SpeedStep (Pstates)

Intel SpeedStep Technology allows the system to automatically adjust processor voltage and core frequency to reduce power consumption and heat dissipation. The options are Disable and **Enable**. This feature must be set to Enable to be able to configure the next two features.

Config TDP

Use this feature to cofigure the TDP level. The options are **Nominal**, Level 1, and Level 2.

EIST PSD Funtion

This feature allows you to choose between Hardware and Software to control the processor's frequency and performance (P-state). In HW_ALL mode, the processor hardware is responsible for coordinating the P-state, and the OS is responsible for keeping the P-state request up to date on all Logical Processors. In SW_ALL mode, the OS Power Manager is responsible for coordinating the P-state, and must initiate the transition on all Logical Processors. In SW_ANY mode, the OS Power Manager is responsible for coordinating the P-state and may initiate the transition on any Logical Processors. The options are **HW_ALL**, SW_ALL, and SW_ANY.

Energy Efficient Turbo

Use this feature to enable or disable energy efficient turbo. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Turbo Mode

This feature will enable dynamic control of the processor, allowing it to run above stock frequency. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

► Hardware PM State Control

Hardware P-States

This setting allows you to select between OS and hardware-controlled P-states. Selecting Native Mode allows the OS to choose a P-state. Selecting Out of Band Mode allows the hardware to autonomously choose a P-state without OS guidance. Selecting Native Mode with No Legacy Support functions as Native Mode with no support for older hardware. The options are **Disable**, Native Mode, Out of Band Mode, and Native Mode with No Legacy Support.

► CPU C State Control

Autonomous Core C-State

Enabling this setting allows the hardware to autonomously choose to enter a C-state based on power consumption and clock speed. The options are **Disable** and Enable. This feature must be set to Disable to be able to configure the next two features.

CPU C6 report

Select Enable to allow the BIOS to report the CPU C6 State (ACPI C3) to the operating system. During the CPU C6 State, the power to all cache is turned off. The options are Disable, Enable, and **Auto**.

Enhanced Halt State (C1E)

Select Enable to use Enhanced Halt State technology, which will significantly reduce the CPU's power consumption by reducing its clock cycle and voltage during a Halt state. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

► Package C State Control

Package C State

This feature allows you to set the limit on the C State package register. The options are C0/C1 State, C2 State, C6 (Non Retention) State, C6 (Retention) State, No Limit, and Auto.

► CPU T State Control

Software Controlled T-States

Use this feature to enable Software Controlled T-States. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

▶Chipset Configuration

Warning: Setting the wrong values in the sections below may cause the system to malfunction.

▶North Bridge Configuration

► Memory Configuration

Enforce POR

Select POR (Plan of Record) to enforce POR restrictions on DDR4 frequency and voltage programming. The options are **POR** and Disable.

Memory Frequency

Use this feature to set the maximum memory frequency for onboard memory modules. The options are **Auto**, 2133, 2400, and 2666.

Data Scrambling for DDR4

Use this feature to enable or disable data scrambling for DDR4 memory. The options are **Auto**, Disable, and Enable.

tCCD_L Relaxation

Select Auto to get TCDD settings from SPD (Serial Presence Detect) into memory RC code to improve system reliability. Select Disable for TCCD to follow Intel POR. The options are Disable and **Auto**.

2X REFRESH

Use this feature to select the memory controller refresh rate to 2x refresh mode. The options are **Auto** and Enable.

► Memory Topology

This feature displays the information of onboard memory modules detected by the BIOS.

► Memory RAS Configuration

Static Virtual Lockstep Mode

Select Enable to run the system's memory channels in lockstep mode to minimize memory access latency. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

Mirror Mode

This feature allows memory to be mirrored between two channels, providing 100% redundancy. The options are **Disable** and Enable Mirror Mode (1LM).

Memory Rank Sparing

Select Enable to enable memory-sparing support for memory ranks to improve memory performance. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

*If the feature above is set to Enable, Multi Rank Sparing will be available for configuration:

Multi Rank Sparing

Use this feature to indicate how many memory ranks to reserve in case of memory failure. The options are One Rank and **Two Rank**.

Correctable Error Threshold

Use this feature to specify the threshold value for correctable memory error logging, which sets a limit on the maximum number of events that can be logged in the memory error log at a given time. The default setting is **100**.

SDDC

Single device data correction +1 (SDDC Plus One) organizes data in a single bundle (x4/x8 DRAM). If any or all of the bits become corrupted, corrections occur. The x4 condition is corrected on all cases. The x8 condition is corrected only if the system is in Lockstep Mode. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

ADDDC Sparing

Adaptive Double Device Data Correction (ADDDC) Sparing detects when the predetermined threshold for correctable errors is reached, copying the contents of the failing DIMM to spare memory. The failing DIMM or memory rank will then be disabled. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

Patrol Scrub

Patrol Scrub is a process that allows the CPU to correct correctable memory errors detected on a memory module and send the correction to the requestor (the original source). When this feature is set to Enable, the IO hub will read and write back one cache line every 16K cycles if there is no delay caused by internal processing. By using this method, roughly 64 GB of memory behind the IO hub will be scrubbed every day. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

*If the feature above is set to Enable, Patrol Scrub Interval will be available for configuration:

Patrol Scrub Interval

This feature allows you to decide how many hours the system should wait before the next complete patrol scrub is performed. Use the keyboard to enter a value from 0-24. The default setting is **24**.

▶IIO Configuration

EV DFX Features

When this feature is set to Enable, the EV_DFX Lock Bits that are located on a processor will always remain clear during electric tuning. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

▶CPU Configuration

IOU0 (II0 PCIe Br1)

Use this feature to configure the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

IOU1 (II0 PCIe Br2)

Use this feature to configure the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

IOU2 (II0 PCIe Br3)

Use this feature to configure the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

► RSU-R1UW-2E16 SLOT1 / RSU-R1UW-2E16 SLOT2 (Option Riser Card)

Link Speed

Use this feature to select the link speed for this port. The options are **Auto**, Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s), Gen 2 (5GT/s), and Gen 3 (GT/s).

PCI-E Port Link Status

This feature shows the status of the device plugged into this slot.

PCI-E Port Link Max

This feature shows the status of the device plugged into this slot.

PCI-E Port Link Speed

This feature shows the status of the device plugged into this slot.

PCI-E Port Max Payload Size

Use this feature to select the maximum payload size for this port. The options are 128B, 256B, and **Auto.**

►IOAT Configuration

Disable TPH

Transparent Huge Pages (TPH) is a Linux memory management system that enables communication in larger blocks (pages). Enabling this feature will increase performance. The options are **No** and Yes.

