

SuperServer® 1029GQ-TRT 1029GQ-TNRT 1029GQ-TXRT



USER'S MANUAL

Revision 1.0

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Preface

About this Manual

This manual is written for professional system integrators and PC technicians. It provides information for the installation and use of the SuperServer 1029GQ-TRT/TNRT/TXRT. Installation and maintenance should be performed by experienced technicians only.

Please refer to the 1029GQ-TRT/TNRT/TXRT server specifications page on our website for updates on supported memory, processors and operating systems (http://www.supermicro. com).

Notes

For your system to work properly, please follow the links below to download all necessary drivers/utilities and the user's manual for your server.

- Supermicro product manuals: http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/
- Product drivers and utilities: ftp://ftp.supermicro.com
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If you have any questions, please contact our support team at: support@supermicro.com

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Warnings

Special attention should be given to the following symbols used in this manual.



Warning! Indicates important information given to prevent equipment/property damage or personal injury.



Warning! Indicates high voltage may be encountered when performing a procedure.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

1.1 Overview

This chapter provides a brief outline of the functions and features of the SuperServer 1029GQ-TRT/TNRT/TXRT. The 1029GQ-TRT/TNRT/TXRT is a high-end graphics processing unit (GPU) comprised of the X11DGQ motherboard and the SC118GQETS-R2K05P2/SC118GQPTS-R2K05P2 chassis.

In addition to the motherboard and chassis, several important parts that are included with the system are listed below.

| Main Parts List | | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------|--|
| Description | Part Number | Quantity |
| Air Shroud | MCP-310-11807-0B | 1 |
| Heatsinks | SNK-P0067PS | 2 |
| Fans (4-cm) | FAN-0163L4 | 9 (1029GQ-TRT, 1029GQ-TNRT) 7 (1029GQ-TXRT) |
| Hot-swap Carriers (for 2.5" HDDs) | MCP-220-00047-0B | 2 |
| Rackmount Rail Kit | MCP-290-11809 | 1 |

1.2 Unpacking the System

Inspect the box the SuperServer 1029GQ-TRT/TNRT/TXRT was shipped in and note if it was damaged in any way. If any equipment appears damaged, please file a damage claim with the carrier who delivered it.

Decide on a suitable location for the rack unit that will hold the server. It should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated. It will also require a grounded AC power outlet nearby. Be sure to read the precautions and considerations noted in Appendix B. The tables below shows the main differences between the three models included in this manual.

| GPU and HDD Support | | | |
|---------------------|--------------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| System Model | Chassis | GPU Support | Hard Drive Type |
| 1029GQ-TRT | SC118GQETS-R2K05P2 | NVIDIA/Coprocessor GPU | SAS/SATA |
| 1029GQ-TNRT | SC118GQETS-R2K05P2 | NVIDIA/Coprocessor GPU | SAS/SATA/NVMe |
| 1029GQ-TXRT | SC118GQPTS-R2K05P2 | SXM GPU | SAS/SATA |

| Backplanes | |
|--------------|------------------|
| System Model | Backplane Model |
| 1029GQ-TRT | BPN-SAS3-118GQE |
| 1029GQ-TNRT | BPN-NVMe3-118GQE |
| 1029GQ-TXRT | BPN-SAS3-118GQE |

| Riser Cards | | | |
|--------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| System Model | Front Riser | Left Rear Riser | Middle Rear Riser |
| 1029GQ-TRT | RSC-GR-6-X | RSC-G-A6 | RSC-G-A66 |
| 1029GQ-TNRT | RSC-GR-6-X | RSC-G-A6 | RSC-GN2-A68 |
| 1029GQ-TXRT | N/A (AOM Bridge) | RSC-G-A66-X1 | RSC-GN2-A66 |

| Riser Card Support | | |
|---|---|--|
| Riser Model | Supports | |
| RSC-GR-6-X | GPU riser with one PCI-E x16 slot | |
| RSC-G-A6 | RSC-G-A6 Active GPU riser with one PCI-E x16 slot | |
| RSC-G-A66 | Active GPU riser with two PCI-E x16 slots | |
| RSC-GN2-A66 GPU riser 2 x16 PCI-E; NVMe riser | | |
| RSC-GN2-A68 Active GPU riser w/ one PCI-E x8 slot, one PCI-E x16 slot, and two NVMe (OCuLink x8) port | | |
| RSC-G-A66-X1 Active riser with two PCI-E x16 slots | | |

1.3 System Features

The following table provides you with an overview of the main features of the 1029GQ-TRT/TNRT/TXRT. Please refer to Appendix C for additional specifications.

| System Features |
|--|
| Motherboard |
| X11DGQ |
| Chassis |
| 1029GQ-TRT, 1029GQ-TNRT: SC118GQETS-R2K05P2 1029GQ-TXRT: SC118GQPTS-R2K05P2 |
| CPU |
| Dual Intel Xeon 81xx/61xx/51xx/41xx/31xx series processors |
| Socket Type |
| Socket P |
| Memory |
| Up to 1.5TB of DDR4-2666 ECC 3DS LRDIMM or ECC RDIMM in 12 DIMM slots |
| Chipset |
| Intel PCH C621 |
| Expansion Slots |
| Up to four PCI-E 3.0 slots (see table on page 13 for details) |
| Hard Drives |
| Two 2.5" hot-swap hard drives and two fixed 2.5" internal drives |
| Power |
| 2000W redundant power supply modules (PWS-2K05A-1R)* |
| Form Factor |
| 1U rackmount |
| Dimensions |
| (WxHxD) 17.2 x 1.7 x 35.2 in. (437 x 43 x 894 mm) |

*Two power supplies are required for the 1029GQ-TXRT when four GPUs are being used. This negates the power redundancy feature.

1.4 Server Chassis Features

Control Panel

The switches and LEDs located on the control panel are described below. See Chapter 4 for details on the control panel connections.



Figure 1-1. Control Panel View

| Control Panel Features | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|--|
| ltem | Feature | Description |
| 1 | Information LED | See table on the following page. |
| 2 | NIC2 LED | Indicates network activity on the LAN2 port when flashing |
| 3 | NIC1 LED | Indicates network activity on the LAN1 port when flashing |
| 4 | HDD LED | Indicates activity on the hard drive when flashing |
| 5 | Power LED | Indicates power is being supplied to the system power supply units. This LED should normally be illuminated when the system is operating. |
| 6 | UID LED | The unit identification (UID) button turns on or off the blue light function of the Information LED and the blue LED on the rear of the chassis. These are used to locate the server in large racks and server banks. |
| 7 | Power Button | The main power button is used to apply or remove power from the power supply to the server. Turning off system power with this button removes the main power but maintains standby power. To perform many maintenance tasks, you must also unplug system before servicing |

| Information LED | | |
|-------------------------|--|--|
| Status | Description | |
| Continuously on and red | An overheat condition has occurred. (This may be caused by cable congestion.) | |
| Blinking red (1Hz) | Fan failure, check for an inoperative fan. | |
| Solid blue | Local UID has been activated. Use this function to locate the server in a rackmount environment. | |
| Blinking blue | Remote UID is on. Use this function to identify the server from a remote location. | |

Front Features

The SC118GQETS-R2K05P2/SC118GQPTS-R2K05P2 is a 1U rackmount chassis See the illustration below for the features included on the front of the chassis.



Figure 1-2. Chassis Front View

| Front Chassis Features | | | | |
|------------------------|-----------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| Item | Feature | Description | | |
| 1 | Hard Drive Bays | Two 2.5" hot-swap hard drive carriers | | |
| 2 | Control Panel | See previous page for details. | | |

Rear Features

The illustration below shows the features included on the rear of the chassis. The PCI expansion slots are used for different purposes on each server model as noted below.



Figure 1-3. Chassis Rear View

| Rear Chassis Features | | | | |
|-----------------------|---------------------|---|--|--|
| ltem | Feature Description | | | |
| 1 | Power Supply Module | Redundant 2000W power supply (PWS-2K05A-1R) | | |
| 2 | I/O Ports | See Section 4.3 for details. | | |
| 3 | LP1 Slot | Low-profile expansion slot (see below) | | |
| 4 | LP2 Slot | Low-profile expansion slot (see below) | | |
| 5 | FHFL1 Slot | Full-height, full-length expansion slot (see below) | | |
| 6 | FHFL1 Slot | Full-height, full-length expansion slot (see below) | | |

| Expansion Slot Setup | | | | | |
|----------------------|--------------------|--------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| ltem | 1029GQ-TRT | 1029GQ-TNRT | 1029GQ-TXRT | | |
| 3 | PCI-E 3.0 x16 card | PCI-E 3.0 x16 card | PCI-E 3.0 x16 card | | |
| 4 | PCI-E 3.0 x16 card | PCI-E 3.0 x8 card | PCI-E 3.0 x16 card* | | |
| 5 | PCI-E 3.0 x16 card | PCI-E 3.0 x16 card | PCI-E 3.0 x16 card | | |
| 6 | N/A | N/A | PCI-E 3.0 x16 card* | | |

*Signal from PLX chip

1-5 GPU Configurations

1029GQ-TRT/1029GQ-TNRT: PCI Version

The 1029GQ-TRT offers four PCI-E 3.0 x16 slots that support four double-width GPUs plus two low-profile PCI-E 3.0 x16 slots. P40/P100/V100/coprocessor GPUs are supported.

The 1029GQ-TNRT offers four PCI-E 3.0 x16 slots that support four double-width GPUs plus two low profile PCI-E 3.0 x16 and one PCI-E 3.0 x8 slots. P40/P100/V100/coprocessor GPUs are supported.

1029GQ-TXRT: Add-on Module Version

The system supports four SXM2 GPUs that plug into an AOM-SXM2 add-on module, which is connected to the motherboard by two bridges.

For P100s, a direct connection between GPUs 1 and 4, and 2 and 3 is provided by a double NVlink connection (40GB/s). All other connections between GPUs for P100s are single NVlink. Fastest connections are afforded when GPUs are added in pairs.

V100s are double linked between each GPU (50GB/s).

The system offers four PCI-E 3.0 x16 expansion slots. Only slots 4 and 6 provide a direct connection from the GPUs to the network. A fast network (expansion) card installed on the riser card affords very high speeds. With OCuLink cables connected, data can go from GPU to the PLX to the NIC while bypassing the CPU. For the NIC, the system can support both FDR and EDR (in x16 slots).



Figure 1-4. SXM2 Add-on Module Block Diagram

Note: Volta NVLINKs will become available at a later date.

1.6 Motherboard Layout

Below is a layout of the X11DGQ with jumper, connector and LED locations shown. See the table on the following page for descriptions. For detailed descriptions, pinout information and jumper settings, refer to Chapter 4.



Figure 1-5. Motherboard Layout

| Jumper | | Description | | Default Setting | |
|--------------|-------------------|---|----------------------------------|------------------------|--|
| JBT1 | | Clear CMOS | S | See Chapter 4 | |
| JPME2 | | ME ManufactureMode | inufactureMode Pins 1-2 (Normal) | | |
| JVRM1/JVRM2 | | I2C Bus for VRM | F | Pins 1-2 (BMC: Normal) | |
| JWD1 | | Watch Dog Timer Enable | | Pins 1-2 (Reset) | |
| Connector | S | Description | | | |
| Battery (BT1 |) | Onboard CMOS Battery | | | |
| FAN8/FAN9 | | CPU/System Cooling Fan Headers | | | |
| FAN_CTRL | | Fan 1-7 control header | | | |
| FAN_PWR1 | | Power connector for front fans | | | |
| JF1 | | Front control panel header | | | |
| JL1 | | Chassis intrusion header | | | |
| JP2 | | CPLD programming header | | | |
| HDD_PWR1 | /2 | Power connectors for HDD devices | | | |
| JPWR1~4 | | 12V 8-pin GPU power supply connectors | | | |
| JRK1 | | RAID key header | | | |
| JPSU1~2 | | Power supply input | | | |
| JSCARD1 | | Micro SD card slot | | | |
| JSTBY1 | | Standby power header | | | |
| JTPM1 | | TPM (Trusted Platform Module)/Port 80 Header | | | |
| JTEMP1 | | Front control panel temperature header | | | |
| JUSB3 | | USB 3.0 header | | | |
| (I-)SATA0~3 | | Intel® SATA 3.0 Connectors from Intel PCH SATA controller | | | |
| I-SGPI01 | | Serial Link General Purpose I/O Header | | | |
| LED | Description | State | Status | | |
| LEDM1 | BMC Heartbeat LED | Green | BMC Norma | al | |
| LE2 | Onboard Power LED | Green | Power On | | |
| LE6 | Power Status LED | Green/Red Red | Power On/S | Standby | |

Quick Reference Table



Figure 1-6. Intel PCH C621 Chipset: System Block Diagram

Note: This is a general block diagram and may not exactly represent the features on your motherboard. See the System Specifications appendix for the actual specifications of your motherboard.

Chapter 2

Server Installation

2.1 Overview

This chapter provides advice and instructions for mounting your system in a server rack. If your system is not already fully integrated with processors, system memory etc., refer to Chapter 4 for details on installing those specific components.

Caution: Electrostatic Discharge (ESD) can damage electronic components. To prevent such damage to PCBs (printed circuit boards), it is important to use a grounded wrist strap, handle all PCBs by their edges and keep them in anti-static bags when not in use.

2.2 Preparing for Setup

The box in which the system was shipped should include the rackmount hardware needed to install it into the rack. Please read this section in its entirety before you begin the installation.

Choosing a Setup Location

- The system should be situated in a clean, dust-free area that is well ventilated. Avoid areas where heat, electrical noise and electromagnetic fields are generated.
- Leave enough clearance in front of the rack so that you can open the front door completely (~25 inches) and approximately 30 inches of clearance in the back of the rack to allow sufficient space for airflow and access when servicing.
- This product should be installed only in a Restricted Access Location (dedicated equipment rooms, service closets, etc.).
- This product is not suitable for use with visual display workplace devices according to §2 of the German Ordinance for Work with Visual Display Units.

Rack Precautions

• Ensure that the leveling jacks on the bottom of the rack are extended to the floor so that the full weight of the rack rests on them.

- In single rack installations, stabilizers should be attached to the rack. In multiple rack installations, the racks should be coupled together.
- Always make sure the rack is stable before extending a server or other component from the rack.
- You should extend only one server or component at a time extending two or more simultaneously may cause the rack to become unstable.

Server Precautions

- Review the electrical and general safety precautions in Appendix B.
- Determine the placement of each component in the rack *before* you install the rails.
- Install the heaviest server components at the bottom of the rack first and then work your way up.
- Use a regulating uninterruptible power supply (UPS) to protect the server from power surges and voltage spikes and to keep your system operating in case of a power failure.
- Allow any drives and power supply modules to cool before touching them.
- When not servicing, always keep the front door of the rack and all covers/panels on the servers closed to maintain proper cooling.

Rack Mounting Considerations

Ambient Operating Temperature

If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the ambient operating temperature of the rack environment may be greater than the room's ambient temperature. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the manufacturer's maximum rated ambient temperature (TMRA).

Airflow

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that the amount of airflow required for safe operation is not compromised.

Mechanical Loading

Equipment should be mounted into a rack so that a hazardous condition does not arise due to uneven mechanical loading.

Circuit Overloading

Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the power supply circuitry and the effect that any possible overloading of circuits might have on overcurrent protection and power supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

Reliable Ground

A reliable ground must be maintained at all times. To ensure this, the rack itself should be grounded. Particular attention should be given to power supply connections other than the direct connections to the branch circuit (i.e. the use of power strips, etc.).



To prevent bodily injury when mounting or servicing this unit in a rack, you must take special precautions to ensure that the system remains stable. The following guidelines are provided to ensure your safety:

- This unit should be mounted at the bottom of the rack if it is the only unit in the rack.
- When mounting this unit in a partially filled rack, load the rack from the bottom to the top with the heaviest component at the bottom of the rack.
- If the rack is provided with stabilizing devices, install the stabilizers before mounting or servicing the unit in the rack.

2.3 Installing the Rails

This section provides information on installing the chassis into a rack unit with the rails provided. There are a variety of rack units on the market, which may mean that the assembly procedure will differ slightly from the instructions provided. You should also refer to the installation instructions that came with the rack unit you are using.

Note: This rail will fit a rack between 27" and 32" deep.

Identifying the Rails

The chassis package includes two rail assemblies in the rack mounting kit. Each assembly consists of three sections: an inner rail that secures directly to the chassis, an outer rail that secures to the rack, and a middle rail that slides in the outer rail. These assemblies are specifically designed for the left and right side of the chassis.



Figure 2-1. Identifying the Rail Sections

Releasing the Inner Rail

To mount the rail onto the chassis, first release the inner rail from the outer and middle rails. *Releasing the Inner Rail from the Middle and Outer Rails*

- 1. Lift the auto-lock latch and pull the inner rail until it is fully extended.
- 2. Press down the locking lever on the inside of the inner rail to release the inner rail. Continue to pull the inner rail out of the middle rail.



Figure 2-2. Extending the Rails and Releasing the Inner Rail

Note: Both front chassis rails and the rack rails have a locking tab, which serves two functions. First, it locks the server into place when installed and pushed fully into the rack (its normal operating position. In addition, these tabs lock the server in place when fully extended from the rack. This prevents the server from coming completely out of the rack when pulled out for servicing.



Warning: Stability hazard. The rack stabilizing mechanism must be in place, or the rack must be bolted to the floor before you slide the unit out for servicing. Failure to stabilize the rack can cause the rack to tip over.

Installing The Inner Rails on the Chassis Installing the Inner Rails

- 1. Identify the left and right inner rails.
- 2. Place the inner rail firmly against the side of the chassis, aligning the T-studs on the side of the chassis with the slotted holes in the inner rail.
- 3. Slide the inner rail toward the rear of the chassis and under the T-studs.
- 4. An optional screw can be used to secure the rail to the chassis.



Figure 2-3. Installing the Inner Rails





Warning: do not pick up the server with the front handles. They are designed to pull the system from a rack only.

