

DGS-1100-05/08/08P/16/24 MANUAL EASYSMART SWITCH

Ver. 1.04



WIRED

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About This Guide

This guide provides instructions to install the D-Link Gigabit Ethernet EasySmart Switch DGS-1100-05/08/08P/16/24, how to use the Web Utility, and to configure Web-based Management step-by-step.

Note: The model you have purchased may appear slightly different from the illustrations shown in the document. Refer to the Product Instruction and Technical Specification sections for detailed information about your switch, its components, network connections, and technical specifications.

This guide is mainly divided into four parts:

- 1. Hardware Installation: Step-by-step hardware installation procedures.
- 2. Getting Started: A startup guide for basic switch installation and settings.
- 3. Smart Console Utility: An introduction to the central management system.
- 4. Configuration: Information about the function descriptions and configuration settings.

Terms/Usage

In this guide, the term "Switch" (first letter capitalized) refers to the EasySmart Switch, and "switch" (first letter lower case) refers to other Ethernet switches. Some technologies refer to terms "switch", "bridge" and "switching hubs" interchangeably, and both are commonly accepted for Ethernet switches.



A **NOTE** indicates important information that helps a better use of the device.

A **CAUTION** indicates potential property damage or personal injury.

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1 Product Introduction

Thank you and congratulations on your purchase of D-Link EasySmart Switch Products.

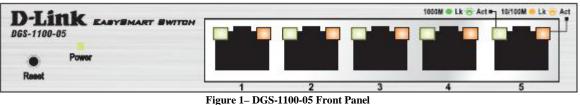
D-Link's next generation EasySmart Ethernet switch series blends plug-and-play simplicity with exceptional value and reliability for small and medium-sized business (SMB) networking. All models are housed in a new style rack-mount metal case with easy-to-view front panel diagnostic LEDs.

The brand-new DGS-1100 series are born to be green by design of IEEE 802.3az Energy Efficient Ethernet compliant (abbreviated as EEE) and D-Link Green Technologies. It allows significant power saving during periods of low data activity. In most of use cases and environments, switches are idle in 90% or more of time. While no traffic in a short period of time, ports on DGS-1100 switch get into power saving mode automatically. Once if a packet is received, the switch wakes and works immediately. Connecting to EEE compliant devices, such as PCs and servers, the network can save energy without compromising any performance. While connecting to legacy devices which do not support IEEE 802.3az, D-Link Green Technologies can reduce power consumption by detecting short cable and link-down devices.

DGS-1100-05

5-Port 10/100/1000Mpbs EasySmart Switch

Front Panel



Power LED: The Power LED lights up when the Switch is connected to a power source.

Link/Act/Speed LED (Ports 1-5):

Flashing: Indicates a network link through the corresponding port.

Blinking: Indicates that the Switch is either sending or receiving data to the port.

Green: Indicates that the port is running at 1000M.

Amber: Indicates that the port is running at 10/100M.

Light off: No link.

Reset: By pressing the Reset button for 5 seconds the Switch will change back to the default configuration and all changes will be lost.

<u>Rear Panel</u>

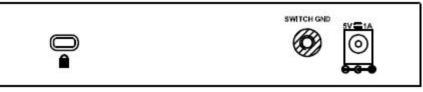


Figure 2– DGS-1100-05 Rear Panel

5V/1A AC adapter: The port is where to connect the 5V/1A AC adapter.

DGS-1100-08

8-Port 10/100/1000Mpbs EasySmart Switch

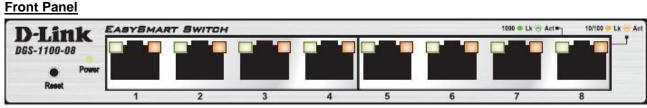


Figure 3 – DGS-1100-08 Front Panel

Power LED: The Power LED lights up when the Switch is connected to a power source.

Link/Act/Speed LED (Ports 1-8):

Flashing: Indicates a network link through the corresponding port.

Blinking: Indicates that the Switch is either sending or receiving data to the port.

Green: Indicates that the port is running at 1000M.