*If the feature above is set to No, Relax Ordering will be available for configuration:

Prioritize TPH

Select Yes to prioritize TPL requests that will allow the hints to be sent to help facilitate and optimize the processing of certain transactions in the system memory. The options are Enable and **Disable.**

Relaxed Ordering

Select Enable to enable Relaxed Ordering support, which will allow certain transactions to violate the strict-ordering rules of PCI bus for a transaction to be completed prior to other transactions that have already been enqueued. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

►Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

Select Enable to use Intel Virtualization Technology for Direct I/O VT-d support by reporting the I/O device assignments to the VMM (Virtual Machine Monitor) through the DMAR ACPI tables. This feature offers fully-protected I/O resource sharing across Intel platforms, providing greater reliability, security, and availability in networking and data-sharing. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

*If the feature above is set to Enable, the five features below will be available for configuration:

Interrupt Remapping

Use this feature to enable Interrupt Remapping support, which detects and controls external interrupt requests. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

PassThrough DMA

Use this feature to allow devices such as network cards to access the system memory without using a processor. Select Enable to use the Non-Isoch VT-d Engine Pass Through Direct Memory Access (DMA) support. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

ATS

Use this feature to enable Non-Isoch VT-d Engine Address Translation Services (ATS) support. ATS translates virtual addresses to physical addresses. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Posted Interrupt

Use this feature to enable VT-d Posted Interrupt. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Coherency Support (Non-Isoch)

Use this feature to maintain setting coherency between processors or other devices. Select Enable for the Non-Isoch VT-d engine to pass through DMA to enhance system performance. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

►Intel® VMD Technology

Note: After you've enabled VMD on a PCI-E slot of your choice, this PCI-E slot will be dedicated for NVMe storage devices use only, and it will no longer support PCI-E devices of other functionalities. To re-activate this slot for PCI-E use, please disable VMD.

►Intel® VMD for Volume Management Device on CPU

VMD Config for PStack0

Intel® VMD for Volume Management Device

Select Enable to use the Intel Volume Management Device Technology for this stack. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

*If the feature "Intel VMD for Volume Management Device" above is set to Enable, the following features will be available for configuration:

RSC-R1UW-2E16 SLOT1 VMD (Available when detected by the system)

Select Enable to use the Intel Volume Management Device Technology for this specific root port. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

Hot Plug Capable (Available when the device is detected by the system)

Use this feature to enable hot plug support for PCle root ports 1A~1D. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

VMD Config for PStack1

Intel® VMD for Volume Management Device

Select Enable to use the Intel Volume Management Device Technology for this stack. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

*If the feature "Intel VMD for Volume Management Device" above is set to Enable, the following features will be available for configuration:

RSC-R1UW-2E16 SLOT2 VMD (Available when detected by the system)

Select Enable to use the Intel Volume Management Device Technology for this specific root port. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

Hot Plug Capable (Available when the device is detected by the system)

Use this feature to enable hot plug support for PCle root ports 2A~2D. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

PCI-E Completion Timeout Disable

Use this feature to enable PCI-E Completion Timeout support for electric tuning. The options are Yes, **No**, and Per-Port.

▶ South Bridge Configuration

The following South Bridge information will display:

- USB Module Version
- USB Devices

Legacy USB Support

Select Enabled to support onboard legacy USB devices. Select Auto to disable legacy support if there are no legacy USB devices present. Select Disable to have all USB devices available for EFI applications only. The options are **Enabled**, Disabled, and Auto.

XHCI Hand-off

This is a workaround solution for operating systems that do not support XHCI (Extensible Host Controller Interface) hand-off. The XHCI ownership change should be claimed by the XHCI driver. The settings are Enabled and **Disabled**.

Port 60/64 Emulation

Select Enabled for I/O port 60h/64h emulation support, which in turn will provide complete legacy USB keyboard support for the operating systems that do not support legacy USB devices. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

▶Server ME Configuration

- General ME Configuration
- Oper. Firmware Version
- Backup Firmware Version
- Recovery Firmware Version
- ME Firmware Status #1
- ME Firmware Status #2
- Current State
- Error Code

▶PCH SATA Configuration

When this submenu is selected, the AMI BIOS automatically detects the presence of the SATA devices that are supported by the Intel PCH chip and displays the following features:

SATA Controller

Use this feature to enable or disable the onboard SATA controller supported by the Intel PCH chip. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

*If the feature above is set to enabled, SATA HDD Unlock is available for configuration:

SATA HDD Unlock

This feature allows you to remove any password-protected SATA disk drives. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Aggressive Link Power Management

When this feature is set to Enable, the SATA AHCI controller manages the power usage of the SATA link. The controller will put the link in a low power mode during extended periods of I/O inactivity, and will return the link to an active state when I/O activity resumes. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

SATA Port 4

This feature displays the information detected on the installed SATA drive on the particular SATA port.

- Model number of drive and capacity
- Software Preserve Support

SATA Port 4 Hot Plug

Set this feature to Enable for hot plug support, which will allow the user to replace a SATA drive without shutting down the system. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

SATA Port 4 Spin Up Device

Set this feature to enable or disable the PCH to initialize the device. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

SATA Port 4 SATA Device Type

Use this feature to specify if the SATA port specified by the user should be connected to a Solid State Drive or a Hard Disk Drive. The options are **Hard Disk Drive** and Solid State Drive.

▶PCH sSATA Configuration

When this submenu is selected, the AMI BIOS automatically detects the presence of the SATA devices that are supported by the Intel PCH chip and displays the following features:

sSATA Controller

This feature enables or disables the onboard sSATA controller supported by the Intel PCH chip. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Configure sSATA as

Select AHCI to configure an sSATA drive specified by the user as an AHCI drive. Select RAID to configure an sSATA drive specified by the user as a RAID drive. The options are **AHCI** and RAID.

SATA HDD Unlock

This feature allows you to remove any password-protected SATA disk drives. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

*If the feature "Configure sSATA as" above is set to RAID, the next two features will be available for configuration:

sSATA RSTe Boot Info

Select Enable to provide full int13h support for the devices attached to sSATA controller. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

sSATA RAID Option ROM/UEFI Driver

Select UEFI to load the EFI driver for system boot. Select Legacy to load a legacy driver for system boot. The options are Disable, EFI, and **Legacy**.

Aggressive Link Power Management

When this feature is set to Enable, the SATA AHCI controller manages the power usage of the SATA link. The controller will put the link in a low power mode during extended periods of I/O inactivity and will return the link to an active state when I/O activity resumes. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

sSATA Port 0 ~ Port 4

This feature displays the information detected on the installed sSATA drive on the particular sSATA port.

- Model number of drive and capacity
- Software Preserve Support

Port 0 ~ Port 4 Hot Plug

Set this feature to Enable for hot plug support, which will allow the user to replace a SATA drive without shutting down the system. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Port 0 ~ Port 4 Spin Up Device

Set this feature to enable or disable the PCH to initialize the device. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

Port 0 ~ Port 4 sSATA Device Type

Use this feature to specify if the SATA port specified by the user should be connected to a Solid State Drive or a Hard Disk Drive. The options are **Hard Disk Drive** and Solid State Drive.

▶PCle/PCI/PnP Configuration

The following information will display:

- PCI Bus Driver Version
- PCI Devices Common Settings:

Above 4G Decoding (Available if the system supports 64-bit PCI decoding)

Select Enabled to decode a PCI device that supports 64-bit in the space above 4G Address. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

SR-IOV Support

Use this feature to enable or disable Single Root IO Virtualization Support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

BME DMA Mitigation

Enable this feature to help block DMA attacks. The options are Enabled and Disabled.

MMIO High Base

Use this feature to select the base memory size according to memory-address mapping for the IO hub. The options are **56T**, 40T, 24T, 16T, 4T, and 1T.