Installing the Outer Rails on the Rack

Installing the Outer Rails

- 1. Confirm that the left and right outer rails have been correctly identified.
- 2. Release the small locking lever on the inside of the middle rail and push the middle rail back into the outer rail.
- 3. Insert the square pins at the front of the outer rail into the square holes on the front of the rack. Push until the latch snaps into place.
- 4. The outer rail is actually two pieces that slide to lengthen. Pull out the rear of the outer rail, adjusting the length until the square pin assembly passes, then fits against the back of the rear post. Be careful to keep the rail level.
- 5. Insert the square pins at the rear of the outer rail into the square holes on the rear of the rack. Push until the latch snaps into place.
- 6. Repeat for the other outer rail.



Figure 2-4. Installing the Outer Rails

Note: Figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

Installing the System into the Rack

After the rails are installed on the chassis and on the rack, the server can be installed in the rack. Be sure to use sufficient personnel to lift it safely.

Installing the Chassis into a Rack

- 1. Pull the middle rail out of the front of the outer rail and make sure that the ball bearing shuttle is locked at the front of the middle rail.
- 2. Align the inner rails on the chassis with the front of the middle rails and then push evenly on both sides of the chassis. When partially in, the locking levers will stop further progress.
- 3. Press down the locking levers on the inner rails and push the chassis all the way into the rack. The front latches will click into place.



Figure 2-5. Installing the System into the Rack

Note: Figure is for illustrative purposes only. Always install servers to the bottom of a rack first.

Removing the System From the Rack

- 1. Lift the auto-lock latches and pull the chassis out the front of the rack until it stops.
- 2. To remove the chassis from the rack completely, press the release latches on each of the inner rails downward simultaneously and continue to pull the chassis out of the rack.

Caution! It is dangerous for a single person to off-load the heavy chassis from the rack without assistance. Be sure to have sufficient assistance supporting the chassis when removing it from the rack or use a lift.



Figure 2-6. Removing the System from the Rack

Removing the Outer Rails From the Rack

In the uncommon event that it is necessary to remove the outer rails from the rack, follow these instructions. The chassis must be out of the rack.

Releasing the Outer Rails

- 1. On the front of the outer rail, slide the small plastic safety slider (red in drawing) up and hold it while pushing the plastic release button (green in drawing) just below it.
- 2. While holding the release button in, pull the outer rail forward to disengage the pins and the front of the rail from the rack.
- 3. Support the front of the outer and middle rail assembly while releasing the rear.
- 4. Remove the outer rail from the rear of the rack in the same way as the front. Slide the safety slider up and push and hold the release button, then pull the rear pins out of the rack and remove the rail.



Figure 2-7. Removing the Outer Rails

Chapter 3

Maintenance and Component Installation

This chapter provides instructions on installing and replacing main system components. To prevent compatibility issues, only use components that match the specifications and/or part numbers given.

Installation or replacement of most components require that power first be removed from the system. Please follow the procedures given in each section.

3.1 Removing Power

Use the following procedure to ensure that power has been removed from the system. This step is necessary when removing or installing non hot-swap components or when replacing a non-redundant power supply.

- 1. Use the operating system to power down the system.
- 2. After the system has completely shut-down, disconnect the AC power cord(s) from the power strip or outlet. (If your system has more than one power supply, remove the AC power cords from all power supply modules.)
- 3. Disconnect the power cord(s) from the power supply module(s).

3.2 Accessing the System

The SC118GQETS-R2K05P2/SC118GQPTS-R2K05P2 features a removable two-piece top cover, which allows easy access to the inside of the chassis.

Removing the Top Cover

- 1. Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1.
- 2. Unscrew the two thumb screws on the end of the chassis.
- 3. Remove the screws securing the cover to each side of the chassis.
- 4. Pull the cover towards the end of the chassis and off. See Figure 3-1.

Warning: Except for short periods of time, do not operate the server without the cover in place. The chassis cover must be in place to allow for proper airflow and to prevent overheating.



Figure 3-1. Removing the Chassis Cover

3.3 Motherboard Components

Processor and Heatsink Installation

Follow the procedures in this section to install a processor (CPU) and heatsink to the motherboard.

Notes:

- The motherboard should be installed into the chassis first and the processor should be installed into the CPU socket before you install a CPU heatsink.
- If you bought a CPU separately, make sure that you use an Intel-certified multi-directional heatsink only.
- When receiving a motherboard without a processor pre-installed, make sure that the plastic CPU socket cap is in place and none of the socket pins are bent; otherwise, contact your retailer immediately.
- Refer to the Supermicro website for updates on CPU support.

Removing the Dust Cover from the CPU Socket

Remove the dust cover from the CPU socket to expose the socket and socket pins as shown in the illustration below.

Note: Do not touch the socket pins to avoid damage to them and to prevent the CPU from malfunctioning.



Figure 3-2. Removing the Processor Dust Cover

Processor Package Assembly

To properly install the CPU into the narrow processor clip, please follow the steps below.

- 1. Locate pin 1 (notch A), which is the triangle located on the top of the narrow processor clip. Also locate notch B and notch C on the processor clip.
- 2. Locate pin 1 (notch A), which is the triangle on the substrate of the CPU. Also, locate notch B and notch C on the CPU as shown below.
- 3. Align pin 1 (the triangle on the substrate) of the CPU with pin 1 (the triangle) of the narrow processor clip. Once they are aligned, carefully insert the CPU into the processor clip by sliding notch B of the CPU into notch B of the processor clip, and sliding notch C of the CPU into notch C of the processor clip.
- 4. Examine all corners of the CPU to ensure that it is properly seated on the processor clip. Once the CPU is securely attached to the processor clip, the processor package assembly is created.

Note: Please exercise extreme caution when handling the CPU. Do not touch the CPU LGA-lands to avoid damaging the LGA-lands or the CPU. Be sure to wear ESD gloves when handling components.



Figure 3-3. Processor Package Assembly

Processor Heatsink Module (PHM)

After you have made a processor package assembly by following the instructions on the previous page, please follow the steps below to mount the processor package assembly onto the heatsink to create the Processor Heatsink Module (PHM).

- Locate "1" on the heatsink label and the triangular corner next to it on the heatsink. With your index finger pressing against the screw at this triangular corner, carefully hold and turn the heatsink upside down with the thermal-grease side facing up. Remove the protective thermal film if present, and apply the proper amount of the thermal grease as needed. (Skip this step if you have a new heatsink because the necessary thermal grease is pre-applied in the factory.)
- 2. Holding the processor package assembly at the center edge, turn it upside down. With the thermal-grease side facing up, locate the hollow triangle located at the corner of the processor carrier assembly ("a" in the graphic). Note a larger hole and plastic mounting clicks located next to the hollow triangle. Also locate another set of mounting clicks and a larger hole at the diagonal corner of the same (reverse) side of the processor carrier assembly ("b" in the graphic).
- 3. With the back of heatsink and the reverse side of the processor package assembly facing up, align the triangular corner on the heatsink ("A" in the graphic) against the mounting clips next to the hollow triangle ("a") on the processor package assembly.
- 4. Also align the triangular corner ("B") at the diagonal side of the heatsink with the corresponding clips on the processor package assembly ("b").

5. Once the mounting clips on the processor package assembly are properly aligned with the corresponding holes on the back of heatsink, securely attach the heatsink to the processor package assembly by snapping the mounting clips at the proper places on the heatsink to create the processor heatsink module (PHM).



Figure 3-4. Processor Heatsink Module (PHM)

Removing the Processor Heatsink Module (PHM)

Before removing the processor heatsink module (PHM), unplug power cord from the power outlet.

- Using a T30 Torx-bit screwdriver, turn the screws on the PHM counterclockwise to loosen them from the socket, starting with screw marked #4 (in the sequence of 4, 3, 2, 1).
- 2. After all four screws are removed, wiggle the PHM gently and pull it up to remove it from the socket.

Note: To properly remove the processor heatsink module, be sure to loosen and remove the screws on the PHM in the sequence of 4, 3, 2, 1 as shown below.



Figure 3-5. Removing the PHM

Memory Installation

Memory Support

The X11DGQ supports up to 1.5TB of DDR4-2666 ECC 3DS LRDIMM or ECC RDIMM in 12 DIMM slots. Populating these slots with two DIMMs at a time will result in interleaved memory, which will improve performance.

Check the Supermicro website for possible updates to memory support.

Installing Memory

Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1.

- Insert DIMM modules in the following order: For CPU1, begin with P1-DIMMC1, P1-DIMMB1, P1-DIMMA1 then P1-DIMMF1, P1-DIMME1, P1-DIMMD1. For CPU2, begin with P2-DIMMC1, P2-DIMMB1, P2-DIMMA1 then P2-DIMMF1, P2-DIMME1, P2-DIMMD1. For the system to work properly, please use memory modules of the same type and speed.
- 2. Push the release tabs outwards on both ends of the DIMM slot to unlock it.
- 3. Align the key of the DIMM module with the receptive point on the memory slot.
- 4. Align the notches on both ends of the module against the receptive points on the ends of the slot.
- 5. Use two thumbs together to press the notches on both ends of the module straight down into the slot until the module snaps into place.



Figure 3-6. Installing DIMMs

Warning: In dual-CPU configurations, memory must be installed in the DIMM slots associated with the installed CPUs.

Note: Visit the product page on the Supermicro website for possible updates to memory support (www.supermicro.com).

- 6. Press the release tabs to the lock positions to secure the DIMM module into the slot.
- 7. DIMM Removal
- 8. Reverse the steps above to remove the DIMM modules from the motherboard..

Caution: Exercise extreme caution when installing or removing memory modules to prevent any possible damage to the DIMMs or slots.

| DDR4 Memory Support for the Intel Xeon Scalable Processor | | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|-----------|--|---------------------------|--|
| Туре | Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width | DIMM Capacity (GB) | | Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V); Slots per Channel (SPC) and DIMMs per Channel (DPC) | | |
| | | | | 2 Slots per Channel | | |
| | | | | 1DPC (1-DIMM per Channel) | 2DPC (2-DIMM per Channel) | |
| | | 4 Gb | 8 Gb | 1.2 V | 1.2 V | |
| RDIMM | SRx4 | 8 GB | 16 GB | 2666 | 2666 | |
| RDIMM | SRx8 | 4 GB | 8 GB | 2666 | 2666 | |
| RDIMM | DRx8 | 8 GB | 16 GB | 2666 | 2666 | |
| RDIMM | DRx4 | 16 GB | 32 GB | 2666 | 2666 | |
| | QRX4 | N/A | 2H-64GB | 2666 | 2666 | |
| RDIIVIIVI 3DS | 8RX4 | N/A | 4H-128GB | 2666 | 2666 | |
| LRDIMM | QRx4 | 32 GB | 64 GB | 2666 | 2666 | |
| LRDIMM 3Ds | QRX4 | N/A | 2H-64GB | 2666 | 2666 | |
| | 8Rx4 | N/A | 4H-128 GB | 2666 | 2666 | |

| DDR4 Memory Support for the Intel Intel Xeon Scalable Processor | | | | | |
|---|---|-----------------------|-----------|--|--|
| Туре | Ranks Per DIMM and Data Width | DIMM Capacity (GB) | | Speed (MT/s); Voltage (V); Slots per Channel (SPC) and DIMMs per Channel (DPC) | |
| | | | | 1 Slot per Channel | |
| | | | | 1DPC (1-DIMM per Channel) | |
| | | 4 Gb | 8 Gb | 1.2 V | |
| RDIMM | SRx4 | 8 GB | 16 GB | 2666 | |
| RDIMM | SRx8 | 4 GB | 8 GB | 2666 | |
| RDIMM | DRx8 | 8 GB | 16 GB | 2666 | |
| RDIMM | DRx4 | 16 GB | 32 GB | 2666 | |
| RDIMM 3Ds | QRX4 | N/A | 2H-64GB | 2666 | |
| | 8RX4 | N/A | 4H-128GB | 2666 | |
| LRDIMM | QRx4 | 32 GB | 64 GB | 2666 | |
| LRDIMM 3Ds | QRX4 | N/A | 2H-64GB | 2666 | |
| | 8Rx4 | N/A | 4H-128 GB | 2666 | |
DIMM Population Requirements

For optimal memory performance, follow the tables below when populating the DIMM slots.

| Key Parameters for DIMM Configurations | | |
|--|--|--|
| Parameters | Possible Values | |
| Number of Channels | 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, or 6 | |
| Number of DIMMs per Channel | 1DPC (1 DIMM Per Channel) or 2DPC (2 DIMMs Per Channel) | |
| DIMM Type | RDIMM (w/ECC), LRDIMM, 3DS-LRDIMM | |
| DIMM Construction | non-3DS RDIMM Raw Cards: A/B (2RX4), C (1RX4), D (1RX8), E (2RX8) 3DS RDIMM Raw Cards: A/B (4RX4) non 3DS LRDIMM Raw Cards: D/E (4RX4) | |
| | 3DS LRDIMM Raw Cards: A/B (8RX4) | |

| | General Population Requirements |
|---|---|
| | DIMM Mixing Rules |
| ٠ | All DIMMs must be DDR4 DIMMs only. |
| • | X4 and X8 DIMMs can be mixed in the same channel. |
| • | Mixing of LRDIMMs and RDIMMs is not allowed in the same channel, across different channels, and across different sockets. |
| • | Mixing of non-3DS and 3DS LRDIMM is not allowed in the same channel, across different channels, and across different sockets. |

| Mixing of DIMM Types within a Channel | | | | |
|---------------------------------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|--|
| DIMM Types RDIMM LRDIMM 3DS LRDIMM | | | | |
| RDIMM | Allowed | Not Allowed | Not Allowed | |
| LRDIMM | Not Allowed | Allowed | Not Allowed | |
| 3DS LRDIMM | Not Allowed | NotAllowed | Allowed | |

DDR4 Only Socket Level Population Requirements

- DDR4 Socket Level Minimum Population Requirements
- There should be at least one DDR4 DIMM per socket.
- If only one DIMM is populated in a channel, then populate it in the slot furthest away from CPU.
- Always populate DIMMs with a higher electrical loading in DIMM0 followed by DIMM1.

| | DDR4 Only Memory Populations with Possible Mixes | | | | |
|-----------------|--|---|---|---|---|
| DDR4 RDIMM | | DIMM0/DIMM1 Config. Set A | DIMM0/DIMM1 Config. Set B | DIMM0/DIMM1 Con- fig. Set C | Possible Mixes DIMM0/DIMM1 |
| Within | DDR0 | x8, None, x8, x8 | x4, None, x4, x4 | x8, x4, or x4, x8 | Single Rank, None |
| DIMM Popula- | DDR1 | None or same as DDR0 | None or same as DDR0 | None or same as DDR0 | Dual Rank, Single Rank, Dual Rank, None |
| tion | DDR2 | None or same as DDR1 (excludes DIMM 1 in 5DIMM configurations) | None or same as DDR1 (excludes DIMM 1 in 5DIMM configurations) | None or same as DDR1 (excludes DIMM 1 in 5DIMM configura- tions) | Dual Rank, Dual Rank, Single Rank, Single Rank |

| DDR4 Only Memory Populations with Possible Mixes | | | |
|--|------|---------------------------|---------------------------------|
| 3DS LRDIMM or 3DS RDIMM | | DIMM0/DIMM1 Config. Set A | Possible Mixes DIMM0/DIMM1 |
| Within IMC | DDR0 | x4, None, x4, x4 | Quad Rank, None |
| lation | DDR1 | None or same as DDR0 | Cannot mix 3DS LRDIMM and RDIMM |
| | DDR2 | None or same as DDR1 | |

| DDR4 Only Memory Populations with Possible Mixes | | | |
|--|---|---|-------------------------------|
| LRDIMMs | | DIMM0/DIMM1 | Possible Mixes DIMM0/DIMM1 |
| Within IMC | DDR0 | x4, None, x4, x4 | Quad Rank, None |
| lation | tion DDR1 None or same as DDR0 Note: Requirements | Note: Requirements | |
| DDR2 | None or same as DDR1 | *Match DIMM types installed across DDR channels within an IMC *Always populate iMC0 first | |

| DDR4 Only 2SPC Memory Configuration with x8 DIMMs | | | | |
|---|--|--|--------------------|----------------------|
| | Total # of DIMMs | DDR Channel | Number of Ranks | Virtual Lock Step |
| DIMM Population | 1 x8 DIMM | Must be installed on iMC0 DDR Channel 0 | 1 | N/A |
| (Note: Uniformly | | | >1 | SVLS |
| DRAMs DIMMs) | 2 x8 DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 1 DIMM | 1 | N/A |
| | | | >1 | SVLS |
| | 3 x8 DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 1 DIMM | 1 | N/A |
| | | DDR2: Populate identically as DDR0 | >1 | SVLS |
| | 4 x8 DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 2 DIMMs DDR1: Populate identically as DDR0 | x | SVLS |
| | 5 x8 DIMMs | DDR Channel 0, 1, 2: DIMM0 is populated with identi- cal DIMMs, DDR Channel 0, 1: DIMM1 is populated with identical DIMMs | >1 | SVLS |
| | 6 x8 DIMMs | Populate 2 DIMMs per DDR channel | x | SVLS |
| DIMM Population | DIMM Population 1 pair of DDR0: Populate with 1 DIMM | | 1 | N/A |
| (Note: Non-equal | Divivis | mance) | >1 | SVLS |
| DIMMs) | 2 pairs of | DDR0: Populate with 1 pair of non-equal rank DIMMs | 1 | N/A |
| | Divivis | | >1 | SVLS |
| | 3 pairs of DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 1 pair of non-equal rank DIMMs DDR1: Populate identically as DDR0 DDR2: Populate identically as DDR1 | x | SVLS |
| | 2 pairs+1 (5DIMMs) | DDR0: Populate with 1 pair of non-equal rank DIMMs DDR1: Populate with identical DIMMs as DDR0 DDR2: DIMM0 is populated with identical DIMM as DDR1 | >1 | SVLS |

| | DDR4 Only 2SPC Memory Configuration with x4 DIMMs | | | |
|---|---|--|--------------------|-------------------------------|
| | Total # of DIMMs | DDR Channel | Number of Ranks | Adaptive Virtual Lock Step |
| DIMM Popula- | 1 x4 DIMM | Must be installed on iMC0 DDR Channel 0 | 1 | Y, only Bank VLS |
| IMC | | | >1 | Y |
| Note: Uniformly populate with x4 | 2 x4 DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 1 DIMM | 1 | Y, only Bank VLS |
| DRAMs/DIMMs | | >1 | >1 | Y |
| | 3 x4 DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 1 DIMM | 1 | Y, only Bank VLS |
| | | DDR2: Populate identically as DDR0 | >1 | Y |
| | 4 x4 DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 2 DIMMs DDR1: Populate identically as DDR0 | x | Y |
| | 5 x4 DIMMs | DDR Channel 0, 1, 2: DIMM0 is populated with identi- cal DIMMs, DDR Channel 0, 1: DIMM1 is populated with identical DIMMs | >1 | Y |
| | 6 x4 DIMMs | Populate 2 DIMMs per DDR channel | x | Y |
| DIMM Popula- tion within an IMC | 1 pair of DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 1 DIMM DDR1: Populate the second DIMM (for best perfor- mance) | >1 | Y |
| Note: Non- equal in rank pair of x4 DIMMs) | 2 pairs of DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 1 pair of non-equal rank DIMMs DDR1: Populate identically as DDR0 | >1 | Y |
| | 3 pairs of DIMMs | DDR0: Populate with 1 pair of non-equal rank DIMMs DDR1: Populate identically as DDR0 DDR2: Populate identically as DDR1 | x | Y |
| | 2 pairs+1 (5DIMMs) | DDR0: Populate with 1 pair of non-equal rank DIMMs DDR1: Populate with identical DIMMs as DDR0 DDR2: DIMM0 is populated with identical DIMM as DDR1 | >1 | Y |

| [| DDR4 Only 2SPC Memory Configuration with x8/x4 DIMMs Mixed | | | |
|---------------------------------------|--|--|-----------------------|--|
| DDR4 RDIMM | Total # of DIMMs | DDR Channel | ADDC/SDDC Features | |
| DIMM Popula- tion within an IMC | 1 pair of x8, x4 | DDR0: Populate with 1 DIMM DDR1: Populate the second DIMM (for best perfor- mance) | No | |
| | 2 pairs of x8, x4 | Populate with 1 pair of DIMMs on DDR0, and identical pair on DDR1 | No | |
| | 3 pairs of x8, x4 | A pair of DIMMs on DDR0, and identical pair on DDR1, and DDR2 | No | |

Motherboard Battery

The motherboard uses non-volatile memory to retain system information when system power is removed. This memory is powered by a lithium battery residing on the motherboard. *Replacing the Battery*

Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1 and remove the cover as described in Section 3.2..