Amber: Indicates that the port is running at 10/100M.

Light off: No link.

Reset: By pressing the Reset button for 5 seconds the Switch will change back to the default configuration and all changes will be lost.

Rear Panel



Figure 4 – DGS-1100-08 Rear Panel

5V/1A AC adapter: The port is where to connect the 5V/1A AC adapter.

DGS-1100-08P

8-Port 10/100/1000Mpbs PoE EasySmart Switch

Front Panel

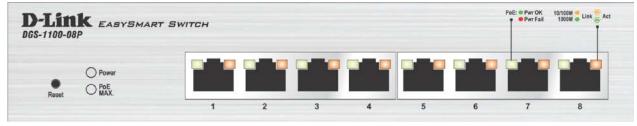


Figure 5 – DGS-1100-08P Front Panel

Power LED: The Power LED lights up when the Switch is connected to a power source.

PoE MAX. LED:

Light up: Indicates the power output to PDs is over 57W. No additional PDs can be powered for safety consideration.

Blinking: Indicates if the user unplugged certain PDs and made the PoE power budget left over 7W, the PoE MAX LED will blink 2 minutes.

Light off: Indicates the power budget is using less than 57W.

Link/Act/Speed LED (Ports 1-8):

Flashing: Indicates a network link through the corresponding port.

Blinking: Indicates that the Switch is either sending or receiving data to the port.

Green: Indicates that the port is running at 1000M.

Amber: Indicates that the port is running at 10/100M.

Light off: No link.

PoE LED (Ports 1-8):

Green: Indicates the PoE powered device (PD) is connected and the port supplies power successfully.

Red: The PoE port has failed, possibly due to:

- 1. PoE total power budget shortage
- 2. Over current: Exceeds the power current of powered device's classification.
- 3. Short circuit: Short circuit has been performed on a powered device

Light off: Indicates no Powered Device (PD) connected.

Reset: By pressing the Reset button for 5 seconds the Switch will change back to the default configuration and all changes will be lost.

Rear Panel

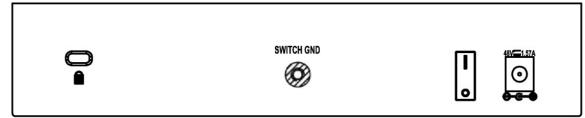


Figure 6 – DGS-1100-08P Rear Panel

48V/1.57A Desktop adapter: The port is where to connect the 48V/1.57A Desktop adapter.

DGS-1100-16

16-Port 10/100/1000Mpbs EasySmart Switch

Front Panel

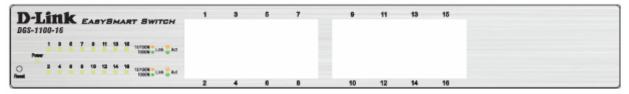


Figure 7 - DGS-1100-16 Front Panel

Power LED: The Power LED lights up when the Switch is connected to a power source.

Link/Act/Speed LED (Ports 1-16):

Flashing: Indicates a network link through the corresponding port.

Blinking: Indicates that the Switch is either sending or receiving data to the port.

Green: Indicates that the port is running at 1000M.

Amber: Indicates that the port is running at 10/100M.

Light off: No link.

Reset: By pressing the Reset button for 5 seconds the Switch will change back to the default configuration and all changes will be lost.

Rear Panel

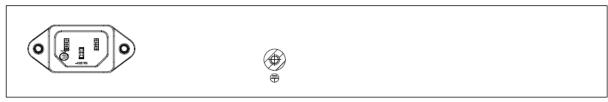


Figure 8– DGS-1100-16 Rear Panel

Power: The power port is where to connect the AC power cord.

DGS-1100-24

24-Port 10/100/1000Mpbs EasySmart Switch

Front Panel

D-Link EASYSMART SWITCH	1	3	5	7	9	11	13	15	17	19	21	23
1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 Power10/100M = Link & Act 1000M = Link & Act												
Q 4 6 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 Reset	2	4	6	8	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24

Figure 9 – DGS-1100-24 Front Panel

Power LED: The Power LED lights up when the Switch is connected to a power source.