MMIO High Granularity Size

Use this feature to select the high memory size according to memory-address mapping for the IO hub. The options are 1G, 4G, 16G, 64G, **256G**, and 1024G.

Maximum Read Request

Use this feature to select the Maximum Read Request size of the PCI-Express device, or select Auto to allow the System BIOS to determine the value. The options are **Auto**, 128 Bytes, 256 Bytes, 512 Bytes, 1024 Bytes, 2048 Bytes, and 4096 Bytes.

MMCFG Base

Use this feature to select the low base address for PCI-E adapters to increase base memory. The options are 1G, 1.5G, 1.75G, **2G**, 2.25G, and 3G.

NVMe Firmware Source

Use this feature to select the NVMe firmware to support booting. The default option, Vendor Defined Firmware, is pre-installed on the drive and may resolve errata or enable innovative functions for the drive. The other option, AMI Native Support, is offered by the BIOS with a generic method. The options are **Vendor Defined Firmware** and AMI Native Support.

VGA Priority

Use this feature to select VGA priority when multiple VGA devices are detected. Select Onboard to give priority to your onboard video device. Select Offboard to give priority to your graphics card. The options are **Onboard** and Offboard.

Consistent Device Name Support

Select enabled for the BIOS to consistently name network devices. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

JMD2: M.2-H PCI-E 3.0 X2 lane 1 Type

Use this feature to select the I/O type for this slot. The options are PCIE and USB 3.0.

JMD1: M.2-H PCI-E 3.0 X4 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

JMD2: M.2-H PCI-E 3.0 X2 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

JMD3: M.2-P PCI-E 3.0 X1 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

RSC-R1UW-2E16 SLOT1 PCI-E 3.0 X16 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

RSC-R1UW-2E16 SLOT2 PCI-E 3.0 X16 OPROM

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for the add-on card in this slot. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

Onboard LAN Option ROM Type

Use this feature to select which firmware type to be loaded for onboard LAN devices. The options **Legacy** and EFI. Select Legacy to display and configure the Onboard LAN1 ~ LAN13 Option ROM features.

Onboard LAN1 ~ LAN13 Option ROM

Use this feature to select which firmware function to be loaded for the specified LAN port used for system boot. The options are Disabled and **Legacy**.

Onboard Video Option ROM

Use this feature to select the Onboard Video Option ROM type. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

▶ Network Stack Configuration

Network Stack

Select Enabled to enable PXE (Preboot Execution Environment) or UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface) for network stack support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

*If the feature above is set to Enabled, the next six features will be available for configuration:

Ipv4 PXE Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 PXE boot support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Ipv4 HTTP Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv4 HTTP boot support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Ipv6 PXE Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 PXE boot support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Ipv6 HTTP Support

Select Enabled to enable IPv6 HTTP boot support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

PXE boot wait time

Use this option to specify the wait time to press the ESC key to abort the PXE boot. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is **0**.

Media detect count

Use this option to specify the number of times media will be checked. Press "+" or "-" on your keyboard to change the value. The default setting is 1.

▶Super IO Configuration

Super IO Chip AST2500

► Serial Port 1 Configuration

Serial Port 1

Select Enabled to enable the onboard serial port specified by the user. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled. Enable this feature for the next two features to display and only the Change Settings feature is available for configuration.

Device Settings

This feature displays the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of Serial Port 1. Select **Auto** for the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address to a serial port specified. The options are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=4), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=4), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=4), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=4).

► Serial Port 2 Configuration

Serial Port 2

Select Enabled to enable the onboard serial port specified by the user. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled. Enable this feature for the next two features to display and only the Change Settings feature is available for configuration.

Device Settings

This feature displays the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of Serial Port 1. Select **Auto** for the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address to a serial port specified. The options are **Auto**, (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3), (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3), (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3).

Serial Port 2 Attribute

Select SOL to use COM Port 2 as a Serial Over LAN (SOL) port for console redirection. The options are **SOL** and COM.

▶ Serial Port Console Redirection

COM₁

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable COM Port 1 for Console Redirection, which will allow a client machine to be connected to a host machine at a remote site for networking. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

*If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following features on the subsequent pages will become available for configuration:

▶ Console Redirection Settings

Terminal Type

This feature allows you to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, VT100+, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 and 8.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are 1 and 2.

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are **80x24** and 80x25.

Putty KeyPad

This feature selects Function Keys and KeyPad settings for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SCO, ESCN, and VT400.

Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to BootLoader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

SOL/COM2

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to use the SOL port for Console Redirection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled.**

*If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following features are available for configuration:

▶Console Redirection Settings

Use this feature to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

SOL/COM2

Terminal Type

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, VT100+, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 and 8.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are **80x24** and 80x25.

Putty KeyPad

This feature selects Function Keys and KeyPad settings for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SCO, ESCN, and VT400.

Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to BootLoader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and BootLoader.

Legacy Console Redirection

Redirection COM Port

Use this feature to select a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPROM messages. The options are **COM1** and SOL/COM2.

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

This submenu allows you to configure Console Redirection settings to support Out-of-Band Serial Port management.

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to use a COM port selected by the user for EMS Console Redirection. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

*If the feature above is set to Enabled, the following features are available for configuration:

▶ Console Redirection Settings

This feature allows you to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

Out-of-Band Mgmt Port

The feature selects a serial port in a client server to be used by the Microsoft Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) to communicate with a remote host server. The options are **COM1** and SOL/COM2.

Terminal Type

Use this feature to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the extended ASCII character set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, VT100+, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits per second

This feature sets the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 57600, and **115200** (bits per second).

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None**, Hardware RTS/CTS, and Software Xon/Xoff.

Data Bits

Parity

Stop Bits

► ACPI Settings

Use this feature to configure Advanced Configuration and Power Interface (ACPI) power management settings for your system.

Headless Support

Enable this feature for the system to function without a keyboard, monitor, or mouse attached. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

WHEA Support

Select Enabled to support the Windows Hardware Error Architecture (WHEA) platform and provide a common infrastructure for the system to handle hardware errors within the Windows OS environment in order to reduce system crashes and enhance system recovery and health monitoring. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

High Precision Event Timer

Select Enabled to activate the High Precision Event Timer (HPET) that produces periodic interrupts at a much higher frequency than a Real-time Clock (RTC) does in synchronizing multimedia streams, providing smooth playback and reducing the dependency on other timestamp calculation devices, such as an x86 RDTSC Instruction embedded in the CPU. The High Performance Event Timer is used to replace the 8254 Programmable Interval Timer. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

▶Trusted Computing

The X11SDW-4C/8C/14CNT/16C-TP13F supports TPM 1.2 and 2.0. The following Trusted Platform Module (TPM) information will display if a TPM 2.0 module is detected:

TPM20 Device Found

Vendor:

Frimware Version:

Security Device Support

If this feature and the TPM jumper on the motherboard are both set to Enabled, onboard security devices will be enabled for TPM support to enhance data integrity and network security. Reboot the system for a change on this setting to take effect. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

The following TPM information will be displayed:

- · Active PCR banks
- Available PCR banks

*If the feature "Security Device Support" is enabled, the following features are available for configuration:

SHA256 PCR Bank

Use this item to disable or enable the SHA256 Platform Configuration Register (PCR) bank for the installed TPM device. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Pending Operation

Use this feature to schedule a TPM-related operation to be performed by a security device for system data integrity. The options are **None** and TPM Clear.