- 1. Push aside the small clamp that covers the edge of the battery. When the battery is released, lift it out of the holder.
- 2. To insert a new battery, slide one edge under the lip of the holder with the positive (+) side facing up. Then push the other side down until the clamp snaps over it.



Figure 3-7. Installing the Onboard Battery

Warning: There is a danger of explosion if the onboard battery is installed upside down (which reverses its polarities). This battery must be replaced only with the same or an equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer (CR2032).

Note: Handle used batteries carefully. Do not damage the battery in any way; a damaged battery may release hazardous materials into the environment. Do not discard a used battery in the garbage or a public landfill. Please comply with the regulations set up by your local hazardous waste management agency to dispose of your used battery properly.

3.4 Chassis Components

Hard Drives

The SC118GQ chassis has two externally accessible hot-swap 2.5" drive bays and space for two internal fixed 2.5" drives..

The hard drives are mounted in drive carriers to simplify their installation and removal from the chassis. (Both procedures may be done without removing power from the system.)

Externally Accessible Drives

The two hot-swap drives are mounted in drive carriers to simplify their installation and removal from the chassis. System power may remain on when removing carriers with drives installed. These carriers also help promote proper airflow for the drive bays. For this reason, even carriers without drives must remain in the chassis.

Removing a Hot-Swap Drive Carrier

- 1. Push the release button on the carrier. This extends the carrier handle.
- 2. Swing the handle fully out.
- 3. Grasp the handle and use it to pull the drive carrier out of its bay.

Mounting a Drive in a Drive Carrier

- 1. To add a new drive, install it into the carrier with the printed circuit board side facing down so that the mounting holes align with those in the carrier.
- 2. Secure the drive to the carrier with the screws provided, then push the carrier completely into the drive bay. You should hear a *click* when the drive is fully inserted. This indicates that the carrier has been fully seated and connected to the midplane, which automatically makes the power and logic connections to the hard drive.

Removing a Drive from a Drive Carrier

- 1. Remove the screws that secure the hard drive to the carrier and separate the hard drive from the carrier.
- 2. Replace the carrier back into the drive bay.

Note: Enterprise level hard disk drives are recommended for use in Supermicro chassis and servers. For information on recommended HDDs, visit the Supermicro website at http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/files/storage/SBB-HDDCompList.pdf

Internal Drives

The system supports one or two 2.5" fixed hard disk drives when using the included mounting bracket.

Installing Internal Drives

- 1. Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1.
- 2. Remove the chassis cover as described in Section 3.2.
- 3. Mount the drives in the bracket, securing them with screws.
- 4. Secure the bracket onto the chassis floor.
- 5. Attach cables from the drives to the motherboard.



Figure 3-8. Installing Internal Drives

Graphics Processing Units

The 1029GQ-TRT and 1029GQ-TNRT include riser cards to support double-width GPUs (four total). The 1029GQ-TXRT supports P100/V100 SXM2 GPUs installed on the AOM-SXM2 add-on modules.

To take advantage of the high speeds, GPUs should be installed in pairs. If you are installing two Pascal GPUs only, use positions 2 and 3 for the fastest GPU connection.

Note that in IPMI, the GPUs are numbered 1 to 4, right to left.

Installing GPUs

- 1. Begin by removing power from the system as described in Section 3.1.
- 2. Remove the chassis cover as described in Section 3.2.
- 3. Remove the plastic socket cover on both the GPU and the add-on module.
- 4. Position the GPU on the socket on the add-on module board. Note that the GPU has two asymmetrical guide pins that line up with holes in the add-on board. They allow only the correct orientation of the GPU.
- 5. Secure the GPU with eight screws. Screw in the four inside screws first in a diagonal pattern, then the four outside screws in a diagonal pattern. Be careful not to damage the surrounding elements.
- 6. Install the GPU heatsink. Orient it with the smooth air channel on the chassis right side (when viewed from the front). That is the same side as the power supply modules. The arrow on the heatsink should point to the front of the chassis. Secure with four screws gradually in a diagonal pattern.



Figure 3-9. Installing GPUs

Note: Do not add any thermal grease to the heatsink. The required amount has already been applied.

- 7. Attach the OCuLink cable from the add-on module connector to the riser card connector. This allows the GPU to output directly to the network at high speeds
- • CN1 (from AOM) to CN1 (from RSC-GN2-66)
- • CN2 (from AOM) to CN2 (from RSC-GN2-66)
- • CN3 (from AOM) to CN3 (from RSC-G-A66-X1)
- • CN4 (from AOM) to CN4 (from RSC-G-A66-X1)



Figure 3-10. GPU Heatsink

Adding Expansion Cards

1029GQ-TRT and 1029GQ-TNRT GPUs

These systems supports up to four K80/P40/P100/Coprocessors (GPUs) and two low-profile PCI-E expansion cards.

Installing the Front GPUs

Install the front GPUs using the front riser card (RSC-GR-6-X).

- 1. Remove the riser card bracket.
- 2. Attach the riser card to the bracket.
- 3. Insert the GPU into the riser card slot.
- 4. Connect the cables.



Figure 3-11. Installing Front GPUs

Install the rear GPU using the rear riser card (RSC-G-A6) riser card.

Installing the Rear GPU

- 1. Remove the chassis bracket.
- 2. Attach the riser card to the bracket.
- 3. Insert the GPU into the riser card slot.
- 4. Cable up. See the next page for routing and cable reference.
- 5. Insert the riser card into motherboard slot and secure the bracket to chassis rear.



Figure 3-12. Installing Rear GPU

| Cable Reference Table | | | | |
|-----------------------|----------------------------------|-------|------|-----------------|
| Cable P/N | GPU Type, Connector Type, Length | | | Quantity/Server |
| CBL-PWEX-1026 | P100/P40/V100/V40/K80/M60/M40/ | 8-pin | 35cm | 3 |
| CBL-PWEX-1027 | P100/P40/V100/V40/K80/M60/M40/ | 8-pin | 14cm | 1 |



Figure 3-13. GPU Cable Routing

Note: numbers in figure indicate logical GPU number.

1029GQ-TXRT Add-on Modules

This system includes two installed add-on modules.



Figure 3-14. Add-on Modules

Note: numbers in figure indicate logical GPU number.

System Cooling

A row of 4-cm counter-rotating fans provide the cooling for the system (Nine fans on the 1029GQ-TRT and 1029GQ-TNRT, seven on the 1029GQ-TXRT.) Each fan unit is actually made up of two fans joined back-to-back, which rotate in opposite directions. This counter-rotating action generates exceptional airflow and is effective in dampening vibration levels. The chassis provides two additional open fan housings, where an additional system fan may be added for optimal cooling.

It is very important that the chassis top cover is installed for the cooling air to circulate properly through the chassis and cool the components.

Installing Fans

Fan speed is controlled by system temperature via IPMI. If a fan fails, the remaining fans will ramp up to full speed. Replace any failed fan at your earliest convenience with the same type and model (the system can continue to run with a failed fan).

- 1. With the server powered on, remove the chassis cover and inspect the fans to see which one has failed.
- 2. Power down the server as described in Section 3.1.
- 3. Remove the failed fan's wiring from the fan header on the motherboard.
- 4. Lift the failed fan from the chassis and pull it completely out.
- 5. Place the new fan into the vacant space in the housing while making sure the arrows on the top of the fan (indicating air direction) point in the same direction as the arrows on the other fans.
- 6. Connect the fan wires to the same fan header as the fan just removed.
- 7. Power up the system and check that the fan is working properly before replacing the chassis cover.



Figure 3-15. Installing a Fan

Air Shroud and Block

Cooling is also improved by means of an air block and an air shroud to channel the air flow. The mylar shroud covers the CPUs and memory.

Installing the Air Shroud

- 1. Lay the chassis on a flat, stable surface and remove the chassis cover.
- 2. If necessary, move any cables that interfere with the air shroud placement.
- 3. Place the air shroud in the chassis. The air shroud fits just behind the three fans in the fan rack. Slide the air shroud into the grooves just behind the fan rack.
- 4. Reroute any cables that were moved and replace the chassis cover.



Figure 3-16. Air Block

Power Supply

The 1029GQ-TRT/TNRT/TXRT has a 2000W redundant power supply consisting of two power modules. Each has an auto-switching capability, which enables it to automatically sense and operate with a 100V to 240V input voltage.

Replacing a Power Supply Module

If either of the two power supply modules fail, the other module will take the full load and allow the system to continue operation without interruption.* The Power Fail LED will illuminate and remain on until the failed unit has been replaced. Replacement units can be ordered directly from Supermicro. Replace the failed hot-swap unit with another identical power supply unit. The power supply modules can replaced without powering down the system.

Replacing the Power Supply

- 1. Unplug the AC power cord from the failed power supply module.
- 2. Depress the release button on the power supply module.
- 3. Use the handle to pull the module straight out of the chassis.
- 4. Push the new power supply unit into the power bay until it clicks.
- 5. Plug the AC power cord back into the unit and power up the server.



Figure 3-17. Removing/Replacing a Power Supply

*Two power supplies are required for the 1029GQ-TXRT when four GPUs are being used. This negates the power redundancy feature.

Chapter 4

Motherboard Connections

This section describes the connections on the motherboard and provides pinout definitions. Note that depending on how the system is configured, not all connections are required. The LEDs on the motherboard are also described here. A serverboard layout indicating component locations may be found in Chapter 1.

Please review the Safety Precautions in Appendix B before installing or removing components.

4.1 Power Connections

Two power connections on the X11DGQ must be connected to the power supply. The wiring is included with the power supply.

• 8-pin Processor Power (JPWR2)

Main ATX Power

The power supply modules plug directly into the X11DGQ, so there is no cable connection that needs to be made for main power. However you must also connect the 8-pin power connectors (JPW1 - JPW4) to your power supply (see below) to provide power to the GPUs.

GPU Power Headers

JPW1-JPW4 are the 8-pin 12V DC power output for the GPU's.

| GPU Power Pin Definitions | |
|------------------------------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 1 - 4 | Ground |
| 5 - 8 | +12V |

Required Connection

4.2 Headers and Connectors

Fan Headers

There is a single power header on the motherboard for all the fans. This is a 4-pin fan header; pins 1-3 are backward compatible with traditional 3-pin fans. The onboard fan speeds are controlled by Thermal Management in the BIOS. When using Thermal Management, <u>use all 3-pin fans or all 4-pin fans</u>.

| F Pii | Fan Header Pin Definitions | | |
|----------|-------------------------------|--|--|
| Pin# | Definition | | |
| 1 | Ground (Black) | | |
| 2 | +12V (Red) | | |
| 3 | Tachometer | | |
| 4 | PWM Control | | |

TPM Header

The JTPM1 header is used to connect a Trusted Platform Module (TPM)/Port 80, which is available from a third-party vendor. A TPM/Port 80 connector is a security device that supports encryption and authentication in hard drives. It allows the motherboard to deny access if the TPM associated with the hard drive is not installed in the system. See the table below for pin definitions.

| Trusted Platform Module/Port 80 Header Pin Definitions | | | |
|---|-------------|------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition | Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | +3.3V | 2 | SPI_CS# |
| 3 | RESET# | 4 | SPI_MISO |
| 5 | SPI_CLK | 6 | GND |
| 7 | SPI_MOSI | 8 | |
| 9 | +3.3V Stdby | 10 | SPI_IRQ# |

RAID Key Header

A RAID Key header is located at JRK1 on the motherboard. The RAID key is used to support NVMe RAID.

| RAID Key Header Pin Definitions | |
|------------------------------------|--------------|
| Pin# Definition | |
| 1 | Ground |
| 2 | PU 3.3V Stby |
| 3 | Ground |
| 4 | PCH RAID Key |

SGPIO Headers

The I-SGPIO1 (Serial General Purpose Input/Output) header is used to communicate with the enclosure management chip on the backplane.

| SGPIO Header Pin Definitions | | | |
|---------------------------------|------------|------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition | Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | NC | 2 | NC |
| 3 | Ground | 4 | DATA Out |
| 5 | Load | 6 | Ground |
| 7 | Clock | 8 | NC |

Standby Power

The Standby Power header is located at JSTBY1 on the motherboard. You must have a card with a Standby Power connector and a cable to use this feature. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Standby Power Pin Definitions | |
|----------------------------------|-------------|
| Pin# Definition | |
| 1 | +5V Standby |
| 2 | Ground |
| 3 No Connection | |

Chassis Intrusion

A Chassis Intrusion header is located at JL1 on the motherboard. Attach the appropriate cable from the chassis to inform you of a chassis intrusion when the chassis is opened. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| Chassis Intrusion Pin Definitions | |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | Intrusion Input |
| 2 | Ground |

M.2 Slot

The X11DGQ has one M.2 slot. M.2 is formerly known as Next Generation Form Factor (NGFF). The M.2 slot is designed for internal mounting devices and provides M Key 2242/2280 support dedicated for SSD devices with the ultimate performance capability in a PCI-E 3.0 x4 or SATA interface for native PCI-E SSD support.

Micro SD Card

There is a Micro SD memory card slot located at JSDCARD1 on the motherboard.

Control Panel

JF1 contains header pins for various control panel connections. See the figure below for the pin locations and definitions of the control panel buttons and LED indicators.

All JF1 wires have been bundled into a single cable to simplify this connection. Make sure the red wire plugs into pin 1 as marked on the motherboard. The other end connects to the control panel PCB board.



Figure 4-1. JF1: Control Panel Pins

Power Button

The Power Button connection is located on pins 1 and 2 of JF1. Momentarily contacting both pins will power on/off the system. This button can also be configured to function as a suspend button (with a setting in the BIOS - see Chapter 7). To turn off the power when the system is in suspend mode, press the button for 4 seconds or longer.

| Power Button Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | Signal |
| 2 | Ground |

Reset Button

The Reset Button connection is located on pins 3 and 4 of JF1. Attach it to a hardware reset switch on the computer chassis.

| Reset Button Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|---------------------------------------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 3 | Reset |
| 4 | Ground |

Power Fail LED

The Power Fail LED connection is located on pins 5 and 6 of JF1.

| Power Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|---|-----------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 5 | 3.3V |
| 6 | PWR Supply Fail |

Fan Fail and UID LED

Connect an LED cable to pins 7 and 8 of JF1 to use the Overheat/Fan Fail LED connections. The LED on pin 8 provides warnings of overheat or fan failure.

| OH/Fan Fail Indicator Status | |
|---------------------------------|------------|
| Status | Definition |
| Off | Normal |
| On | Overheat |
| Flashing Fan Fail | |

| OH/Fan Fail LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|--|-----------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 7 | Blue LED |
| 8 | OH/Fan Fail LED |

NIC1/NIC2 (LAN1/LAN2)

The NIC (Network Interface Controller) LED connection for LAN port 1 is located on pins 11 and 12 of JF1, and the LED connection for LAN Port 2 is on pins 9 and 10. Attach the NIC LED cables here to display network activity.

| LAN1/LAN2 LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|--|-------------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 9 | NIC2 Activity LED |
| 10 | NIC2 Link LED |
| 11 | NIC1 Activity LED |
| 12 | NIC1 Link LED |

HDD LED

The HDD LED connection is located on pins 13 and 14 of JF1. Attach a cable to Pin 14 to show hard drive activity status. Refer to the table below for pin definitions.

| HDD LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|----------------------------------|--------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 13 | 3.3V Standby |
| 14 | HDD Active |

Power LED

The Power LED connection is located on pins 15 and 16 of JF1.

| Power LED Pin Definitions (JF1) | |
|------------------------------------|------------|
| Pin# | Definition |
| 15 | 3.3V |
| 16 | Power LED |

NMI Button

The non-maskable interrupt button header is located on pins 19 and 20 of JF1.

| NMI Button Pin Definitions (JF1) | | |
|-------------------------------------|------------|--|
| Pin# | Definition | |
| 19 | Control | |
| 20 | Ground | |

4.3 Ports

Ethernet Ports

Two LAN ports (LAN1/LAN2) and a dedicated IPMI LAN port are provided on the motherboard. LAN1/LAN2 are supported by the X540 on the AOM-PIO-i2XT card, which plugs into JSLOT6. The dedicated IPMI LAN is supported by the onboard AST 2500 BMC and accepts an RJ45 type cable. Refer to the LED Indicator Section for LAN LED information.