Link/Act/Speed LED (Ports 1-24):

Flashing: Indicates a network link through the corresponding port.

Blinking: Indicates that the Switch is either sending or receiving data to the port.

Green: Indicates that the port is running at 1000M.

Amber: Indicates that the port is running at 10/100M.

Light off: No link.

Reset: Press the reset button for 5 seconds to reset the Switch back to the default settings. All previous changes will be lost.

Rear Panel

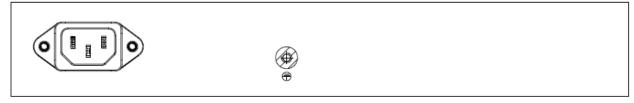


Figure 10– DGS-1100-24 Rear Panel

Power: Connect the supplied AC power cable to this port.

2 Hardware Installation

This chapter provides unpacking and installation information for the D-Link EasySmart Switch.

Step 1: Unpacking

Open the shipping carton and carefully unpack its contents. Please consult the packing list located in the User Manual to make sure all items are present and undamaged. If any item is missing or damaged, please contact your local D-Link reseller for replacement.

Packing contents of DGS-1100-05/08

- One D-Link EasySmart Switch
- One AC Power Adapter
- Four rubber feet
- > One accessory kit for wall-mount installation
- One ground screw that screw on the D-Link EasySmart Switch
- One Multi-lingual Getting Started Guide
- One CD with User Manual and SmartConsole Utility program

Packing contents of DGS-1100-08P

- One D-Link EasySmart Switch
- One Desktop Power Adapter
- One AC power cord
- Four rubber feet
- One ground screw that screw on the D-Link EasySmart Switch
- One Multi-lingual Getting Started Guide
- One CD with User Manual and SmartConsole Utility program

Packing contents of DGS-1100-16/24

- One D-Link EasySmart Switch
- One AC power cord
- Four rubber feet
- Screws and two mounting brackets
- One accessory kit for a ground screw
- One Multi-lingual Getting Started Guide
- One CD with User Manual and SmartConsole Utility program

If any item is found missing or damaged, please contact the local reseller for replacement.

Step 2: Switch Installation

For safe switch installation and operation, it is recommended that you:

- Visually inspect the power cord to see that it is secured fully to the AC power connector.
- Make sure that there is proper heat dissipation and adequate ventilation around the switch.
- > Do not place heavy objects on the switch.

Desktop or Shelf Installation

When installing the switch on a desktop or shelf, the rubber feet included with the device must be attached on the bottom at each corner of the device's base. Allow enough ventilation space between the device and the objects around it.

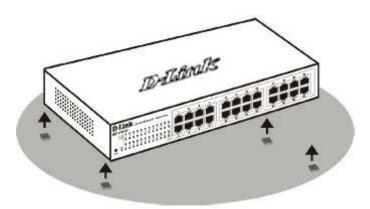


Figure 11 – Attach the adhesive rubber pads to the bottom

Rack Installation

The switch can be mounted in an EIA standard size 11-inch rack, which can be placed in a wiring closet with other equipment. To install, attach the mounting brackets to the switch's side panels (one on each side) and secure them with the screws provided (please note that these brackets are not designed for palm size switches).

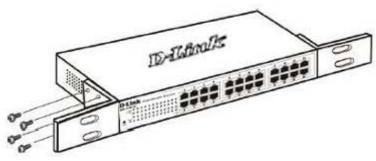


Figure 12 – Attach the mounting brackets to the Switch

Then, use the screws provided with the equipment rack to mount the switch in the rack.

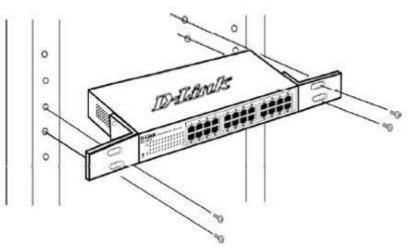


Figure 13- Mount the Switch in the rack or chassis

Please be aware of following safety Instructions when installing:

A) Elevated Operating Ambient - If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than room ambient. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the maximum ambient temperature (Tma) specified by the manufacturer.