Note: Your system will reboot to carry out a pending TPM operation.

Platform Hierarchy

Use this feature to disable or enable platform hierarchy for platform protection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Storage Hierarchy

Use this feature to disable or enable storage hierarchy for cryptographic protection. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Endorsement Hierarchy

Use this feature to disable or enable endorsement hierarchy for privacy control. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

PH Randomization

Use this feature to disable or enable Platform Hiearchy (PH) Randomization. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SMCI BIOS-Based TPM Provision Support

Use feature to enable the Supermicro TPM Provision support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

TXT Support

Intel TXT (Trusted Execution Technology) helps protect against software-based attacks and ensures protection, confidentiality and integrity of data stored or created on the system. Use this feature to enable or disable TXT Support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

▶iSCSI Configuration

iSCSI Initiator Name

This feature allows you to enter the unique name of the iSCSI Initiator in IQN format. Once the name of the iSCSI Initiator is entered into the system, configure the proper settings for the following features.

- ► Add an Attempt
- ► Delete Attempts
- ► Change Attempt Order

►Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU

Intel(R) VROC with VMD Technology 5.4.0.1039

RAID volume and Intel VMD Controller information will be displayed if they are detected by the system.

▶Driver Health

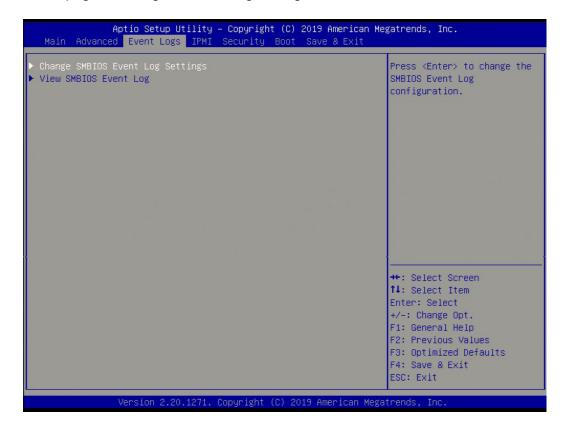
This submenu displays the health status of the drivers and controllers below.

►Intel® VROC with VMD Technology 5.4.0.1039

► Apache Pass 1.0.0.1970 Driver

6.4 Event Logs

Use this tab page to configure Event Log settings.



► Change SMBIOS Event Log Settings

Enabling/Disabling Options

SMBIOS Event Log

Change this feature to enable or disable all features of the SMBIOS Event Logging during system boot. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Erasing Settings

Erase Event Log

Select Enabled to erase all error events in the SMBIOS (System Management BIOS) log before an event logging is initialized at bootup. The options are **No**, "Yes, Next reset," and "Yes, Every reset."

When Log is Full

Select Erase Immediately to immediately erase all errors in the SMBIOS event log when the event log is full. Select Do Nothing for the system to do nothing when the SMBIOS event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

SMBIOS Event Log Standard Settings

Log System Boot Event

Select Enabled to log system boot events. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

MECI (Multiple Event Count Increment)

Enter the increment value for the multiple event counter. Enter a number between 1 to 255. The default setting is **1**.

METW (Multiple Event Count Time Window)

This feature is used to determine how long (in minutes) the multiple event counter should wait before generating a new event log. Enter a number between 0 to 99. The default setting is **60**.

Note: Reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

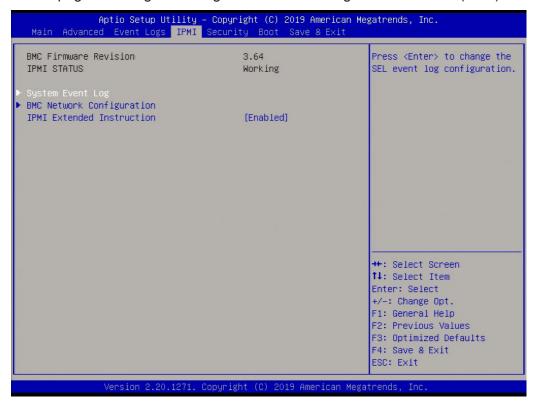
▶View SMBIOS Event Log

This feature allows you to view the event in the SMBIOS event log. The following categories are displayed:

DATE/TIME/ERROR CODE/SEVERITY

6.5 IPMI

Use this tab page to configure Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) settings.



BMC Firmware Revision

This feature displays the IPMI firmware revision used in your system.

IPMI STATUS

This feature displays the status of the IPMI firmware installed in your system.

► System Event Log

Enabling/Disabling Options

SEL Components

Select Enabled for all system event logging at bootup. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Erasing Settings

Erase SEL

Select Yes, On next reset to erase all system event logs upon next system reboot. Select Yes, On every reset to erase all system event logs upon each system reboot. Select No to keep all system event logs after each system reboot. The options are **No**, "Yes, On next reset," and "Yes, On every reset."

When SEL is Full

This feature allows you to determine what the BIOS should do when the system event log is full. Select Erase Immediately to erase all events in the log when the system event log is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

Note: Reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

▶BMC Network Configuration

BMC network configuration

Configure IPV4 support

IPMI LAN Selection

This feature displays the IPMI LAN setting. The default setting is Failover.

IPMI Network Link Status

This feature displays the IPMI Network Link status. The default setting is **Dedicated LAN**.

Update IPMI LAN Configuration

Select Yes for the BIOS to implement all IP/MAC address changes at the next system boot. The options are **No** and Yes.

*If the feature above is set to Yes, the Configuration Address Source and VLAN features are available for configuration:

Configuration Address Source

Use this feature to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Static is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **DHCP** and Static.

*If the feature above is set to Static, the Station IP Address/Subnet Mask/Gateway IP Address features are available for configuration:

Station IP Address

This feature displays the Station IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 192.168.10.253).

Subnet Mask

This feature displays the sub-network that this computer belongs to. The value of each three-digit number separated by dots should not exceed 255.

Station MAC Address

This feature displays the Station MAC address for this computer. Mac addresses are 6 two-digit hexadecimal numbers.

Gateway IP Address

This feature displays the Gateway IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 192.168.10.253).

VLAN

This feature is configurable if the Update IPMI LAN Configuration feature is set to Yes. Use this feature to enable or disable the IPMI VLAN function. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

*If the feature above is set to Enabled, the VLAN ID feature below is available for configuration:

VLAN ID

Use this feature to select a value for VLAN ID.

Configure IPV6 support

IPV6 Support

Use this feature to enable IPV6 support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Configuration Address Source

Use this feature to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Static is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are Unspecified, Static, and **DHCP**.

*If the feature above is set to Static, the Station IP Address/Prefix Length/IPV6 Router1 IP Address features are available for configuration:

Station IPV6 Address

Use this feature to enter the IPV6 address.

Prefix Length

Use this feature to change the prefix length.