SATA Ports

The X11DGQ includes a total of four SATA3 ports (I-SATA0 \sim 3).

Universal Serial Bus (USB) Ports

There are two USB 3.0 ports (USB2/3) on the I/O back panel.

| Back Panel USB2/3 (USB3.0) Pin Definitions | | | |
|---|------------|------|---------------------------|
| Pin# | Definition | Pin# | Definition |
| 1 | VBUS | 10 | Power |
| 2 | D- | 11 | USB 2.0 Differential Pair |
| 3 | D+ | 12 | |
| 4 | GND | 13 | Ground of PWR Return |
| 5 | Stda_SSRX- | 14 | SuperSpeed Receiver |
| 6 | Stda_SSRX+ | 15 | Differential Pair |
| 7 | GND | 16 | Ground for Signal Return |
| 8 | Stda_SSTX- | 17 | SuperSpeed Transmitter |
| 9 | Stda_SSTX+ | 18 | Differential Pair |

4.4 Jumpers

Explanation of Jumpers

To modify the operation of the motherboard, jumpers are used to choose between optional settings. Jumpers create shorts between two pins to change the function associated with it. Pin 1 is identified with a square solder pad on the printed circuit board. See the motherboard layout page for jumper locations.

Note: On a two-pin jumper, "Closed" means the jumper is on both pins and "Open" indicates the jumper is either on only one pin or has been completely removed.



CMOS Clear

JBT1 is used to clear CMOS, which will also clear any passwords. Instead of pins, this jumper consists of contact pads to prevent accidentally clearing the contents of CMOS. *To Clear CMOS*

- 1. First power down the system and unplug the power cord(s).
- 2. Remove the cover of the chassis to access the motherboard.
- 3. Remove the onboard battery from the motherboard.
- 4. Short the CMOS pads with a metal object such as a small screwdriver for at least four seconds.
- 5. Remove the screwdriver (or shorting device).
- 6. Replace the cover, reconnect the power cord(s) and power on the system.

Notes: Clearing CMOS will also clear all passwords.

Do not use the PW_ON connector to clear CMOS.



Manufacturing Mode Select

Close JPME2 to bypass SPI flash security and force the system to use the Manufacturing Mode, which will allow you to flash the system firmware from a host server to modify system settings.

| Manufacturing Mode Select Jumper Settings | |
|--|------------------|
| Jumper Setting | Definition |
| Pins 1-2 | Normal (Default) |
| Pins 2-3 Manufacturing Mode | |

Watch Dog

JWD controls the Watch Dog function. Watch Dog is a monitor that can reboot the system when a software application hangs. Jumping pins 1-2 will cause Watch Dog to reset the system if an application hangs. Jumping pins 2-3 will generate a non-maskable interrupt signal for the application that hangs. Watch Dog must also be enabled in BIOS.

The default setting is Reset.

Note: When Watch Dog is enabled, the user needs to write their own application software to disable it.

| Watch Dog Jumper Settings | | |
|------------------------------|------------|--|
| Jumper Setting | Definition | |
| Pins 1-2 | Reset | |
| Pins 2-3 | NMI | |
| Open Disabled | | |

I²C Bus for VRM

Jumpers JVRM1 and JVRM2 allow either the BMC or the PCH to access the CPU and memory.

| I ² C Bus for VRM Jumper Settings | | |
|---|---------------|--|
| Jumper Setting | Definition | |
| Pins 1-2 | BMC (default) | |
| Pins 2-3 PCH | | |

4.5 LED Indicators

BMC Heartbeat LED

LEDM1 is the BMC heartbeat LED. When the LED is blinking green, BMC is functioning normally.

| Onboard Power LED Indicator | | |
|-----------------------------|------------|--|
| LED Color | Definition | |
| Green: | BMC Normal | |
| Blinking | | |

Onboard Power LED

The Onboard Power LED is located at LE2 on the motherboard. When this LED is on, the system is on. Be sure to turn off the system and unplug the power cord before removing or installing components.

| Onboard Power LED Indicator | |
|-----------------------------|--|
| LED Color Definition | |
| Off | System Off (power cable not connected) |
| Green | System On |

Unit ID LED

A rear UID LED indicator at LE1 is located near the UID switch on the back panel. This UID indicator provides easy identification of a system.unit that may need service.

| UID LED Indicator | |
|-------------------|-----------------|
| LED Color | Definition |
| Blue (on) | Unit Identified |

Chapter 5

Software

After the hardware has been installed, you should install the Operating System (OS), configure RAID settings and install the drivers. Necessary drivers and utilities may be found at ftp://ftp. supermicro.com/driver.

5.1 OS Installation

You must first configure RAID settings (if using RAID) before you install the Windows OS and the software drivers. To configure RAID settings, please refer to the RAID Configuration User Guides posted on our website at www.supermicro.com/support/manuals.

Installing the Windows OS for a RAID System

- 1. Insert Microsoft's Windows Setup DVD in the DVD drive and the system will start booting up from the DVD.
- 2. Insert the USB stick containing Windows drivers to a USB port on the system. **Note:** for older legacy OS's, please use a method to slipstream the drivers.
- 3. Select the partition on the drive in which to install Windows.
- 4. Browse the USB folder for the proper driver files.
- 5. Choose the RAID driver indicated in the Windows OS Setup screen, then choose the hard drive in which you want to install it.
- 6. Once all devices are specified, continue with the installation.
- 7. After the Windows OS installation is completed, the system will automatically reboot.

Installing Windows to a Non-RAID System

- 1. Insert Microsoft's Windows OS Setup DVD in the DVD-ROM drive and the system will start booting up from the DVD.
- 2. Continue with the installation. The Windows OS Setup screen will display.
- 3. From the Windows OS Setup screen, press the <Enter> key. The OS Setup will automatically load all device files and then continue with the Windows installation.
- 4. After the installation has completed, the system will automatically reboot.

5.2 Driver Installation

The Supermicro FTP site contains drivers and utilities for your system at ftp://ftp.supermicro. com. Some of these must be installed, such as the chipset driver.

After accessing the FTP site, go into the CDR_Images directory and locate the ISO file for your motherboard. Download this file to create a DVD of the drivers and utilities it contains. (You may also use a utility to extract the ISO file if preferred.)

After creating a DVD with the ISO files, insert the disk into the DVD drive on your system and the display shown in Figure 5-1 should appear.

Another option is to go to the Supermicro website at http://www.supermicro.com/products/. Find the product page for your motherboard here, where you may download individual drivers and utilities to your hard drive or a USB flash drive and install from there.

Note: To install the Windows OS, please refer to the instructions posted on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/.



Figure 5-1. Driver & Tool Installation Screen

Note: Click the icons showing a hand writing on paper to view the readme files for each item. Click the computer icons to the right of these items to install each item (from top to the bottom) one at a time. After installing each item, you must re-boot the system before moving on to the next item on the list. The bottom icon with a CD on it allows you to view the entire contents.

5.3 SuperDoctor® 5

The Supermicro SuperDoctor 5 is a program that functions in a command-line or web-based interface for Windows and Linux operating systems. The program monitors such system health information as CPU temperature, system voltages, system power consumption, fan speed, and provides alerts via email or Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP).

SuperDoctor 5 comes in local and remote management versions and can be used with Nagios to maximize your system monitoring needs. With SuperDoctor 5 Management Server (SSM Server), you can remotely control power on/off and reset chassis intrusion for multiple systems with SuperDoctor 5 or IPMI. SuperDoctor 5 Management Server monitors HTTP, FTP, and SMTP services to optimize the efficiency of your operation.

Note: The default User Name and Password for SuperDoctor 5 is admin / admin.



Figure 5-2. SuperDoctor 5 Interface Display Screen (Health Information)

5.4 IPMI

The X11DGQ supports the Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI). IPMI is used to provide remote access, monitoring and management. There are several BIOS settings that are related to IPMI.

For general documentation and information on IPMI, please visit our website at: http://www.supermicro.com/products/nfo/IPMI.cfm.

Chapter 6

BIOS

6.1 Introduction

This chapter describes the AMIBIOS[™] Setup utility for the X11DGQ motherboard. The BIOS is stored on a chip and can be easily upgraded using a flash program.

Note: Due to periodic changes to the BIOS, some settings may have been added or deleted and might not yet be recorded in this manual. Please refer to the Manual Download area of our website for any changes to BIOS that may not be reflected in this manual.

Starting the Setup Utility

To enter the BIOS Setup Utility, hit the <Delete> key while the system is booting-up. (In most cases, the <Delete> key is used to invoke the BIOS setup screen. There are a few cases when other keys are used, such as <F1>, <F2>, etc.) Each main BIOS menu option is described in this manual.

The Main BIOS screen has two main frames. The left frame displays all the options that can be configured. "Grayed-out" options cannot be configured. The right frame displays the key legend. Above the key legend is an area reserved for a text message. When an option is selected in the left frame, it is highlighted in white. Often a text message will accompany it. (Note that BIOS has default text messages built in. We retain the option to include, omit, or change any of these text messages.) Settings printed in **Bold** are the default values.

A " ▶ " indicates a submenu. Highlighting such an item and pressing the <Enter> key will open the list of settings within that submenu.

The BIOS setup utility uses a key-based navigation system called hot keys. Most of these hot keys (<F1>, <F2>, <F3>, <Enter>, <ESC>, <Arrow> keys, etc.) can be used at any time during the setup navigation process.

6.2 Main Setup

When you first enter the AMI BIOS setup utility, you will enter the Main setup screen. You can always return to the Main setup screen by selecting the Main tab on the top of the screen. The Main BIOS setup screen is shown below. The following Main menu items will be displayed:

| Aptio Setup Util Main Advanced Event Logs I | ity – Copyright (C) 2017 Ameri PMI Security Boot Save & Ex | can Megatrends, Inc. Ait |
|---|---|---|
| System Date System Time | [Fri 07/14/2017] [14:57:15] | Set the Date. Use Tab to switch between Date elements. |
| Supermicro X11DGQ BIOS Version Build Date CPLD Version | 1.0 07/07/2017 19:10:06 02.b4.AA | |
| Memory Information Total Memory Memory Speed | 8192 MB 2132 MT/s | ++: Select Screen |
| | | tl: Select Item Enter: Select +/−: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values |
| | | F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit |
| Version 2.19.12 | 68. Copyright (C) 2017 America | an Megatrends, Inc. |

System Date/System Time

Use this option to change the system date and time. Highlight *System Date* or *System Time* using the arrow keys. Enter new values using the keyboard. Press the <Tab> key or the arrow keys to move between fields. The date must be entered in MM/DD/YYYY format. The time is entered in HH:MM:SS format.

Note: The time is in the 24-hour format. For example, 5:30 P.M. appears as 17:30:00. The date's default value is 01/01/2015 after RTC reset.

Supermicro X11DGQ

BIOS Version

This item displays the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system.

Build Date

This item displays the date when the version of the BIOS ROM used in the system was built.

Memory Information

Total Memory

This item displays the total size of memory available in the system.

Memory Speed

This item displays the memory speed available in the system.

6.3 Advanced Setup Configurations

Use the arrow keys to select Boot Setup and press <Enter> to access the submenu items.

| Aptio Setup Utility – Main Advanced Event Logs IPMI S | right (C) 2017 American Megatrends, Inc. ity Boot Save & Exit |
|--|---|
| Boot Feature CPU Configuration Chipset Configuration Server ME Information SATA Configuration PCIE/PCI/PNP Configuration Super ID Configuration Serial Port Console Redirection ACPI Settings Trusted Computing Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU | Boot Feature Configuration Page ++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit |
| Version 2.19.1268. Co | ght (C) 2017 American Megatrends, Inc. |

Warning: Take caution when changing the Advanced settings. An incorrect value, a very high DRAM frequency, or an incorrect DRAM timing setting may make the system unstable. When this occurs, revert to the default to the manufacture default settings.

►Boot Feature

Quiet Boot

Use this feature to select the screen display between the POST messages and the OEM logo upon bootup. Select Disabled to display the POST messages. Select Enabled to display the OEM logo instead of the normal POST messages. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Option ROM Messages

Use this feature to set the display mode for the Option ROM. Select Keep Current to display the current AddOn ROM setting. Select Force BIOS to use the Option ROM display set by the system BIOS. The options are **Force BIOS** and Keep Current.

Bootup NumLock State

Use this feature to set the Power-on state for the <Numlock> key. The options are **On** and Off.

Wait For "F1" If Error

Use this feature to force the system to wait until the 'F1' key is pressed if an error occurs. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

INT19 (Interrupt 19) Capture

Interrupt 19 is the software interrupt that handles the boot disk function. When this item is set to Immediate, the ROM BIOS of the host adaptors will "capture" Interrupt 19 at bootup immediately and allow the drives that are attached to these host adaptors to function as bootable disks. If this item is set to Postponed, the ROM BIOS of the host adaptors will not capture Interrupt 19 immediately and allow the drives attached to these adaptors to function as bootable devices at bootup. The options are **Immediate** and Postponed.

Re-try Boot

If this item is enabled, the BIOS will automatically reboot the system from a specified boot device after its initial boot failure. The options are **Disabled**, Legacy Boot, and EFI Boot.

Power Configuration

Watch Dog Function

If enabled, the Watch Dog Timer will allow the system to reset or generate NMI based on jumper settings when it is expired for more than five minutes. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Power Button Function

This feature controls how the system shuts down when the power button is pressed. Select 4 Seconds Override for the user to power off the system after pressing and holding the power button for 4 seconds or longer. Select Instant Off to instantly power off the system as soon as the user presses the power button. The options are **Instant Off** and 4 Seconds Override.

Restore on AC Power Loss

Use this feature to set the power state after a power outage. Select Stay Off for the system power to remain off after a power loss. Select Power On for the system power to be turned on after a power loss. Select Last State to allow the system to resume its last power state before a power loss. The options are Stay Off, Power On, and **Last State**.

► CPU Configuration

Processor Configuration

The following CPU information will display:

- Processor BSP Revision
- Processor Socket
- Processor ID
- Processor Frequency
- Processor Max Ratio
- Processor Min Ratio
- Microcode Revision
- L1 Cache RAM
- L2 Cache RAM
- L3 Cache RAM
- Processor 0 Version
- Processor 1 Version

Hyper-Threading (ALL) (Available when supported by the CPU)

Select Enable to support Intel Hyper-threading Technology to enhance CPU performance. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Execute Disable Bit (Available if supported by the OS & the CPU)

Select Enabled to enable the Execute-Disable Bit which will allow the processor to designate areas in the system memory where an application code can execute and where it cannot, thus preventing a worm or a virus from flooding illegal codes to overwhelm the processor or damage the system during an attack. The default is **Enable**. (Refer to the Intel® and Microsoft® websites for more information.)

Intel Virtualization Technology

Use feature to enable the Vanderpool Technology. This technology allows the system to run several operating systems simultaneously. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

PPIN Control

Select Unlock/Enable to use the Protected-Processor Inventory Number (PPIN) in the system. The options are Unlock/Disable and **Unlock/EnablE**

Hardware Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

If set to Enabled, the hardware prefetcher will prefetch streams of data and instructions from the main memory to the L2 cache to improve CPU performance. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Adjacent Cache Prefetch (Available when supported by the CPU)

The CPU prefetches the cache line for 64 bytes if this feature is set to Disabled. The CPU prefetches both cache lines for 128 bytes as comprised if this feature is set to **Enable**.

DCU Streamer Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

Select Enabled to enable the DCU (Data Cache Unit) Streamer Prefetcher which will stream and prefetch data and send it to the Level 1 data cache to improve data processing and system performance. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

DCU IP Prefetcher (Available when supported by the CPU)

Select Enabled for DCU (Data Cache Unit) IP Prefetcher support, which will prefetch IP addresses to improve network connectivity and system performance. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

LLC Prefetch

If set to Enabled, the hardware prefetcher will prefetch streams of data and instructions from the main memory to the L3 cache to improve CPU performance. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Extended APIC

Select Enable to activate APIC (Advanced Programmable Interrupt Controller) support. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

AES-NI

Select Enable to use the Intel Advanced Encryption Standard (AES) New Instructions (NI) to ensure data security. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

► Advanced Power Management Configuration

CPU P State Control

This feature allows the user to configure the following CPU power settings
Speedstep (Pstates)

Intel SpeedStep Technology allows the system to automatically adjust processor voltage and core frequency to reduce power consumption and heat dissipation. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

EIST PSD Funtion

This feature allows the user to choose between Hardware and Software to control the processor's frequency and performance (P-state). In HW_ALL mode, the processor hardware is responsible for coordinating the P-state, and the OS is responsible for keeping the P-state request up to date on all logical processors. In SW_ALL mode, the OS Power Manager is responsible for coordinating the P-state, and must initiate the transition on all Logical Processors. In SW_ANY mode, the OS Power Manager is responsible for coordinating the P-state, and must initiate the transition on all Logical Processors. In SW_ANY mode, the OS Power Manager is responsible for coordinating the P-state and may initiate the transition on any Logical Processors. Options available: HW_ALL/SW_ANY. Default setting is HW_ALL.

Turbo Mode

This feature will enable dynamic control of the processor, allowing it to run above stock frequency. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Hardware PM State Control

Hardware P-States

If this feature is set to Disable, hardware will choose a P-state setting for the system based on an OS request. If this feature is set to Native Mode, hardware will choose a P-state setting based on OS guidance. If this feature is set to Native Mode with No Legacy Support, hardware will choose a P-state setting independently without OS guidance. The options are **Disable**, Native Mode, Out of Band Mode, and Native Mode with No Legacy Support.

CPU C State Control

Autonomous Core C-State

Select Enable to support Autonomous Core C-State control which will allow the processor core to control its C-State setting automatically and independently. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

CPU C6 Report

Select Enabled to allow the BIOS to report the CPU C6 State (ACPI C3) to the operating system. During the CPU C6 State, the power to all cache is turned off. The options are Disable , Enable, and **Auto**.

Enhanced Halt State (C1E)

Select Enabled to use Enhanced Halt-State technology, which will significantly reduce the CPU's power consumption by reducing the CPU's clock cycle and voltage during a Halt-state. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

► Package C State Control

Package C State

This feature allows the user to set the limit on the C State package register. The options are C0/C1 State, C2 State, C6 (Non Retention) State, C6 (Retention) state, No Limit, and **Auto.**.

► Chipset Configuration

Warning: Setting the wrong values in the following features may cause the system to malfunction.

►North Bridge

This feature allows the user to configure the following North Bridge settings.

► UPI Configuration

► UPI General Configuration

The following UPI information will display:

- Number of CPU
- Number of IIO
- Current UPI Link Speed
- Current UPI Link Frequency
- UPI Global MMIO Low Base / Limit
- UPI Global MMIO High Base / Limit
- UPI Pci-e Congfiguration Base / Size

Degrade Precedence

Use this feature to set degrade precedence when system settings are in conflict. Select Topology Precedence to degrade Features. Select Feature Precedence to degrade Topology. The options are **Topology Precedence** and Feature Precedence.

Link L0p Enable

Select Enable for Link L0p support. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Link L1 Enable

Select Enable for Link L1 support. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

IO Directory Cache (IODC)

IO Directory Cache is an 8-entry cache that stores the directory state of remote IIO writes and memory lookups, and saves directory updates. Use this feature to lower cache to cache (C2C) transfer latencies. The options are Disable, **Auto**, Enable for Remote InvItoM Hybrid Push, InvItoM AllocFlow, Enable for Remote InvItoM Hybrid AllocNonAlloc, and Enable for Remote InvItoM and Remote WViLF.

Isoc Mode

Select Enabled for Isochronous support to meet QoS (Quality of Service) requirements. This feature is especially important for Virtualization Technology. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

Memory Configuration

Enforce POR

Select Enable to enforce POR restrictions on DDR4 frequency and voltage programming. The options are **Enabled** and Disable.

Memory Frequency

Use this feature to set the maximum memory frequency for onboard memory modules. The options are Auto, 1333, 1400, 1600, 1800, 1867, 2000, 2133, 2200, and 2400.

Data Scrambling for NVDIMM

Use this festure to enable or disable data scrambling for non-volatile DIMM (NVDIMM) memory. The options are **Auto**, Disable, and Enable.

Data Scrambling for DDR4

Use this feature to enable or disable data scrambling for DDR4 memory. The options are **Auto**, Disable, and Enable.

tCCD_L Relaxation

If Enabled, the tCCD_L overrides the SPD. When disabled, it is enforced based on memory frequency. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

Enable ADR

Select Enable for ADR (Automatic Diagnostic Repository) support to enhance memory performance. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Memory Topology

This feature displays DIMM population information.

Memory RAS Configuration

Static Virtual Lockstep Mode

Select Enable to run the system's memory channels in lockstep mode to minimize memory access latency. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

Mirror Mode

Select Enable to set all 1LM/2LM memory installed in the system on the mirror mode, which will create a duplicate copy of data stored in the memory to increase memory security, but it will reduce the memory capacity into half. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

Memory Rank Sparing

Select Enable to enable memory-sparing support for memory ranks to improve memory performance. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

Correctable Error Threshold

Use this item to specify the threshold value for correctable memory-error logging, which sets a limit on the maximum number of events that can be logged in the memory-error log at a given time. The default setting is **10**.

SDDC

Select Enable for SDDC (Single Device Data Correction) support, which will increase the reliability and serviceability of your system memory. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

ADDDC Sparing

Adaptive Double Device Data Correction (ADDDC) Sparing detects when the predetermined threshold for correctable errors is reached, copying the contents of the failing DIMM to spare memory. The failing DIMM or memory rank will then be disabled. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

Patrol Scrub

Patrol Scrubbing is a process that allows the CPU to correct correctable memory errors detected on a memory module and send the correction to the requestor (the original source). When this item is set to Enable, the IO hub will read and write back one cache line every 16K cycles, if there is no delay caused by internal processing. By using this method, roughly 64 GB of memory behind the IO hub will be scrubbed every day. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Patrol Scrub Interval

This feature allows you to decide how many hours the system should wait before the next complete patrol scrub is performed. Use the keyboard to enter a value from 0-24. The default setting is **24**.

►IIO Configuration

EV DFX Features

► CPU1 Configuration

IOU0 (II0 PCIe Br1)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

IOU1 (II0 PCIe Br2)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

IOU2 (II0 PCIe Br3)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

MCP0 (II0 PCIe Br4)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

MCP1 (II0 PCIe Br5)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

► Socket 0 PcieBr0D00F0 - Port 0/DMI PcieBr1D00F0 - Port 1A PcieBr2D00F0 - Port 2A PcieBr3D00F0 - Port 3A PcieBr4D00F0 - MCP 0 PcieBr5D00F0 - MCP 1

Link Speed

Use this item to select the link speed for the PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are **Auto**, Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s), Gen 2 (5 GT/s), and Gen 3 (8 GT/s).

PCI-E Port Max Payload Size

Selecting **Auto** for this feature will enable the motherboard to automatically detect the maximum Transaction Layer Packet (TLP) size for the connected PCI-E device, allowing

for maximum I/O efficiency. Selecting 128B or 256B will designate maximum packet size of 128 or 256. Options are **Auto**, 128, and 256. **Auto** is enabled by default.

► CPU2 Configuration

IOU0 (II0 PCIe Br1)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

IOU1 (II0 PCIe Br2)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

IOU2 (II0 PCIe Br3)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

MCP0 (II0 PCIe Br4)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

MCP1 (II0 PCIe Br5)

This item configures the PCI-E port Bifuraction setting for a PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are x4x4x4x4, x4x4x8, x8x4x4, x8x8, x16, and **Auto**.

Socket 1 PcieBr1D00F0 - Port 1A/Socket 1 PcieBr2D00F0 - Port 2A/Socket 1 PcieBr3D00F0 - Port 3A/Socket 1 PcieBr4D00F0 - MCP 0/Socket 1 PcieBr5D00F0 - MCP 1

Link Speed

Use this item to select the link speed for the PCI-E port specified by the user. The options are **Auto**, Gen 1 (2.5 GT/s), Gen 2 (5 GT/s), and Gen 3 (8 GT/s).

PCI-E Port Max Payload Size

Selecting **Auto** for this feature will enable the motherboard to automatically detect the maximum Transaction Layer Packet (TLP) size for the connected PCI-E device, allowing for maximum I/O efficiency. Selecting 128B or 256B will designate maximum packet size of 128 or 256. Options are **Auto**, 128, and 256. **Auto** is enabled by default.

►IOAT Configuration

Disable TPH

Transparent Hugepages is a Linux memory management system that enables communication in larger blocks (pages). Enabling this feature will increase performance. The options are **No** and Yes.

Prioritize TPH

Use this feature to enable Prioritize TPH support. The options are Enable and **Disable**.

Relaxed Ordering

Select Enable to enable Relaxed Ordering support which will allow certain transactions to violate the strict-ordering rules of PCI bus for a transaction to be completed prior to other transactions that have already been enqueued. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

► Intel® VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

Intel[®] VT for Directed I/O (VT-d)

Select Enable to use Intel Virtualization Technology for Direct I/O VT-d support by reporting the I/O device assignments to the VMM (Virtual Machine Monitor) through the DMAR ACPI tables. This feature offers fully-protected I/O resource sharing across Intel platforms, providing greater reliability, security and availability in networking and data-sharing. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Interrupt Remapping

Select Enable for Interrupt Remapping support to enhance system performance. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

PassThrough DMA

Use this feature to allow devices such as network cards to access the system memory without using a processor. Select Enable to use the Non-Isoch VT_D Engine Pass Through Direct Memory Access (DMA) support. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

ATS

Use this feature to enable Non-Isoch VT-d Engine Address Translation Services (ATS) support. ATS translates virtual addresses to physical addresses. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Posted Interrupt

Use this feature to enable VT_D Posted Interrupt. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Coherency Support (Non-Isoch)

Use this feature to maintain setting coherency between processors or other devices. Select Enable for the Non-Iscoh VT-d engine to pass through DMA to enhance system performance. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

► Intel® VMD Technology

► Intel VMD for Onboard NVMe

Onboard NVMe Mode

This feature selects Legacy Mode or VMD Mode for Onboard NVMe. The options are **Legacy Mode** and VMD Mode.

*If the item above "Onboard NVMe Mode" is set to VMD Mode, the following items will display:

P2_NVMe1 VMD

This feature enables or disables Intel Volume Management Device Technology for this NVMe port. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

P2_NVMe2 VMD

This feature enables or disables Intel Volume Management Device Technology for this NVMe port. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Hot Plug Capable

Select Enable to enable hot-plugging support for the PCI-E port specified by the user to allow the user to replace the device installed on the port without shutting down the system. The options are **Disable** and Enable.

IIO-PCIE Express Global Options

PCIe Hot Plug

This feature enables or disables PCIe Hot Plug globally. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

PCI-E Completion Timeout Disable

Use this feature to enable PCI-E Completion Timeout support for electric tuning. The options are Yes, **No**, and Per-Port.

South Bridge

Legacy USB Support

This feature enables support for USB 2.0 and older. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

XHCI Hand-off

When disabled, the motherboard will not support USB 3.0. Options are Enabled and **Disabled**. Default setting is **Disabled**.

Port 60/64 Emulation

This feature allows legacy I/O support for USB devices like mice and keyboards. The options are **Enabled** and disabled. Default setting is **Enabled**.

Port 61h bit-4 Emulation

Select Enabled to enable the emulation of Port 61h but-4 toggling in SMM (System Management Mode). The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Install Windows 7 USB Support

Enable this feature to use the USB keyboard and mouse during the Windows 7 installation, since the native XHCI driver support is unavailable. Use a SATA optical drive as a USB drive, and USB CD/DVD drives are not supported. Disable this feature after the XHCI driver has been installed in Windows. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Server ME (Management Engine) Configuration

This feature displays the following system ME configuration settings.

- Operational Firmware Version
- Backup Firmware Version
- Recovery Firmware Version
- ME Firmware Status #1
- ME Firmware Status #2
- Current State
- Error Code

SATA Configuration

When this submenu is selected, the AMI BIOS automatically detects the presence of the SATA devices that are supported by the Intel PCH chip and displays the following items:

SATA Controller

This item enables or disables the onboard SATA controller supported by the Intel PCH chip. The options are Disable and **Enable**.

Configure SATA as

Select IDE to configure a SATA drive specified by the user as an IDE drive. Select AHCI to configure a SATA drive specified by the user as an AHCI drive. Select RAID to configure a SATA drive specified by the user as a RAID drive. The options are IDE, **AHCI**, and RAID.

SATA HDD Unlock

Select Enable to unlock SATA HDD password in the OS. The options are **Enable** and Disable.

Aggressive Link Power Management

When this item is set to Enabled, the SATA AHCI controller manages the power usage of the SATA link. The controller will put the link in a low power mode during extended periods of I/O inactivity, and will return the link to an active state when I/O activity resumes. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

**If the item above "Configure SATA as" is set to RAID, the following items will display:*

SATA Port 0 ~ Port 3

This item displays the information detected on the installed SATA drive on the particular SATA port.

- Model number of drive and capacity
- Software Preserve Support

Port 0 ~ Port 3 Hot Plug

Set this item to Enabled for hot-plugging support, which will allow the user to replace a SATA drive without shutting down the system. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Port 0 ~ Port 3 Spin Up Device

On an edge detect from 0 to 1, set this item to allow the PCH to initialize the device. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Port 0 ~ Port 3 SATA Device Type

Use this item to specify if the SATA port specified by the user should be connected to a Solid State drive or a Hard Disk Drive. The options are **Hard Disk Drive** and Solid State Drive.

► PCIe/PCI/PnP Configuration

The following information will display:

- PCI Bus Driver Version
- PCI Devices Common Settings:

Above 4G Decoding (Available if the system supports 64-bit PCI decoding)

Select Enabled to decode a PCI device that supports 64-bit in the space above 4G Address. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

SR-IOV Support

Use this feature to enable or disable Single Root IO Virtualization Support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

MMIO High Base

Use this item to select the base memory size according to memory-address mapping for the IO hub. The options are **56 TB**, 40 TB, 24 TB, 3 TB, 2 TB, and 1 TB.

MMIO High Granularity Size

Use this item to select the high memory size according to memory-address mapping for the IO hub. The options are **256 GB**, 128 GB, 512 GB, and 1024 GB.

PCI PERR/SERR Support

Select Enabled to allow a PCI device to generate a PERR/SERR number for a PCI Bus Signal Error Event. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

Maximum Read Request

Select Auto for the system BIOS to automatically set the maximum size for a read request for a PCI-E device to enhance system performance. The options are **Auto**, 128 Bytes, 256 Bytes, 512 Bytes, 1024 Bytes, 2048 Bytes, and 4096 Bytes.

MMCFG Base

Use this item to select the low base address for PCIE adapters to increase base memory. The options are 1G, 1.5G, 1.75G, **2G**, 2.25G. and 3G.

VGA Priority

Use this item to select the graphics device to be used as the primary video display for system boot. The options are **Onboard** Offboard, and Auto.

Onboard Video OPROM

PCI-E 3.0 x16

This item enables or disables this PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

CPU1/CPU2 SLOT5 - RSC-G-A66

Slot 1 PCI-E 3.0 x16

This item enables or disables this PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

Slot 2 PCI-E 3.0 x16

This item enables or disables this PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

PCH AOM - AOM-PIO-i2XT

Intel LAN X540

This item enables or disables this PCIe Slot OPROM option. The options are Disabled, **Legacy**, and EFI.

► Network Stack Configuration

Network Stack

Select Enabled to enable PXE (Preboot Execution Environment) or UEFI (Unified Extensible Firmware Interface) for network stack support. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

*If "Network Stack" is set to Enabled, the following items will display:

Ipv4 PXE Support

Use this feature to enable Ipv4 PXE Boot Support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the Ipv4 PXE Boot option. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Ipv4 HTTP Support

Use this feature to enable Ipv4 HTTP Boot Support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the Ipv4 HTTP Boot option. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Ipv6 PXE Support

Use this feature to enable Ipv6 PXE Boot Support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the Ipv6 PXE Boot option. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Ipv6 HTTP Support

Use this feature to enable Ipv6 HTTP Boot Support. If this feature is disabled, it will not create the Ipv6 HTTP Boot option. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

PXE Boot Wait Time

Use this feature to select the wait time to press the ESC key to abort the PXE boot. The default is 0.

Media Detect Count

Use this feature to select the wait time in seconds to detect LAN media. The default is 1.

► Super IO Configuration

The following Super IO information will display:

• Super IO Chip AST2500

Serial Port 1 Configuration

Serial Port

Select **Enabled** to enable the onboard serial port specified by the user. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Device Settings

This item displays the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user.

Note: This item is hidden when Serial Port 1 is set to Disabled.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of Serial Port 1or Serial Port 2. Select **Auto** for the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address to a serial port specified.

The options for Serial Port 2 are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=4), (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12); (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12).

Serial Port 2 Configuration

Serial Port

Select **Enabled** to enable the onboard serial port specified by the user. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Device Settings

This item displays the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of a serial port specified by the user.

Note: This item is hidden when Serial Port 1 is set to Disabled.

Change Settings

This feature specifies the base I/O port address and the Interrupt Request address of Serial Port 1or Serial Port 2. Select **Auto** for the BIOS to automatically assign the base I/O and IRQ address to a serial port specified.

The options for Serial Port 2 are **Auto**, (IO=3F8h; IRQ=4), (IO=3F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12), (IO=2F8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12); (IO=3E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12), and (IO=2E8h; IRQ=3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10, 11, 12).

Serial Port 2 Attribute

Select SOL to use COM Port 2 as a Serial_Over_LAN (SOL) port for console redirectoin. The options are COM and **SOL**.

Serial Port Console Redirection

COM1 Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable console redirection support for a serial port specified by the user. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

*If the item above set to Enabled, the following items will become available for user's configuration:

► COM1 Console Redirection Settings

This feature allows the user to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 Bits and **8 Bits**.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

Putty KeyPad

This feature selects the settings for Function Keys and KeyPad used for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SC0, ESCN, and VT400.

Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to Bootloader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and Bootloader.

COM2/SOL Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable console redirection support for a serial port specified by the user. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

*If the item above set to Enabled, the following items will become available for user's configuration:

► COM2/SOL Console Redirection Settings

This feature allows the user to specify how the host computer will exchange data with the client computer, which is the remote computer used by the user.

Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, **VT100+**, VT-UTF8, and ANSI.

Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and **115200** (bits per second).

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 Bits and **8 Bits**.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

VT-UTF8 Combo Key Support

Select Enabled to enable VT-UTF8 Combination Key support for ANSI/VT100 terminals. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Recorder Mode

Select Enabled to capture the data displayed on a terminal and send it as text messages to a remote server. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Resolution 100x31

Select Enabled for extended-terminal resolution support. The options are Disabled and **Enabled**.

Legacy OS Redirection Resolution

Use this feature to select the number of rows and columns used in Console Redirection for legacy OS support. The options are 80x24 and **80x25**.

Putty KeyPad

This feature selects the settings for Function Keys and KeyPad used for Putty, which is a terminal emulator designed for the Windows OS. The options are **VT100**, LINUX, XTERMR6, SC0, ESCN, and VT400.