IPV6 Router1 IP Address

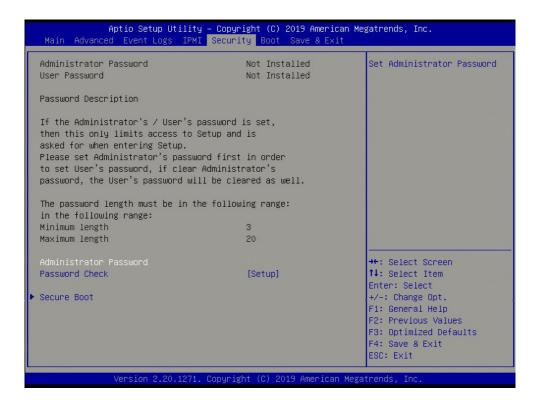
Use this feature to change the IPV6 Router1 IP address.

IPMI Extended Instruction

Use this feature to enable IPMI extended function support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled. When Disabled, the system powers on quickly by removing BIOS support for textended IPMI features. The Disable option is for applications that require faster power on time without using Supermicro Update Manager (SUM) or extended IPMI features. The BMC network configuration in the BIOS setup will also be invalid when IPMI Extended Instruction is disabled. The general BMC function and motherboard health monitor such as fan control will still function even when this option is disabled.

6.6 Security

Use this tab page to configure Security settings.



Administrator Password

Use this feature to set the administrator password which is required to enter the BIOS setup utility. The length of the password should be from 3 to 20 characters long.

Password Check

Select Setup for the system to check for a password at Setup. Select Always for the system to check for a password at bootup or upon entering the BIOS Setup utility. The options are **Setup** and Always.

▶Secure Boot

System Mode

Secure Boot Enable

Select Enable for secure boot support to ensure system security at bootup. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Secure Boot Mode

This feature allows you to select the desired secure boot mode for the system. The options are Standard and **Custom**.

*If Secure Boot Mode is set to Custom, Key Management features are available for configuration:

CSM Support

This feature is for manufacturing debugging purposes.

► Key Management

This submenu allows you to configure the following Key Management settings.

Factory Key Provision

Select Enabled to install the default Secure Boot keys set by the manufacturer. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

*If the feature above is set to Enabled, all features below are available for configuration:

► Restore Factory Keys

Select Yes to restore all factory keys to the default settings. The options are Yes and No.

▶ Reset to Setup Mode

Select Yes to delete all Secure Boot key databases and force the system to Setup Mode. The options are Yes and No.

► Export Secure Boot variables

Use this feature to copy the NVRAM contents of the secure boot variables to a file.

► Enroll Efi Image

This feature allows the image to run in Secure Boot mode.

Device Guard Ready

► Remove 'UEFI CA' from DB

Use this feature to remove the Microsoft UEFI CA certificate from the database. The options are Yes and No.

► Restore DB Defaults

Select Yes to restore the DB defaults.

► Platform Key (PK)

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default PK or No to load from a file on an external media.

► Key Exchange Keys (KEK)

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default KEK or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

Select Yes to add the KEK from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing KEK. Select No to load the KEK from a file. The options are Yes and No.

► Authorized Signatures

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default db or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

Select Yes to add the db from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing db. Select No to load the db from a file. The options are Yes and No.

► Forbidden Signatures

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default dbx or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

Select Yes to add the dbx from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing dbx. Select No to load the dbx from a file. The options are Yes and No.

► Authorized TimeStamps

Update

Select Yes to load a factory default dbt or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

Select Yes to add the dbt from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing dbt. Select No to load the dbt from a file. The options are Yes and No.

▶ OsRecovery Signatures

Update

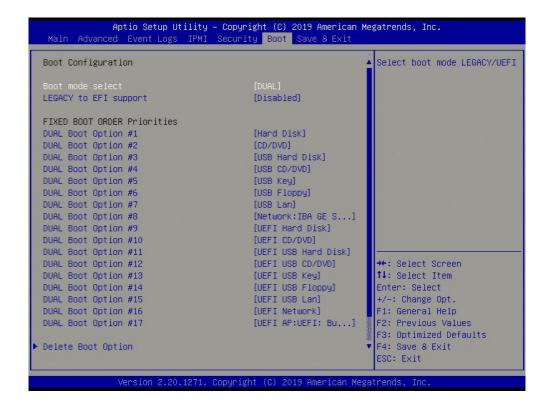
Select Yes to load a factory default dbr or No to load from a file on an external media.

Append

Select Yes to add the dbr from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing dbr. Select No to load the dbr from a file. The options are Yes and No.

6.7 Boot

Use this tab page to configure Boot Settings.



Boot mode select

Use this feature to select the boot mode. The options are LEGACY, UEFI, and DUAL.

LEGACY to EFI Support

Select Enabled to boot EFI OS support after Legacy boot order has failed. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Fixed BOOT ORDER Priorities

This option prioritizes the order of bootable devices that the system to boot from. Press <Enter> on each entry from top to bottom to select devices.

- Boot Option #1
- Boot Option #2
- Boot Option #3
- Boot Option #4
- Boot Option #5
- Boot Option #6
- Boot Option #7
- Boot Option #8

- Boot Option #9
- Boot Option #10
- Boot Option #11
- Boot Option #12
- Boot Option #13
- Boot Option #14
- Boot Option #15
- Boot Option #16
- Boot Option #17

▶ Delete Boot Option

Use this feature to select a boot device to delete from the boot priority list.

►UEFI Application Boot Priorities

Boot Option # - This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices. The options
are [the list of detected boot device(s)] and Disabled.

► Hard Disk Drive BBS Priorities

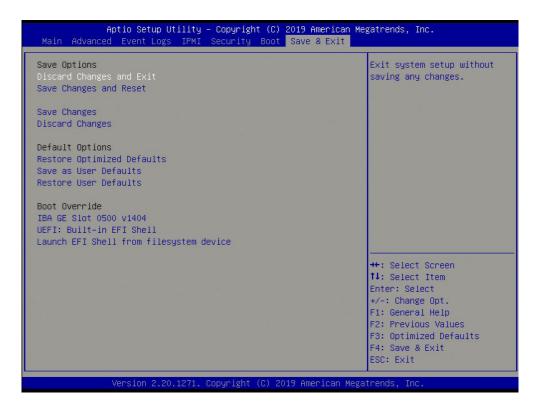
• Legacy Boot Order #1 - This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices. The options are [the list of detected boot device(s)] and Disabled.

▶NETWORK Drive BBS Priorities

• Boot Option # - This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices. The options are [the list of detected boot device(s)] and Disabled.

6.8 Save & Exit

Use this tab page to configure Save & Exit settings.



Save Options

Discard Changes and Exit

Select this feature to quit the BIOS Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration and reboot the computer. Select Discard Changes and Exit from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>.

Save Changes and Reset

After completing the system configuration changes, select this option to save the changes you have made. This will not reset (reboot) the system.

Save Changes

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to leave the BIOS setup utility and reboot the computer for the new system configuration parameters to take effect. Select Save Changes from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>.

Discard Changes

Select this feature and press <Enter> to discard all the changes and return to the AMI BIOS utility program.

Default Options

Restore Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. These are factory settings designed for maximum system stability, but not for maximum performance.

Save As User Defaults

To set this feature, select Save as User Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. This enables the user to save any changes to the BIOS setup for future use.

Restore User Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore User Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. Use this feature to retrieve user-defined settings that were saved previously.

Boot Override

Other boot options are listed in this section. The system will boot to the selected boot option.

IBA GE Slot 0500 v1404

UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell

Launch EFI Shell from filesystem device

Appendix A

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

About Standardized Warning Statements

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this appendix in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro chassis.

These warnings may also be found on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety information.cfm.

Warning Definition



Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

警告の定義

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、

電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危险。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前,必须充分意识到触电的危险,并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符號代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前,請注意觸電的危險,並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明 內容。

Warnung

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הצהרות אזהרה

הצהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים.
יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במארזי סופרמיקרו.

ا كَ ف حالة وُكِي أَى تتسبب ف اصابة جسذ ةٌ هذا الزهز عٌ خطز !تحذ زٌ . قبل أَى تعول على أي هعذات،كي على علن بالوخاطز ال اُجوة عي الذوائز الكهزبائ ة وكي على درا ةٌ بالووارسات اللقائ ة لو عٌ وقع أي حيادث استخذم رقن الب إى الو صُبص ف هًا ةٌ كل تحذ زٌ للعثير تزجوتها

안전을 위한 주의사항

경고!

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions



Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

設置手順書

システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告

将此系统连接电源前,请先阅读安装说明。

警告

將系統與電源連接前,請先閱讀安裝說明。

Warnung

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

اقر إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker



Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

サーキット・ブレーカー

この製品は、短絡(過電流)保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。 保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告

此产品的短路(过载电流)保护由建筑物的供电系统提供,确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于 250V,20A。

警告

此產品的短路(過載電流)保護由建築物的供電系統提供,確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於 250V,20A。

Warnung

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss- bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-250VDC, 20A

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معداث الحمايت مه الدوائرالقصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في المبنى تقديم الحهاز الوقائي ليس أكثر من : 20A, 250V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다. 보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250V(볼트), 20A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw electrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde aparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250V, 20A.

Power Disconnection Warning



Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components.

電源切断の警告

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシー内部にアクセスするには、 システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要が あります。

警告

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前,必须将系统完全断电,并移除电源线。

警告

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前,必須將系統完全斷電,並移除電源線。

Warnung

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg. Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de système.

אזהרה מפני ניתוק חשמלי

אזהרה!

יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק. לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים. يجب فصم اننظاو من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد انطاقت قبم انطاقت الجهاز انصل إنى انهناطق انداخهيت نههيكم نتثبيج أو إزانت مكنناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 섀시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation



Warning! Only trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

機器の設置

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されています。

警告

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung

Das Installieren, Ersetzen oder Bedienen dieser Ausrüstung sollte nur geschultem, qualifiziertem Personal gestattet werden.

¡Advertencia!

Solamente el personal calificado debe instalar, reemplazar o utilizar este equipo.

Attention

Il est vivement recommandé de confier l'installation, le remplacement et la maintenance de ces équipements à des personnels qualifiés et expérimentés.

!אזהרה

צוות מוסמך בלבד רשאי להתקין, להחליף את הציוד או לתת שירות עבור הציוד.

والمدربيه لتزكيب واستبدال أو خدمة هذا الجهاس يجب أن يسمح فقط للمنظفيه المؤهليه

경고!

훈련을 받고 공인된 기술자만이 이 장비의 설치, 교체 또는 서비스를 수행할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze apparatuur mag alleen worden geïnstalleerd, vervangen of hersteld door geschoold en gekwalificeerd personeel.

Restricted Area



Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

アクセス制限区域

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが可能です。

警告

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所,限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它安全手段进出的场所。

警告

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域,進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全 方式才能進入的區域。

Warnung

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזור עם גישה מוגבלת

!אזהרה

יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת 'כלי אבטחה בלבד)מפתח, מנעול וכד.)

تخصيص هذه اندخذة نترك بها ف مناطق محظورة تم . ، مكن اندصل إن منطقت محظورة فقط من خلال استخذاو أداة خاصت أو أوس هُت أخري نلالأمما قفم ومفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키, 또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling



Warning! There is the danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions

電池の取り扱い

電池交換が正しく行われなかった場合、破裂の危険性があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告

电池更换不当会有爆炸危险。请只使用同类电池或制造商推荐的功能相当的电池更换原有电 池。请按制造商的说明处理废旧电池。

警告

電池更換不當會有爆炸危險。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按 照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

Warnung

Bei Einsetzen einer falschen Batterie besteht Explosionsgefahr. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

Attention

Danger d'explosion si la pile n'est pas remplacée correctement. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

¡Advertencia!

Existe peligro de explosión si la batería se reemplaza de manera incorrecta. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת פיצוץ של הסוללה במידה והוחלפה בדרך לא תקינה. יש להחליף את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת. סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן. هناك خطر من انفجار في حالة اسحبذال البطارية بطريقة غير صحيحة فعليل اسحبذال البطارية فعليا البطارية فعليا فقط بنفس النبع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصت به الشرمة المصنعة وخلص من البطاريات المسحعملة وفقا لحعليمات الشرمة الصانعة

경고!

배터리가 올바르게 교체되지 않으면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Er is ontploffingsgevaar indien de batterij verkeerd vervangen wordt. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies



Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

冗長電源装置

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个,必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告

此裝置連接的電源可能不只一個,必須切斷所有電源才能停止對該裝置的供電。

Warnung

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein trom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אם קיים יותר מספק אחד

אזהרה!

ליחדה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן את היחידה.

> قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة . بجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعسل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

バックプレーンの電圧

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告

当系统正在进行时, 背板上有很危险的电压或能量, 进行维修时务必小心。

警告

當系統正在進行時,背板上有危險的電壓或能量,進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

מתח בפנל האחורי

אזהרה!

קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך

העבודה.

هناك خطز مه التيار الكهزبائي أوالطاقة المبجدة على اللبحة عندما يكنن النظام يعمل كه حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاس

경고!

시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다. 서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.

Waarschuwing

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes



Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

地方および国の電気規格に準拠

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

תיאום חוקי החשמל הארצי

!אזהרה

התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقباويه المحلية والبطبية المتعلقة بالكهرباء

경고!

현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal



Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

製品の廃棄

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

סילוק המוצר

אזהרה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغي التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القبانين واللبائح البطنية عند

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Hot Swap Fan Warning





Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing.

ファン・ホットスワップの警告

警告!回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根)に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

警告!危险的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。 当您从机架移除风扇装置、风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇

警告

危險的可移動性零件。請務必與轉動的風扇葉片保持距離。 當您從機架移除風扇裝置,風扇可能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇。

Warnung

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite ell montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mandtenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador

Attention

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'ecart des lames du ventilateur II est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה!