Redirection After BIOS POST

Use this feature to enable or disable legacy console redirection after BIOS POST. When set to Bootloader, legacy console redirection is disabled before booting the OS. When set to Always Enable, legacy console redirection remains enabled when booting the OS. The options are **Always Enable** and Bootloader.

► Legacy Console Redirection Settings

Legacy Serial Redirection Port

Use this feature to select a COM port to display redirection of Legacy OS and Legacy OPROM messages. The options are **COM1** and SOL/COM2.

Serial Port for Out-of-Band Management/Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS)

Console Redirection

Select Enabled to enable console redirection support for a serial port specified by the user. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

*If the item above set to Enabled, the following items will become available for user's configuration:

Console Redirection Settings

Out-of-Band Mgmt Port

This feature determines the Windows Emergency Management Services (EMS) serial port. The options are **COM1** and COM2/SOL.

Terminal Type

This feature allows the user to select the target terminal emulation type for Console Redirection. Select VT100 to use the ASCII Character set. Select VT100+ to add color and function key support. Select ANSI to use the Extended ASCII Character Set. Select VT-UTF8 to use UTF8 encoding to map Unicode characters into one or more bytes. The options are VT100, VT100+, **VT-UTF8**, and ANSI.

Bits per second

Use this feature to set the transmission speed for a serial port used in Console Redirection. Make sure that the same speed is used in the host computer and the client computer. A lower transmission speed may be required for long and busy lines. The options are 9600, 19200, 38400, 57600 and **115200** (bits per second).

Flow Control

Use this feature to set the flow control for Console Redirection to prevent data loss caused by buffer overflow. Send a "Stop" signal to stop sending data when the receiving buffer is full. Send a "Start" signal to start sending data when the receiving buffer is empty. The options are **None** and Hardware RTS/CTS.

Data Bits

Use this feature to set the data transmission size for Console Redirection. The options are 7 Bits and **8 Bits**.

Parity

A parity bit can be sent along with regular data bits to detect data transmission errors. Select Even if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is even. Select Odd if the parity bit is set to 0, and the number of 1's in data bits is odd. Select None if you do not want to send a parity bit with your data bits in transmission. Select Mark to add a mark as a parity bit to be sent along with the data bits. Select Space to add a Space as a parity bit to be sent with your data bits. The options are **None**, Even, Odd, Mark, and Space.

Stop Bits

A stop bit indicates the end of a serial data packet. Select 1 Stop Bit for standard serial data communication. Select 2 Stop Bits if slower devices are used. The options are **1** and 2.

► ACPI Settings

Numa

This setting Enables or Disables Non-Uniform Memory Access (NUMA), a feature that improves memory-to-processor communication and performance. The options are Enabled or Disabled.

WHEA Support

Select Enabled to support the Windows Hardware Error Architecture (WHEA) platform and provide a common infrastructure for the system to handle hardware errors within the Windows

OS environment to reduce system crashes and to enhance system recovery and health monitoring. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

High Precision Timer

Select Enabled to activate the High Precision Event Timer (HPET) that produces periodic interrupts at a much higher frequency than a Real-time Clock (RTC) does in synchronizing multimedia streams, providing smooth playback and reducing the dependency on other timestamp calculation devices, such as an x86 RDTSC Instruction embedded in the CPU.

The High Performance Event Timer is used to replace the 8254 Programmable Interval Timer. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

► Trusted Computing

Configuration

Device Select

This feature allows the user to select which TPM firmware the system will support. TPM 1.2 will restrict support to TPM 1.2 devices, TPM 2.0 will restrict support to 2.0 devices. **Auto** will support both, with the default set to TPM 2.0 devices if not found. The options are **Auto**, TPM 1.2, and TPM 2.0.

Current Status Information

TXT Support

Intel TXT (Trusted Execution Technology) helps protect against software-based atacks and ensures protection, confidentiality and integrity of data sotred or created on the system. Use this feature to enable to disable TXT Support. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

►Intel(R) Virtual RAID on CPU

Intel(R) VROC with VMD Technology 5.0.0.1205

RAID volumes and Intel VMD Controllers information will be displayed if they are detected by the system.

6.4 Event Logs

Use this feature to configure Event Log settings.

| Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2017 American Main Advanced <mark>Event Logs</mark> IPMI Security Boot Save & Exit | Megatrends, Inc. |
|---|--|
| ▶ Change Smbios Event Log ▶ View Smbios Event Log | Press <enter> to change the Smbios Event Log configuration. ++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit</enter> |
| Version 2.19.1268. Copyright (C) 2017 American Me | egatrends, Inc. |

► Change SMBIOS Event Log Settings

Enabling/Disabling Options

SMbios Event Log

Change this item to enable or disable all features of the SMBIOS Event Logging during system boot. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Erasing Settings

Erase Event Log

If No is selected, data stored in the event log will not be erased. Select Yes, Next Reset, data in the event log will be erased upon next system reboot. Select Yes, Every Reset, data in the event log will be erased upon every system reboot. The options are **No**, Yes, Next reset, and Yes, Every reset.

When Log is Full

Select Erase Immediately for all messages to be automatically erased from the event log when the event log memory is full. The options are **Do Nothing** and Erase Immediately.

SMBIOS Event Long Standard Settings

Log System Boot Event

This option toggles the System Boot Event logging to enabled or disabled. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

MECI

The Multiple Event Count Increment (MECI) counter counts the number of occurences that a duplicate event must happen before the MECI counter is incremented. This is a numeric value. The default value is **1**.

METW

The Multiple Event Time Window (METW) defines number of minutes must pass between duplicate log events before MECI is incremented. This is in minutes, from 0 to 99. The default value is **60**.

Note: After making changes on a setting, be sure to reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

Custom Options

Log OEM Codes

This feature Enables or Disables the logging of EFI Status Codes as OEM Codes (if not already converted to legacy). The options are Enabled or Disabled.

Convert OEM Codes

This feature Enables or **Disables** the converting of EFI Status Codes to Standard Smbios Typed (Not all may be translated). The options are Enabled or **Disabled**.

► View SMBIOS Event Log

This section displays the contents of the SMBIOS Event Log.

6.5 IPMI

Use this feature to configure Intelligent Platform Management Interface (IPMI) settings.

| Aptio Setup Uti Main Advanced Event Logs | lity – Copyright (C) 2017 IPMI Security Boot Sav | 7 American Megatrends, Inc. ve & Exit | |
|---|---|---|--|
| IPMI Firmware Revision Status Of BMC | 9.01 Working | Press <enter> to change the SEL event log configuration.</enter> | |
| ≻ System Event Log ▶ BMC Network Configuration | | | |
| | | <pre>++: Select Screen fl: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Opt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit</pre> | |
| Version 2 19 1 | Version 2.19.1268. Copyright (C) 2017 American Megatrends, Inc. | | |

IPMI Firmware Revision

This item indicates the IPMI firmware revision used in your system.

Status Of BMC (Baseboard Management Controller)

This item indicates the status of the IPMI firmware installed in your system.

►System Event Log

Enabling/Disabling Options

SEL Components

Select Enabled for all system event logging at bootup. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Erasing Settings

Erase SEL

Select Yes, On next reset to erase all system event logs upon next system reboot. Select Yes, On every reset to erase all system event logs upon each system reboot. Select No to keep all system event logs after each system reboot. The options are **No**, Yes, On next reset, and Yes, On every reset.

When SEL is Full

This feature allows the user to decide what the BIOS should do when the system event log is full. Select Erase Immediately to erase all events in the log when the system event log is full. The options are Do Nothing and Erase Immediately.

Custom EFI Logging Options

Log EFI Status Codes

This feature allows the user to determine whether the BIOS will log EFI Status Cods, error code only, progress code only, or both. The optioins are Disabled, Both, **Error code**, and Progress code

Note: After making changes on a setting, be sure to reboot the system for the changes to take effect.

► BMC Network Configuration

Configure IPV4 support

IPMI LAN Selection

This item displays the IPMI LAN setting. The default setting is **Failover**.

IPMI Network Link Status

This item displays the IPMI Network Link status. The default setting is **Dedicated LAN**.

Current Configuration Address source

This feature allows the user to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Static is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **DHCP** and Static.

Station IP Address

This item displays the Station IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 192.168.10.253).

Subnet Mask

This item displays the sub-network that this computer belongs to. The value of each threedigit number separated by dots should not exceed 255.

Station MAC Address

This item displays the Station MAC address for this computer. Mac addresses are 6 two-digit hexadecimal numbers.

Gateway IP Address

This item displays the Gateway IP address for this computer. This should be in decimal and in dotted quad form (i.e., 172.31.0.1).

VLAN

Enabling this item displays the virtual LAN settings. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

Update IPMI LAN Configuration

Select Yes for the BIOS to implement all IP/MAC address changes at the next system boot. The options are **No** and Yes.

*If the item above set to Yes, the following item will become available for user's configuration:

IPMI LAN Selection

This item displays the IPMI LAN setting. The default setting is **Failover**.

VLAN

Enabling this item displays the virtual LAN settings. The options are Enabled and **Disabled**.

Configuration Address Source

This feature allows the user to select the source of the IP address for this computer. If Static is selected, you will need to know the IP address of this computer and enter it to the system manually in the field. If DHCP is selected, the BIOS will search for a DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server in the network that is attached to and request the next available IP address for this computer. The options are **DHCP** and Static.

6.6 Security

This menu allows the user to configure the following security settings for the system.

| Aptio Setup L Main Advanced Event Logs | tility – Copyright (C) 2017 IPMI Security Boot Sav | American Megatrends, Inc. e & Exit |
|---|--|---|
| Password Description | | Set Administrator Password |
| If ONLY the Administrator's then this only limits acces only asked for when enterin If ONLY the User's password is a power on password and boot or enter Setup. In Set have Administrator rights. The password length must be in the following range: Minimum length | password is set, s to Setup and is g Setup. is set, then this must be entered to up the User will | |
| Administrator Password | 20 | ++: Select Screen ↑↓: Select Item |
| User Password Password Check | [Setun] | Enter: Select |
| Secure Boot | [or ob] | F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit |
| Version 2.19.1268. Copyright (C) 2017 American Megatrends, Inc. | | |

Administrator Password

Press Enter to create a new, or change an existing Administrator password.

User Password

Press Enter to create a new, or change an existing User password.

Password Check

Select Setup for the system to check for a password at Setup. Select Always for the system to check for a password at bootup or upon entering the BIOS Setup utility. The options are **Setup** and Always.

Secure Boot Menu

This section displays the contents of the following secure boot features:

- System Mode
- Secure Boot
- Vendor Keys

Attempt Secure Boot

Use this item to enable secure boot. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

Secure Boot Mode

If **Custom** mode is enabled, Secure Boot variables can be configured without authentication. The options are **Custom** and Standard.

CSM Support

Select Enabled to support the EFI Compatibility Support Module (CSM), which provides compatibility support for traditional legacy BIOS for system boot. The options are **Enabled** and Disabled.

Key Management

This submenu allows the user to configure the following Key Management settings.

Provision Factory Defaults

Select Enabled to install the default Secure-Boot keys set by the manufacturer. The options are **Disabled** and Enabled.

► Install Factory Default Keys

Select Yes to install all default secure keys set by the manufacturer. The options are **Yes** and No.

Enroll EFI Image

Select this item and press <Enter> to select an EFI (Extensible Firmware Interface) image for the system to operate in Secure Boot mode.

Save All Secure Boot Variables

This feature allows the user to decide if all secure boot variables should be saved.

► Platform Key (PK)

This feature allows the user to configure the settings of the platform keys.

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the new platform keys (PK) from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the platform keys from a file. The options are **Yes** and No.

Key Exchange Key

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the KEK from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the KEK from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Append Key

Select Yes to add the KEK from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing KEK. Select No to load the KEK from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Authorized Signatures

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the database from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DB from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Append Key

Select Yes to add the database from the manufacturer's defaults to the existing DB. Select No to load the DB from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Forbiden Signatures

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the DBX from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DBX from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Append Key

Select Yes to add the DBX from the manufacturer's defaults to the existing DBX. Select No to load the DBX from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Authorized TimeStamps

Set New Key

Select Yes to load the DBT from the manufacturer's defaults. Select No to load the DBT from a file. The options are Yes and No.

Append Key

Select Yes to add the DBT from the manufacturer's defaults list to the existing DBT. Select No to load the DBT from a file. The options are Yes and No.

OsRecovery Signature

This item uploads and installs an OSRecovery Signature. You may insert a factory default key or load from a file. The file formats accepted are:

- 1) Public Key Certificate
- a. EFI Signature List
- b. EFI CERT X509 (DER Encoded)
- c. EFI CERT RSA2048 (bin)
- d. EFI SERT SHA256 (bin)
- 2) EFI Time Based Authenticated Variable

When prompted, select "Yes" to load Factory Defaults or "No' to load from a file.

Set New OSRecovery Signatures

This item deletes a previously installed OS Recovery Signature.

Append OsRecovery Signature

This item uploads and adds an OSRecovery Signature into the Key Management. You may insert a factory default key or load from a file. When prompted, select "Yes" to load Factory Defaults or "No' to load from a file.

To set this feature, select Restore User Defaults from the Exit menu and press <Enter>. Use this feature to retrieve user-defined settings that were saved previously.

6.7 Boot

Use this feature to configure Boot settings.

| Aptio Setup Utility Main Advanced Event Logs TPMT | Copyright (C) 2017 American Security Boot Save & Exit | n Megatrends, Inc. |
|---|--|------------------------------|
| | booking book ours a barr | |
| Boot mode select | [DUAL] | Select boot mode LEGACY/UEFI |
| FIXED BOOT ORDER Priorities | and the second | |
| Boot Option #1 | [Hard Disk] | |
| Boot Option #2 | [CD/DVD] | |
| Boot Option #3 | [USB Hard Disk] | |
| Boot Option #4 | [USB CD/DVD] | |
| Boot Option #5 | [USB Key] | |
| Boot Option #6 | [USB Floppy] | |
| Boot Option #7 | [USB Lan] | |
| Boot Option #8 | [Network:IBA XE Slot | |
| | 0100 v2205] | The second second second |
| Boot Option #9 | [UEFI Hard Disk] | ++: Select Screen |
| Boot Option #10 | [UEFI CD/DVD] | T↓: Select Item |
| Boot Option #11 | [UEFI USB Hard Disk] | Enter: Select |
| Boot Option #12 | [UEFI USB CD/DVD] | +/-: Change Opt. |
| Boot Uption #13 | [UEFI USB Key] | F1: General Help |
| Boot Uption #14 | [UEF1 USB Floppy] | F2: Previous Values |
| Boot Uption #15 | [UEFI USB Lan] | F3: Uptimized Defaults |
| Boot Uption #16 | [UEFI NETWORK] | F4: Save & EXIT |
| BOOL OD(IOU #1/ | [UEF1 HF:UEF1: BUII(-IN | ESC: EXIC |
| | ELT SUGIT | |
| Delete Boot Ontion | | |
| Concercion acceleration | | |
| | | |
| Version 2.19.1268. Copyright (C) 2017 American Megatrends, Inc. | | |

Boot Mode Select

Use this item to select the type of device that the system is going to boot from. The options are Legacy, UEFI, and **Dual**.

Fixed Boot Order Priorities

This feature prioritizes the order of a bootable device from which the system will boot. Press <Enter> on each entry from top to bottom to select devices.

When the item above -"Boot Mode Select" is set to **Dual** (default), the following items will be displayed for configuration:

• Boot Option #1 - Boot Option #15

When the item above -"Boot Mode Select" is set to Legacy, the following items will be display for configuration:

• Boot Option #1 - Boot Option #7

When the item above -"Boot Mode Select" is set to UEFI, the following items will be display for configuration:

• Boot Option #1 - Boot Option #8

Delete Boot Option

This feature allows the user to select a boot device to delete from the boot priority list.

Delete Boot Option

Use this item to remove an EFI boot option from the boot priority list.

Delete Driver Option

This feature allows the user to add a new boot option to the boot priority features for your system.

► UEFI Application Boot Priorities

This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices.

• Boot Option #1

► NETWORK Drive BBS Priorities

This feature sets the system boot order of detected devices.

- Boot Option #1
- Boot Option #2

6.8 Save & Exit

Select the Exit tab from the BIOS setup utility screen to enter the Exit BIOS Setup screen.

| Aptio Setup Utility – Copyright (C) 2017 Americar Main Advanced Event Logs IPMI Security Boot Save & Exit | Megatrends, Inc. |
|--|--|
| Save Options Discard Changes and Exit Save Changes and Reset Save Changes Discard Changes Default Options Restore Optimized Defaults Save as User Defaults Restore User Defaults | Exit system setup without saving any changes. |
| Boot Override IBA XE Slot 0100 v2205 UEFI: Built-in EFI Shell | ++: Select Screen 11: Select Item Enter: Select +/-: Change Dpt. F1: General Help F2: Previous Values F3: Optimized Defaults F4: Save & Exit ESC: Exit |
| Version 2.19.1268. Copyright (C) 2017 American ⊨ | legatrends, Inc. |

Save Options

Discard Changes and Exit

Select this option to quit the BIOS Setup without making any permanent changes to the system configuration, and reboot the computer. Select Discard Changes and Exit from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>.

Save Changes and Reset

After completing the system configuration changes, select this option to save the changes you have made. This will not reset (reboot) the system.

Save Changes

When you have completed the system configuration changes, select this option to leave the BIOS setup utility and reboot the computer for the new system configuration parameters to take effect. Select Save Changes from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>.

Discard Changes

Select this option and press <Enter> to discard all the changes and return to the AMI BIOS utility program.

Default Options

Restore Optimized Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. These are factory settings designed for maximum system stability, but not for maximum performance.

Save As User Defaults

To set this feature, select Save as User Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. This enables the user to save any changes to the BIOS setup for future use.

Restore User Defaults

To set this feature, select Restore User Defaults from the Save & Exit menu and press <Enter>. Use this feature to retrieve user-defined settings that were saved previously.

Boot Override

Listed in this section are other boot options for the system (i.e., Built-in EFI shell). Select an option and press <Enter>. Your system will boot to the selected boot option.W

Appendix A

BIOS Error Codes

A-1 BIOS Error Beep (POST) Codes

During the POST (Power-On Self-Test) routines, which are performed each time the system is powered on, errors may occur.