חלקים נעים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המאוורר בפעולהכאשר מסירים את חלקי המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאווררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة.من الممكن أن المراوح لا تزال تدورعند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع .ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 섀시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조림품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter



Warning! When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the cord) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

電源コードとACアダプター

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定および購入された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプターを 該当する地域の条例や安全基準に適合するコードサイズやプラグと共に使用下さい。 他のケーブルやアダプタを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。

電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSEマークがコードに表記)を Supermicro が指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告

安装此产品时,请使用本身提供的或指定的或采购的连接线,电源线和电源适配器,包含遵照当地法规和安全要求的合规的电源线尺寸和插头.使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。除了Supermicro所指定的产品,电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号)。

警告

安裝此產品時,請使用本身提供的或指定的或採購的連接線,電源線和電源適配器‧包含遵照當地法規和安全要求的合規的電源線尺寸和插頭.使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災。除了Supermicro所指定的產品,電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材。(線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號)。

Warnung

Nutzen Sie beim Installieren des Produkts ausschließlich die von uns zur Verfügung gestellten Verbindungskabeln, Stromkabeln und/oder Adapater, die Ihre örtlichen Sicherheitsstandards einhalten. Der Gebrauch von anderen Kabeln und Adapter können Fehlfunktionen oder Feuer verursachen. Die Richtlinien untersagen das Nutzen von UL oder CAS zertifizierten Kabeln (mit UL/CSA gekennzeichnet), an Geräten oder Produkten die nicht mit Supermicro gekennzeichnet sind.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando instale el producto, utilice la conexión provista o designada o procure cables, Cables de alimentación y adaptadores de CA que cumplan con los códigos locales y los requisitos de seguridad, incluyendo el tamaño adecuado del cable y el enchufe. El uso de otros cables y adaptadores podría causar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. La Ley de Seguridad de Aparatos Eléctricos y de Materiales prohíbe El uso de cables certificados por UL o CSA (que tienen el certificado UL / CSA en el código) para cualquier otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados únicamente por Supermicro.

Attention

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les cables de connection fournis ou désigné ou achetez des cables, cables de puissance et adaptateurs respectant les normes locales et les conditions de securite y compris les tailles de cables et les prises electriques appropries. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et la Loi sur la Sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de câbles certifies- UL ou CSA (qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code) pour tous les autres appareils électriques sauf les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

AC ימאתמו םיילמשח םילבכ

הרהזא!

ךרוצל ומאתוה וא ושכרנ רשא AC םימאתמו םיקפס ,םילבכב שמתשהל שי ,רצומה תא םיניקתמ רשאכ לכב שומיש . עקתהו לבכה לש הנוכנ הדימ ללוכ ,תוימוקמה תוחיטבה תושירדל ומאתוה רשאו ,הנקתהה למשחה ירישכמב שומישה יקוחל םאתהב .ילמשח רצק וא הלקתל םורגל לולע ,רחא גוסמ םאתמ וא לבכ לש דוק םהילע עיפומ רשאכ) CSA-ב וא UL -ב םיכמסומה םילבכב שמתשהל רוסיא םייק ,תוחיטבה יקוחו .דבלב Supermicro י"ע םאתוה רשא רצומב קר אלא ,רחא ילמשח רצומ לכ רובע UL/CSA)

전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터

경고! 제품을 설치할 때 현지 코드 및 적절한 굵기의 코드와 플러그를 포함한 안전 요구 사항을 준수하여 제공되거나 지정된 연결 혹은 구매 케이블, 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터를 사용하십시오.

다른 케이블이나 어댑터를 사용하면 오작동이나 화재가 발생할 수 있습니다. 전기 용품 안전법은 UL 또는 CSA 인증 케이블 (코드에 UL / CSA가 표시된 케이블)을 Supermicro 가 지정한 제품 이외의 전기 장치에 사용하는 것을 금지합니다.

Stroomkabel en AC-Adapter

Waarschuwing! Bij het aansluiten van het Product uitsluitend gebruik maken van de geleverde Kabels of een andere geschikte aan te schaffen Aansluitmethode, deze moet altijd voldoen aan de lokale voorschriften en veiligheidsnormen, inclusief de juiste kabeldikte en stekker. Het gebruik van niet geschikte Kabels en/of Adapters kan een storing of brand veroorzaken. Wetgeving voor Elektrische apparatuur en Materiaalveiligheid verbied het gebruik van UL of CSA -gecertificeerde Kabels (met UL/CSA in de code) voor elke andere toepassing dan de door Supermicro hiervoor beoogde Producten.

Appendix B

UEFI BIOS Recovery Instructions

Warning: Do not upgrade the BIOS unless your system has a BIOS-related issue. Flashing the wrong BIOS can cause irreparable damage to the system. In no event shall Supermicro be liable for direct, indirect, special, incidental, or consequential damages arising from a BIOS update. If you need to update the BIOS, do not shut down or reset the system while the BIOS is updating to avoid possible boot failure.

B.1 An Overview to the UEFI BIOS

The Unified Extensible Firmware Interface (UEFI) provides a software-based interface between the operating system and the platform firmware in the pre-boot environment. The UEFI specification supports an architecture-independent mechanism for add-on card initialization to allow the UEFI OS loader, which is stored in the add-on card, to boot the system. The UEFI offers a clean, hands-off control to a computer system at bootup.

B.2 How to Recover the UEFI BIOS Image (-the Main BIOS Block)

A UEFI BIOS flash chip consists of a recovery BIOS block and a main BIOS block (a main BIOS image). The boot block contains critical BIOS codes, including memory detection and recovery codes for the user to flash a new BIOS image if the original main BIOS image is corrupted. When the system power is on, the boot block codes execute first. Once it is completed, the main BIOS code will continue with system initialization and bootup.

Note: Follow the BIOS recovery instructions below for BIOS recovery when the main BIOS boot crashes. However, when the BIOS boot block crashes, you will need to follow the procedures below for BIOS recovery.

B.3 To Recover the Main BIOS Block Using a USB-Attached Device

This feature allows the user to recover a BIOS image using a USB-attached device without additional utilities used. A USB flash device, such as a USB flash drive or a USB CD/DVD ROM/RW device, can be used for this purpose. However, a USB hard disk drive cannot be used for BIOS recovery at this time.

The file system supported by UEFI is FAT (including FAT12, FAT16, and FAT32) installed on a bootable or non-bootable USB-attached device. However, the BIOS might need several minutes to locate the SUPER.ROM file if the media size becomes too large because it contains too many folders and files.

To perform UEFI BIOS recovery using a USB-attached device, follow the instructions below.

1. Using a different machine, copy the "Super.ROM" binary image file into the disc Root "\" Directory of a USB device or a writeable CD/DVD.

Note: If you cannot locate the "Super.ROM" file in your driver disk, visit our website at www.supermicro.com to download the BIOS image into a USB flash device and rename it "Super.ROM" for BIOS recovery use.

- 2. Insert the USB device that contains the new BIOS image ("Super.ROM") into your USB drive and power on the system
- While powering on the system, please keep pressing <Ctrl> and <Home> simultaneously
 on your keyboard <u>until</u> the following screen (or a screen similar to the one below)
 displays.

Caution: Please **stop** pressing the <Ctrl> and <Home> keys immediately when you see the screen (or a similar screen) below; otherwise, it will trigger a system reboot.

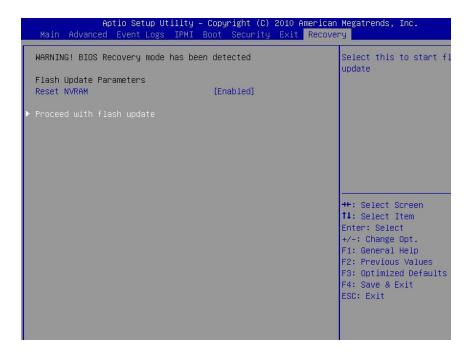


Note: On the other hand, if the following screen displays, please load the "Super.ROM" file to the root folder and connect this folder to the system. (You can do so by inserting a USB device that contains the new "Super.ROM" image to your machine for BIOS recovery.)



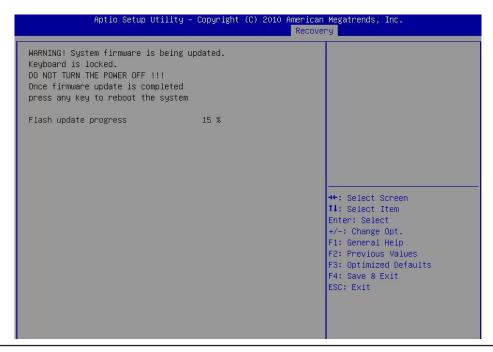
4. After locating the new BIOS binary image, the system will enter the BIOS Recovery menu as shown below.

Note: At this point, you may decide if you want to start with BIOS recovery. If you decide to proceed with BIOS recovery, follow the procedures below.

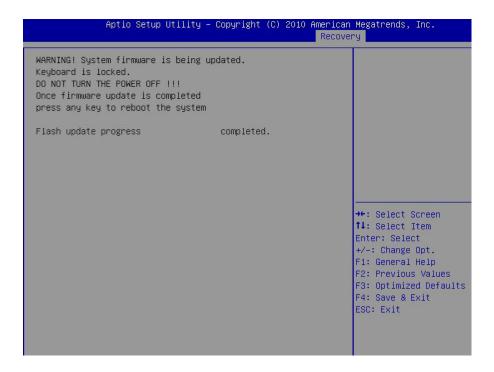


5. When the screen as shown above displays, use the arrow key to select the item "Proceed with flash update" and press the <Enter> key. You will see the progress of BIOS recovery as shown in the screen below.

Note: *Do not interrupt* the process of BIOS flashing until it is completed.







- 7. Using a different system, extract the BIOS package into a bootable USB flash drive.
- 8. When a DOS prompt appears, enter FLASH.BAT BIOSname.### at the prompt.

Note: <u>Do not interrupt this process</u> until BIOS flashing is completed.

- 9. After seeing the message that the BIOS update is complete, unplug the AC power cable from the power supply to clear the CMOS, and then plug the AC power cable in the power supply again to power on the system.
- Press continuously to enter the BIOS Setup utility.
- 11. Press <F3> to load default settings.
- 12. After loading default settings, press <F4> to save the settings and exit the BIOS Setup utility.

Appendix C

System Specifications

Processors

Single Intel Xeon D-2146NT with TDP 80W for 1019D-FHN13TP in a FCBGA2518 socket Single Intel Xeon D-2123IT with TDP 60W for 1019D-4C-FHN13TP in a FCBGA2518 socket

Single Intel Xeon D-2177NT with TDP 105W for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP in a FCBGA2518 socket

Single Intel Xeon D-2183IT with TDP 100W for 1019D-16C-FHN13TP in a FCBGA2518 socket

Note: Refer to the motherboard specifications pages on our website for updates to supported processors.

Chipset

System on Chip

BIOS

128Mb SPI Flash with AMI BIOS

Memory

Supports up to 256GB of ECC RDIMM or 512GB of ECC LRDIMM DDR4 memory

Speeds of up to 2133MHz for 1019D-FHN13TP

Speeds of up to 2400MHz for 1019D-4C-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP

Speeds of up to 2667MHz for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP

Storage Drives

Two hot-swap 2.5" drives

Two internal 2.5" solid-state disk drives

One M.2 M-Key, PCI-E 3.0 x4/SATA3

Drive Bays

Four SATA3 (two hot-swap, two internal)

PCI Expansion Slots

Two PCI-E3.0 x16

One M.2 M-Key 2280/110 (PCI-E 3.0 x2/SATA3)

One M.2 B-Key 3042 (PCI-E 3.0 x2/SATA3/USB3.0)

One M.2 E-Key 2230

Input/Output

Network: Nine RJ45 Gigabit Ethernet LAN ports, two RJ45 10GbE LAN ports, two 10G SFP+ LAN ports

SATA: Four SATA3 (6Gbps) ports IPMI: One RJ45 Dedicated LAN port USB: Two USB3.1 Gen 1 ports (front)

Video: One VGA port

Serial Port/Header: 1 COM port via RJ45

Motherboards

X11SDW-4C-TP13F for 1019D-4C-FHN13TP X11SDW-8C-TP13F for 1019D-FHN13TP

X11SDW-14CNT-TP13F for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP X11SDW-16C-TP13F for 1019D-16C-FHN13TP

Chassis

SC513BTS-350WB for 1019D-FHN13TP and 1019D-4C-FHN13TP SC513BTS-505WB for 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP 1U rackmount; (WxHxD) 17.2 x 1.7 x 15 in. (437 x 43 x 381mm)

System Cooling

1019D-FHN13TP and 1019D-4C-FHN13TP: Four 40mm PWM fans, plus an option for two more fans 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP: Six 40mm PWM fans

Power Supply

1019D-FHN13TP and 1019D-4C-FHN13TP Model: PWS-350-1H, 350 W module with PFC; 80Plus Platinum level AC Voltage 100-240 Vac, 50-60 Hz, 5.-2.5 Amp (350W) +5 V: Max.: 15 Amp, Min.: 0.2 Amp +5 V standby: Max.: 3 Amp, Min.: 0 Amp +12 V: Max.: 29 Amp, Min.: 0.5 Amp -12 V: Max: 0.2 Amp, Min.: 0 Amp +3.3 V: Max.: 12 Amp, Min.: 0.2 Amp 1019D-14CN-FHN13TP and 1019D-16C-FHN13TP Model: PWS-505P-1H, 500 W High-Efficiency module with PMBus 1.2, 12c, and PFC; 80Plus Platinum level AC Input 100-240 Vac, 50-60Hz, 6.6 Amp max (500W) +3.3 V: 12A +5 V: 15A +5 standby: 3A +12 V: 41A -12V: 0.2A

Operating Environment

Operating Temperature: 0°C to 45° C (32°F to 113° F)

Non-operating Temperature: -40°C to 70° C (-40°F to 158° F)

Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing)

Non-operating Relative Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

Regulatory Compliance

Electromagnetic Emissions: FCC Class B, EN 55032 Class B, EN 61000-3-2/3-3, CISPR 32 Class B

Electromagnetic Immunity: EN 55024/CISPR 24, (EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6,

EN 61000-4-8, EN 61000-4-11)

Other: VCCI-CISPR 32 and AS/NZS CISPR 32

Environmental: Directive 2011/65/EU, Deligated Directive (EU) 2015/863, and Directive 2012/19/EU Safety: CSA/EN/IEC/UL 60950-1 Compliant, UL or CSA Listed (USA and Canada), CE Marking (Europe)

Perchlorate Warning

California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. "Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/hazardouswaste/perchlorate"