Non-fatal errors are those which, in most cases, allow the system to continue the boot-up process. The error messages normally appear on the screen.

Fatal errors are those which will not allow the system to continue the boot-up procedure. If a fatal error occurs, you should consult with your system manufacturer for possible repairs.

These fatal errors are usually communicated through a series of audible beeps. The numbers on the fatal error list (on the following page) correspond to the number of beeps for the corresponding error. All errors listed, with the exception of Beep Code 8, are fatal errors.

| BIOS Error Beep (POST) Codes | | | |
|------------------------------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| Beep Code | Error Message | Description | |
| 1 short | Refresh | Circuits have been reset (Ready to power up) | |
| 5 short, 1 long | Memory error | No memory detected in system | |
| 5 long, 2 short | Display memory read/write error | Video adapter missing or with faulty memory | |
| 1 long continuous | System OH | System overheat condition | |

A-2 Additional BIOS POST Codes

The AMI BIOS supplies additional checkpoint codes, which are documented online at http:// www.supermicro.com/support/manuals/ ("AMI BIOS POST Codes User's Guide").

When BIOS performs the Power On Self Test, it writes checkpoint codes to I/O port 0080h. If the computer cannot complete the boot process, a diagnostic card can be attached to the computer to read I/O port 0080h (Supermicro p/n AOC-LPC80-20).

For information on AMI updates, please refer to http://www.ami.com/products/.

Appendix B

Standardized Warning Statements for AC Systems

B.1 About Standardized Warning Statements

The following statements are industry standard warnings, provided to warn the user of situations which have the potential for bodily injury. Should you have questions or experience difficulty, contact Supermicro's Technical Support department for assistance. Only certified technicians should attempt to install or configure components.

Read this appendix in its entirety before installing or configuring components in the Supermicro chassis.

These warnings may also be found on our website at http://www.supermicro.com/about/policies/safety_information.cfm.

Warning Definition

Warning! This warning symbol means danger. You are in a situation that could cause bodily injury. Before you work on any equipment, be aware of the hazards involved with electrical circuitry and be familiar with standard practices for preventing accidents.

警告の定義

この警告サインは危険を意味します。

人身事故につながる可能性がありますので、いずれの機器でも動作させる前に、 電気回路に含まれる危険性に注意して、標準的な事故防止策に精通して下さい。

此警告符号代表危险。

您正处于可能受到严重伤害的工作环境中。在您使用设备开始工作之前,必须充分意识到触电的危险,并熟练掌握防止事故发生的标准工作程序。请根据每项警告结尾的声明号码找到此设备的安全性警告说明的翻译文本。

此警告符號代表危險。

您正處於可能身體可能會受損傷的工作環境中。在您使用任何設備之前,請注意觸電的危險, 並且要熟悉預防事故發生的標準工作程序。請依照每一注意事項後的號碼找到相關的翻譯說明 內容。

Warnung

WICHTIGE SICHERHEITSHINWEISE

Dieses Warnsymbol bedeutet Gefahr. Sie befinden sich in einer Situation, die zu Verletzungen führen kann. Machen Sie sich vor der Arbeit mit Geräten mit den Gefahren elektrischer Schaltungen und den üblichen Verfahren zur Vorbeugung vor Unfällen vertraut. Suchen Sie mit der am Ende jeder Warnung angegebenen Anweisungsnummer nach der jeweiligen Übersetzung in den übersetzten Sicherheitshinweisen, die zusammen mit diesem Gerät ausgeliefert wurden.

BEWAHREN SIE DIESE HINWEISE GUT AUF.

INSTRUCCIONES IMPORTANTES DE SEGURIDAD

Este símbolo de aviso indica peligro. Existe riesgo para su integridad física. Antes de manipular cualquier equipo, considere los riesgos de la corriente eléctrica y familiarícese con los procedimientos estándar de prevención de accidentes. Al final de cada advertencia encontrará el número que le ayudará a encontrar el texto traducido en el apartado de traducciones que acompaña a este dispositivo.

GUARDE ESTAS INSTRUCCIONES.

IMPORTANTES INFORMATIONS DE SÉCURITÉ

Ce symbole d'avertissement indique un danger. Vous vous trouvez dans une situation pouvant entraîner des blessures ou des dommages corporels. Avant de travailler sur un équipement, soyez conscient des dangers liés aux circuits électriques et familiarisez-vous avec les procédures couramment utilisées pour éviter les accidents. Pour prendre connaissance des traductions des avertissements figurant dans les consignes de sécurité traduites qui accompagnent cet appareil, référez-vous au numéro de l'instruction situé à la fin de chaque avertissement.

CONSERVEZ CES INFORMATIONS.

תקנון הצהרות אזהרה

הצהרות הבאות הן אזהרות על פי תקני התעשייה, על מנת להזהיר את המשתמש מפני חבלה פיזית אפשרית. במידה ויש שאלות או היתקלות בבעיה כלשהי, יש ליצור קשר עם מחלקת תמיכה טכנית של סופרמיקרו. טכנאים מוסמכים בלבד רשאים להתקין או להגדיר את הרכיבים. יש לקרוא את הנספח במלואו לפני התקנת או הגדרת הרכיבים במארזי סופרמיקרו.
ا كَ ف حالة وُي أى تتسبب ف اصابة جسذ ةٌ هذا الزهز عٌ خطز !تحذ زٌ . قبل أى تعول على أي هعذات،كي على علن بالوخاطز ال اُجوة عي الذوائز الكهزبائ ة وكي على درا ةٌ بالووارسات الىقائ ةٍ لو عٌ وقىع أي حىادث استخذم رقن الب إى الو صٌص ف هًا ةٌ كل تحذ زٌ للعثر تزجوتها

안전을 위한 주의사항

경고!

이 경고 기호는 위험이 있음을 알려 줍니다. 작업자의 신체에 부상을 야기 할 수 있는 상태에 있게 됩니다. 모든 장비에 대한 작업을 수행하기 전에 전기회로와 관련된 위험요소들을 확인하시고 사전에 사고를 방지할 수 있도록 표준 작업절차를 준수해 주시기 바랍니다.

해당 번역문을 찾기 위해 각 경고의 마지막 부분에 제공된 경고문 번호를 참조하십시오

BELANGRIJKE VEILIGHEIDSINSTRUCTIES

Dit waarschuwings symbool betekent gevaar. U verkeert in een situatie die lichamelijk letsel kan veroorzaken. Voordat u aan enige apparatuur gaat werken, dient u zich bewust te zijn van de bij een elektrische installatie betrokken risico's en dient u op de hoogte te zijn van de standaard procedures om ongelukken te voorkomen. Gebruik de nummers aan het eind van elke waarschuwing om deze te herleiden naar de desbetreffende locatie.

BEWAAR DEZE INSTRUCTIES

Installation Instructions



Warning! Read the installation instructions before connecting the system to the power source.

設置手順書 システムを電源に接続する前に、設置手順書をお読み下さい。

警告 将此系统连接电源前,请先阅读安装说明。

警告

將系統與電源連接前,請先閱讀安裝說明。

Vor dem Anschließen des Systems an die Stromquelle die Installationsanweisungen lesen.

¡Advertencia!

Lea las instrucciones de instalación antes de conectar el sistema a la red de alimentación.

Attention

Avant de brancher le système sur la source d'alimentation, consulter les directives d'installation.

יש לקרוא את הוראות התקנה לפני חיבור המערכת למקור מתח.

اقر إرشادات التركيب قبل توصيل النظام إلى مصدر للطاقة

시스템을 전원에 연결하기 전에 설치 안내를 읽어주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Raadpleeg de installatie-instructies voordat u het systeem op de voedingsbron aansluit.

Circuit Breaker



Warning! This product relies on the building's installation for short-circuit (overcurrent) protection. Ensure that the protective device is rated not greater than: 250 V, 20 A.

サーキット・ブレーカー

この製品は、短絡(過電流)保護装置がある建物での設置を前提としています。 保護装置の定格が250 V、20 Aを超えないことを確認下さい。

警告

此产品的短路(过载电流)保护由建筑物的供电系统提供,确保短路保护设备的额定电流不大于 250V,20A。

警告

此產品的短路(過載電流)保護由建築物的供電系統提供,確保短路保護設備的額定電流不大於 250V,20A。

Dieses Produkt ist darauf angewiesen, dass im Gebäude ein Kurzschluss- bzw. Überstromschutz installiert ist. Stellen Sie sicher, dass der Nennwert der Schutzvorrichtung nicht mehr als: 250 V, 20 A beträgt.

¡Advertencia!

Este equipo utiliza el sistema de protección contra cortocircuitos (o sobrecorrientes) del edificio. Asegúrese de que el dispositivo de protección no sea superior a: 250 V, 20 A.

Attention

Pour ce qui est de la protection contre les courts-circuits (surtension), ce produit dépend de l'installation électrique du local. Vérifiez que le courant nominal du dispositif de protection n'est pas supérieur à :250 V, 20 A.

מוצר זה מסתמך על הגנה המותקנת במבנים למניעת קצר חשמלי. יש לוודא כי המכשיר המגן מפני הקצר החשמלי הוא לא יותר מ-250VDC, 20A

هذا المنتج يعتمد على معداث الحمايت مه الدوائرالقصيرة التي تم تثبيتها في المبنى تأكد من أن تقييم الجهاز الوقائى ليس أكثر من : 200, 250V

경고!

이 제품은 전원의 단락(과전류)방지에 대해서 전적으로 건물의 관련 설비에 의존합니다. 보호장치의 정격이 반드시 250V(볼트), 20A(암페어)를 초과하지 않도록 해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit product is afhankelijk van de kortsluitbeveiliging (overspanning) van uw electrische installatie. Controleer of het beveiligde aparaat niet groter gedimensioneerd is dan 250V, 20A.

Power Disconnection Warning

Warning! The system must be disconnected from all sources of power and the power cord removed from the power supply module(s) before accessing the chassis interior to install or remove system components.

電源切断の警告

システムコンポーネントの取り付けまたは取り外しのために、シャーシー内部にアクセスするには、

システムの電源はすべてのソースから切断され、電源コードは電源モジュールから取り外す必要が あります。

警告

在你打开机箱并安装或移除内部器件前,必须将系统完全断电,并移除电源线。

警告

在您打開機殼安裝或移除內部元件前,必須將系統完全斷電,並移除電源線。

Warnung

Das System muss von allen Quellen der Energie und vom Netzanschlusskabel getrennt sein, das von den Spg.Versorgungsteilmodulen entfernt wird, bevor es auf den Chassisinnenraum zurückgreift, um Systemsbestandteile anzubringen oder zu entfernen.

¡Advertencia!

El sistema debe ser disconnected de todas las fuentes de energía y del cable eléctrico quitado de los módulos de fuente de alimentación antes de tener acceso el interior del chasis para instalar o para quitar componentes de sistema.

Attention

Le système doit être débranché de toutes les sources de puissance ainsi que de son cordon d'alimentation secteur avant d'accéder à l'intérieur du chassis pour installer ou enlever des composants de systéme.

> אזהרה מפני ניתוק חשמלי אזהרה יש לנתק את המערכת מכל מקורות החשמל ויש להסיר את כבל החשמלי מהספק לפני גישה לחלק הפנימי של המארז לצורך התקנת או הסרת רכיבים.

يجب فصم اننظاو من جميع مصادر انطاقت وإزانت سهك انكهرباء من وحدة امداد انطاقت قبم انصل إني انمناطق انداخهيت نههيكم نتثبيج أو إزانت مكىناث الجهاز

경고!

시스템에 부품들을 장착하거나 제거하기 위해서는 섀시 내부에 접근하기 전에 반드시 전원 공급장치로부터 연결되어있는 모든 전원과 전기코드를 분리해주어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Voordat u toegang neemt tot het binnenwerk van de behuizing voor het installeren of verwijderen van systeem onderdelen, dient u alle spanningsbronnen en alle stroomkabels aangesloten op de voeding(en) van de behuizing te verwijderen

Equipment Installation



Warning! Only trained and qualified personnel should be allowed to install, replace, or service this equipment.

機器の設置

トレーニングを受け認定された人だけがこの装置の設置、交換、またはサービスを許可されていま す。

警告

只有经过培训且具有资格的人员才能进行此设备的安装、更换和维修。

警告

只有經過受訓且具資格人員才可安裝、更換與維修此設備。

Warnung

Das Installieren, Ersetzen oder Bedienen dieser Ausrüstung sollte nur geschultem, qualifiziertem Personal gestattet werden.

¡Advertencia!

Solamente el personal calificado debe instalar, reemplazar o utilizar este equipo.

Attention

Il est vivement recommandé de confier l'installation, le remplacement et la maintenance de ces équipements à des personnels qualifiés et expérimentés.

אזהרה!

צוות מוסמך בלבד רשאי להתקין, להחליף את הציוד או לתת שירות עבור הציוד.

والمدربيه لتزكيب واستبدال أو خدمة هذا الجهاس يجب أن يسمح فقط للمنظفيه المؤهليه

경고!

훈련을 받고 공인된 기술자만이 이 장비의 설치, 교체 또는 서비스를 수행할 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze apparatuur mag alleen worden geïnstalleerd, vervangen of hersteld door geschoold en gekwalificeerd personeel.

Restricted Area

Warning! This unit is intended for installation in restricted access areas. A restricted access area can be accessed only through the use of a special tool, lock and key, or other means of security. (This warning does not apply to workstations).

アクセス制限区域

このユニットは、アクセス制限区域に設置されることを想定しています。

アクセス制限区域は、特別なツール、鍵と錠前、その他のセキュリティの手段を用いてのみ出入りが 可能です。

警告

此部件应安装在限制进出的场所,限制进出的场所指只能通过使用特殊工具、锁和钥匙或其它 安全手段进出的场所。

警告

此裝置僅限安裝於進出管制區域,進出管制區域係指僅能以特殊工具、鎖頭及鑰匙或其他安全 方式才能進入的區域。

Diese Einheit ist zur Installation in Bereichen mit beschränktem Zutritt vorgesehen. Der Zutritt zu derartigen Bereichen ist nur mit einem Spezialwerkzeug, Schloss und Schlüssel oder einer sonstigen Sicherheitsvorkehrung möglich.

¡Advertencia!

Esta unidad ha sido diseñada para instalación en áreas de acceso restringido. Sólo puede obtenerse acceso a una de estas áreas mediante la utilización de una herramienta especial, cerradura con llave u otro medio de seguridad.

Attention

Cet appareil doit être installée dans des zones d'accès réservés. L'accès à une zone d'accès réservé n'est possible qu'en utilisant un outil spécial, un mécanisme de verrouillage et une clé, ou tout autre moyen de sécurité.

אזור עם גישה מוגבלת אזהרה! יש להתקין את היחידה באזורים שיש בהם הגבלת גישה. הגישה ניתנת בעזרת כלי אבטחה בלבד)מפתח, מנעול וכד.)

تخصيص هذه اندحذة نترك بُها ف مناطق محظورة تم . ،مَكن اندصل إن منطقت محظورة فقط من خلال استخذاو أداة خاصت أو أ وس هُت أخري نلالأمما قفم ومفتاح

경고!

이 장치는 접근이 제한된 구역에 설치하도록 되어있습니다. 특수도구, 잠금 장치 및 키, 또는 기타 보안 수단을 통해서만 접근 제한 구역에 들어갈 수 있습니다.

Waarschuwing

Dit apparaat is bedoeld voor installatie in gebieden met een beperkte toegang. Toegang tot dergelijke gebieden kunnen alleen verkregen worden door gebruik te maken van speciaal gereedschap, slot en sleutel of andere veiligheidsmaatregelen.

Battery Handling



Warning! There is the danger of explosion if the battery is replaced incorrectly. Replace the battery only with the same or equivalent type recommended by the manufacturer. Dispose of used batteries according to the manufacturer's instructions

電池の取り扱い

電池交換が正しく行われなかった場合、破裂の危険性があります。交換する電池はメーカーが推 奨する型、または同等のものを使用下さい。使用済電池は製造元の指示に従って処分して下さい。

警告

电池更换不当会有爆炸危险。请只使用同类电池或制造商推荐的功能相当的电池更换原有电 池。请按制造商的说明处理废旧电池。

警告

電池更換不當會有爆炸危險。請使用製造商建議之相同或功能相當的電池更換原有電池。請按 照製造商的說明指示處理廢棄舊電池。

Warnung

Bei Einsetzen einer falschen Batterie besteht Explosionsgefahr. Ersetzen Sie die Batterie nur durch den gleichen oder vom Hersteller empfohlenen Batterietyp. Entsorgen Sie die benutzten Batterien nach den Anweisungen des Herstellers.

Attention

Danger d'explosion si la pile n'est pas remplacée correctement. Ne la remplacer que par une pile de type semblable ou équivalent, recommandée par le fabricant. Jeter les piles usagées conformément aux instructions du fabricant.

¡Advertencia!

Existe peligro de explosión si la batería se reemplaza de manera incorrecta. Reemplazar la batería exclusivamente con el mismo tipo o el equivalente recomendado por el fabricante. Desechar las baterías gastadas según las instrucciones del fabricante.

אזהרה! קיימת סכנת פיצוץ של הסוללה במידה והוחלפה בדרך לא תקינה. יש להחליף את הסוללה בסוג התואם מחברת יצרן מומלצת. סילוק הסוללות המשומשות יש לבצע לפי הוראות היצרן. هناك خطر من انفجار في حالة اسحبذال البطارية بطريقة غير صحيحة فعليل اسحبذال البطارية فقط بنفس النبع أو ما يعادلها مما أوصث به الشرمة المصنعة جخلص من البطاريات المسحعملة وفقا لحعليمات الشرمة الصانعة

경고!

배터리가 올바르게 교체되지 않으면 폭발의 위험이 있습니다. 기존 배터리와 동일하거나 제 조사에서 권장하는 동등한 종류의 배터리로만 교체해야 합니다. 제조사의 안내에 따라 사용 된 배터리를 처리하여 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Er is ontploffingsgevaar indien de batterij verkeerd vervangen wordt. Vervang de batterij slechts met hetzelfde of een equivalent type die door de fabrikant aanbevolen wordt. Gebruikte batterijen dienen overeenkomstig fabrieksvoorschriften afgevoerd te worden.

Redundant Power Supplies

Warning! This unit might have more than one power supply connection. All connections must be removed to de-energize the unit.

冗長電源装置

このユニットは複数の電源装置が接続されている場合があります。

ユニットの電源を切るためには、すべての接続を取り外さなければなりません。

警告

此部件连接的电源可能不止一个,必须将所有电源断开才能停止给该部件供电。

警告

此裝置連接的電源可能不只一個,必須切斷所有電源才能停止對該裝置的供電。

Warnung

Dieses Gerät kann mehr als eine Stromzufuhr haben. Um sicherzustellen, dass der Einheit kein trom zugeführt wird, müssen alle Verbindungen entfernt werden.

¡Advertencia!

Puede que esta unidad tenga más de una conexión para fuentes de alimentación. Para cortar por completo el suministro de energía, deben desconectarse todas las conexiones.

Attention

Cette unité peut avoir plus d'une connexion d'alimentation. Pour supprimer toute tension et tout courant électrique de l'unité, toutes les connexions d'alimentation doivent être débranchées.

אם קיים יותר מספק אחד אזהרה! ליחדה יש יותר מחיבור אחד של ספק. יש להסיר את כל החיבורים על מנת לרוקן את היחידה.

> قد يكون لهذا الجهاز عدة اتصالات بوحدات امداد الطاقة . يجب إزالة كافة الاتصالات لعسل الوحدة عن الكهرباء

경고!

이 장치에는 한 개 이상의 전원 공급 단자가 연결되어 있을 수 있습니다. 이 장치에 전원을 차단하기 위해서는 모든 연결 단자를 제거해야만 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Deze eenheid kan meer dan één stroomtoevoeraansluiting bevatten. Alle aansluitingen dienen verwijderd te worden om het apparaat stroomloos te maken.

Backplane Voltage



Warning! Hazardous voltage or energy is present on the backplane when the system is operating. Use caution when servicing.

バックプレーンの電圧

システムの稼働中は危険な電圧または電力が、バックプレーン上にかかっています。

修理する際には注意ください。

警告

当系统正在进行时,背板上有很危险的电压或能量,进行维修时务必小心。

警告

當系統正在進行時,背板上有危險的電壓或能量,進行維修時務必小心。

Warnung

Wenn das System in Betrieb ist, treten auf der Rückwandplatine gefährliche Spannungen oder Energien auf. Vorsicht bei der Wartung.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando el sistema está en funcionamiento, el voltaje del plano trasero es peligroso. Tenga cuidado cuando lo revise.

Attention

Lorsque le système est en fonctionnement, des tensions électriques circulent sur le fond de panier. Prendre des précautions lors de la maintenance.

מתח בפנל האחורי אזהרה! קיימת סכנת מתח בפנל האחורי בזמן תפעול המערכת. יש להיזהר במהלך העבודה. هناك خطز مه التيار الكهزبائي أوالطاقة المىجىدة على اللىحة عندما يكن النظام يعمل كه حذرا عند خدمة هذا الجهاس

경고!

```
시스템이 동작 중일 때 후면판 (Backplane)에는 위험한 전압이나 에너지가 발생 합니다.
서비스 작업 시 주의하십시오.
```

Waarschuwing

Een gevaarlijke spanning of energie is aanwezig op de backplane wanneer het systeem in gebruik is. Voorzichtigheid is geboden tijdens het onderhoud.

Comply with Local and National Electrical Codes



Warning! Installation of the equipment must comply with local and national electrical codes.

地方および国の電気規格に準拠

機器の取り付けはその地方および国の電気規格に準拠する必要があります。

警告

设备安装必须符合本地与本国电气法规。

警告

設備安裝必須符合本地與本國電氣法規。

Warnung

Die Installation der Geräte muss den Sicherheitsstandards entsprechen.

¡Advertencia!

La instalacion del equipo debe cumplir con las normas de electricidad locales y nacionales.

Attention

L'équipement doit être installé conformément aux normes électriques nationales et locales.

תיאום חוקי החשמל הארצי אזהרה! התקנת הציוד חייבת להיות תואמת לחוקי החשמל המקומיים והארציים.

تركيب المعدات الكهربائية يجب أن يمتثل للقىاويه المحلية والىطىية المتعلقة بالكهرباء

경고! 현 지역 및 국가의 전기 규정에 따라 장비를 설치해야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

Bij installatie van de apparatuur moet worden voldaan aan de lokale en nationale elektriciteitsvoorschriften.

Product Disposal



Warning! Ultimate disposal of this product should be handled according to all national laws and regulations.

製品の廃棄

この製品を廃棄処分する場合、国の関係する全ての法律・条例に従い処理する必要があります。

警告

本产品的废弃处理应根据所有国家的法律和规章进行。

警告

本產品的廢棄處理應根據所有國家的法律和規章進行。

Warnung

Die Entsorgung dieses Produkts sollte gemäß allen Bestimmungen und Gesetzen des Landes erfolgen.

¡Advertencia!

Al deshacerse por completo de este producto debe seguir todas las leyes y reglamentos nacionales.

Attention

La mise au rebut ou le recyclage de ce produit sont généralement soumis à des lois et/ou directives de respect de l'environnement. Renseignez-vous auprès de l'organisme compétent.

סילוק המוצר

אזהרה!

סילוק סופי של מוצר זה חייב להיות בהתאם להנחיות וחוקי המדינה.

التخلص النهائي من هذا المنتج ينبغى التعامل معه وفقا لجميع القيانين واللبائح البطنية عند

경고!

이 제품은 해당 국가의 관련 법규 및 규정에 따라 폐기되어야 합니다.

Waarschuwing

De uiteindelijke verwijdering van dit product dient te geschieden in overeenstemming met alle nationale wetten en reglementen.

Hot Swap Fan Warning





Warning! Hazardous moving parts. Keep away from moving fan blades. The fans might still be turning when you remove the fan assembly from the chassis. Keep fingers, screwdrivers, and other objects away from the openings in the fan assembly's housing.

ファン・ホットスワップの警告

警告!回転部品に注意。運転中は回転部(羽根)に触れないでください。シャーシから冷却ファン装置を取り外した際、ファンがまだ回転している可能性があります。ファンの開口部に、指、ドライバー、およびその他のものを近づけないで下さい。

警告!

警告! 危险的可移动性零件。请务必与转动的风扇叶片保持距离。 当您从机架移除风扇装置, 风扇可能仍在转动。小心不要将手指、螺丝起子和其他物品太靠近风扇

警告

危險的可移動性零件。請務必與轉動的風扇葉片保持距離。 當您從機架移除風扇裝置 · 風扇可 能仍在轉動。小心不要將手指、螺絲起子和其他物品太靠近風扇。

Gefährlich Bewegende Teile. Von den bewegenden Lüfterblätter fern halten. Die Lüfter drehen sich u. U. noch, wenn die Lüfterbaugruppe aus dem Chassis genommen wird. Halten Sie Finger, Schraubendreher und andere Gegenstände von den Öffnungen des Lüftergehäuses entfernt.

¡Advertencia!

Riesgo de piezas móviles. Mantener alejado de las aspas del ventilador. Los ventiladores podran dar vuelta cuando usted quite ell montaje del ventilador del chasis. Mandtenga los dedos, los destornilladores y todos los objetos lejos de las aberturas del ventilador

Attention

Pieces mobiles dangereuses. Se tenir a l'ecart des lames du ventilateur II est possible que les ventilateurs soient toujours en rotation lorsque vous retirerez le bloc ventilateur du châssis. Prenez garde à ce que doigts, tournevis et autres objets soient éloignés du logement du bloc ventilateur.

אזהרה!

חלקים נעים מסוכנים. התרחק מלהבי המאוורר בפעולהכאשר מסירים את חלקי המאוורר מהמארז, יתכן והמאווררים עדיין עובדים. יש להרחיק למרחק בטוח את האצבעות וכלי עבודה שונים מהפתחים בתוך המאוורר

> تحذير! أجزاء متحركة خطرة. ابتعد عن شفرات المروحة المتحركة.من الممكن أن المراوح لا تزال تدورعند إزالة كتلة المروحة من الهيكل يجب إبقاء الأصابع .ومفكات البراغي وغيرها من الأشياء بعيدا عن الفتحات في كتلة المروحة

경고!

움직이는 위험한 부품. 회전하는 송풍 날개에 접근하지 마세요. 섀시로부터 팬 조립품을 제거할 때 팬은 여전히 회전하고 있을 수 있습니다. 팬 조림품 외관의 열려있는 부분들로부터 손가락 및 스크류드라이버, 다른 물체들이 가까이 하지 않도록 배치해 주십시오.

Waarschuwing

Gevaarlijk bewegende onderdelen. Houd voldoende afstand tot de bewegende ventilatorbladen. Het is mogelijk dat de ventilator nog draait tijdens het verwijderen van het ventilatorsamenstel uit het chassis. Houd uw vingers, schroevendraaiers en eventuele andere voorwerpen uit de buurt van de openingen in de ventilatorbehuizing.

Power Cable and AC Adapter



Warning! When installing the product, use the provided or designated connection cables, power cables and AC adaptors. Using any other cables and adaptors could cause a malfunction or a fire. Electrical Appliance and Material Safety Law prohibits the use of UL or CSA -certified cables (that have UL/CSA shown on the code) for any other electrical devices than products designated by Supermicro only.

電源コードとACアダプター

製品を設置する場合、提供または指定および購入された接続ケーブル、電源コードとACアダプター を該当する地域の条例や安全基準に適合するコードサイズやプラグと共に使用下さい。他のケー ブルやアダプタを使用すると故障や火災の原因になることがあります。

電気用品安全法は、ULまたはCSA認定のケーブル(UL/CSEマークがコードに表記)を Supermicro が指定する製品以外に使用することを禁止しています。

警告

安装此产品时,请使用本身提供的或指定的或采购的连接线,电源线和电源适配器 · 包含遵照当 地法规和安全要求的合规的电源线尺寸和插头.使用其它线材或适配器可能会引起故障或火灾。除了Supermicro所指定的产品,电气用品和材料安全法律规定禁止 使用未经UL或CSA认证的线材。(线材上会显示UL/CSA符号)。

警告

安裝此產品時,請使用本身提供的或指定的或採購的連接線,電源線和電源適配器 · 包含遵照當 地法規和安全要求的合規的電源線尺寸和插頭.使用其它線材或適配器可能會引起故障或火災 · 除了Supermicro所指定的產品,電氣用品和材料安全法律規定禁止 使用未經UL或CSA認證的線材 · (線材上會顯示UL/CSA符號) ·

Warnung

Nutzen Sie beim Installieren des Produkts ausschließlich die von uns zur Verfügung gestellten Verbindungskabeln, Stromkabeln und/oder Adapater, die Ihre örtlichen Sicherheitsstandards einhalten. Der Gebrauch von anderen Kabeln und Adapter können Fehlfunktionen oder Feuer verursachen. Die Richtlinien untersagen das Nutzen von UL oder CAS zertifizierten Kabeln (mit UL/CSA gekennzeichnet), an Geräten oder Produkten die nicht mit Supermicro gekennzeichnet sind.

¡Advertencia!

Cuando instale el producto, utilice la conexión provista o designada o procure cables, Cables de alimentación y adaptadores de CA que cumplan con los códigos locales y los requisitos de seguridad, incluyendo el tamaño adecuado del cable y el enchufe. El uso de otros cables y adaptadores podría causar un mal funcionamiento o un incendio. La Ley de Seguridad de Aparatos Eléctricos y de Materiales prohíbe El uso de cables certificados por UL o CSA (que tienen el certificado UL / CSA en el código) para cualquier otros dispositivos eléctricos que los productos designados únicamente por Supermicro.

Attention

Lors de l'installation du produit, utilisez les cables de connection fournis ou désigné ou achetez des cables, cables de puissance et adaptateurs respectant les normes locales et les conditions de securite y compris les tailles de cables et les prises electriques appropries. L'utilisation d'autres cables et adaptateurs peut provoquer un dysfonctionnement ou un incendie. Appareils électroménagers et la Loi sur la Sécurité Matériel interdit l'utilisation de câbles certifies- UL ou CSA (qui ont UL ou CSA indiqué sur le code) pour tous les autres appareils électriques sauf les produits désignés par Supermicro seulement.

אמליים ומתאמי AC

אזהרה!

אשר נרכשו או הותאמו לצורך ההתקנה, ואשר הותאמו לדרישות AC כאשר מתקינים את המוצר, יש להשתמש בכבלים, ספקים ומתאמים הבטיחות המקומיות, כולל מידה נכונה של הכבל והתקע. שימוש בכל כבל או מתאם מסוג אחר, עלול לגרום לתקלה או קצר חשמלי. בהתאם כאשר מופיע עליהם קוד) CSA-או ב UL-לחוקי השימוש במכשירי החשמל וחוקי הבטיחות, קיים איסור להשתמש בכבלים המוסמכים ב .בלבד Supermicro עבור כל מוצר חשמלי אחר, אלא רק במוצר אשר הותאם ע"י UL/CSA) של

عند تركيب المنتج، قم باستخدام التوصيلات المتوفرة أو المحددة أو قم بشراء الكابلات الكهربائية ومحولات التيار المتردد مع الالتزام بقوانين ومتطلبات السلامة المحلية بما في ذلك حجم الموصل والقابس السليم. استخدام أي كابلات ومحولات أخرى قد يتسبب في عطل أو حريق. يحظر قانون السلامة للأجهزة الكهربائية والمعدات استخدام الكابلات المعتمدة Supermicro. مع أي معدات أخرى غير المنتجات المعنية والمحددة من قبل (UL/CSA) والتي تحمل علامة SAC أو LU من قبل 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터

경고! 제품을 설치할 때 현지 코드 및 적절한 굵기의 코드와 플러그를 포함한 안전 요구 사항을 준수하여 제공되거나 지정된 연결 혹은 구매 케이블, 전원 케이블 및 AC 어댑터를 사용하십시오.

다른 케이블이나 어댑터를 사용하면 오작동이나 화재가 발생할 수 있습니다. 전기 용품 안전법은 UL 또는 CSA 인증 케이블 (코드에 UL / CSA가 표시된 케이블)을 Supermicro 가 지정한 제품 이외의 전기 장치에 사용하는 것을 금지합니다.

Stroomkabel en AC-Adapter

Waarschuwing! Bij het aansluiten van het Product uitsluitend gebruik maken van de geleverde Kabels of een andere geschikte aan te schaffen Aansluitmethode, deze moet altijd voldoen aan de lokale voorschriften en veiligheidsnormen, inclusief de juiste kabeldikte en stekker. Het gebruik van niet geschikte Kabels en/of Adapters kan een storing of brand veroorzaken. Wetgeving voor Elektrische apparatuur en Materiaalveiligheid verbied het gebruik van UL of CSA -gecertificeerde Kabels (met UL/CSA in de code) voor elke andere toepassing dan de door Supermicro hiervoor beoogde Producten.

Appendix C

System Specifications

Processors

Single Dual Intel Xeon 81xx/61xx/51xx/41xx/31xx series processors in an Socket P type socket **Note:** Please refer to the motherboard specifications pages on our website for updates to supported processors.

Chipset

Intel PCH C621 chipset

BIOS

256 Mb SPI AMI® BIOS Flash ROM

Memory

Twelve DIMM slots support up to 1.5TB of DDR4-2666 ECC 3DS LRDIMM or ECC RDIMM

Note: See the memory section in Chapter 3 for details and our website for updates to supported memory.

SATA Controller

On-chip (Intel PCH C621) controller

Drive Bays

Two 2.5" hot-swap drive bays

PCI Expansion Slots

Five PCI-E 3.0 x16 slots supported by CPU1 and CPU2 (Slots 1-5) One PCI-E 3.0 x8 slot (OCuLink) supported by the C620 chipset\ One Flexible IO (PCI-E x4 or SATA) M.2 slot

Motherboard

X11DGQ; Extended ATX form factor (13.1 x 14.7 in. / 333 x 373 mm.)

Chassis

SC118GQETS-R2K05P2/SC118GQPTS-R2K05P2; 1U Rackmount, (WxHxD) 17.2 x 1.7 x 35.2 in. (437 x 43 x 894 mm)

System Cooling

1029GQ-TRT, 1029GQ-TNRT: nine 4-cm counter-rotating PWM fans 1029GQ-TXRT seven 4-cm counter-rotating PWM fans

Power Supply

Model: PWS-2K05A-1R AC Input Voltages: 100-240 VAC Rated Input Current: 110V: 12-8A, 180-240V: 8-6A Rated Input Frequency: 50-60 Hz Rated Output Power: 2000W Rated Output Voltages: 110V: +12V (8A), +12Vsb (2.1A), 200-240V: +12V (167A), +12Vsb (2.1A)

Operating Environment

Operating Temperature: 10° to 35° C (50° to 95° F) Non-operating Temperature: -40° to 60° C (-40° to 140° F) Operating Relative Humidity: 8% to 90% (non-condensing) Non-operating Relative Humidity: 5% to 95% (non-condensing)

Regulatory Compliance

Electromagnetic Emissions: FCC Class A, EN 55032 Class A, EN 61000-3-2/3-3, CISPR 22 Class A Electromagnetic Immunity: EN 55024/CISPR 24, (EN 61000-4-2, EN 61000-4-3, EN 61000-4-4, EN 61000-4-5, EN 61000-4-6, EN 61000-4-8, EN 61000-4-11)

Safety: CSA/EN/IEC/UL 60950-1 Compliant, UL or CSA Listed (USA and Canada), CE Marking (Europe)

Perchlorate Warning

California Best Management Practices Regulations for Perchlorate Materials: This Perchlorate warning applies only to products containing CR (Manganese Dioxide) Lithium coin cells. "Perchlorate Material-special handling may apply. See www.dtsc.ca.gov/ hazardouswaste/perchlorate"