B) Reduced Air Flow - Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised.

C) Mechanical Loading - Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not achieved due to uneven mechanical loading.

D) Circuit Overloading - Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of the circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

E) Reliable Earthing - Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (e.g. use of power strips)."

Wall-mount

The Switch can be mounted on a wall. Two mounting slots are provided on the bottom of the switch for this purpose.

Please follow the installation steps to complete wall-mount process.

• Mounting on a cement wall

Step 1: Mount the nylon screw anchors ø5 x 22L mm (included in the accessory kit) into a cement wall Step 2: Drive the T3 x 15L screws into the nylon screw anchors.

Step 3: Hook the mounting holes of the switch back on the screws.

• Mounting on a wood wall

Step 1: Drive the T3 x 15L screws into a wood wall.

Step 2. Hook the mounting holes of the switch back on the screws.

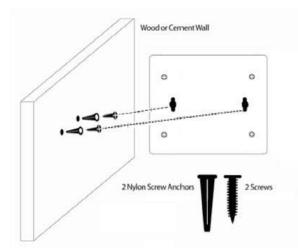


Figure 14 – Wall mount installation

Step 3 – Plugging in the AC Power Cord

Users may now connect the AC power cord into the rear of the switch and to an electrical outlet (preferably one that is grounded and surge protected).

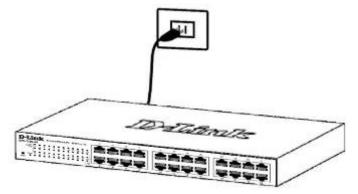


Figure 15 –Plugging the switch into an outlet

Power Failure

As a precaution, the switch should be unplugged in case of power failure. When power is resumed, plug the switch back in.

Grounding the Switch

This section describes how to connect the EasySmart Switch to ground. You must complete this procedure before powering your switch.

Required Tools and Equipment

- Ground screws (included in the accessory kit): One M4 x 6 mm (metric) pan-head screw
- Ground cable (not included in the accessory kit): The grounding cable should be sized according to local and national installation requirements. Depending on the power supply and system, a 12 to 6 AWG copper conductor is required for U.S installation. Commercially available 6 AWG wire is recommended. The length of the cable depends on the proximity of the switch to proper grounding facilities.
- A screwdriver (not included in the accessory kit)

The following steps let you connect the switch to a protective ground:

Step 1: Verify if the system power is off.

Step 2: Use the ground cable to place the #8 terminal lug ring on top of the ground-screw opening, as seen in the figure below.

Step 3: Insert the ground screw into the ground-screw opening.

Step 4: Using a screwdriver, tighten the ground screw to secure the ground cable to the switch.

Step 5: Attach the terminal lug ring at the other end of the grounding cable to an appropriate grounding stud or bolt on rack where the switch is installed.

Step 6: Verify if the connections at the ground connector on the switch and the rack are securely attached.

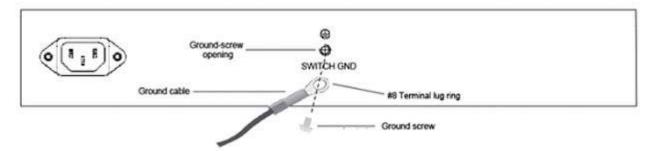


Figure 16 –Ground cable, screw and #8 terminal lug rings

3 Getting Started

This chapter introduces the management interface of D-Link EasySmart Switch.

Management Options

The D-Link EasySmart Switch can be managed through any port on the device by using the Web-based Management or through any PC using the SmartConsole Utility.

Each switch must be assigned its own IP Address, which is used for communication with Web-Based Management. The PC's IP address should be in the same range as the switch. Each switch can allow only one user to access the Web-Based Management at a time.

The PC should have an IP address in the same range as the switch. Each switch can allow one user to access to the Web-Based Management at a time.

However, if you want to manage multiple D-Link EasySmart Switches, the SmartConsole Utility is a more convenient choice. By using the SmartConsole Utility, you do not need to change the IP address of your PC and it is easier to initialize multiple EasySmart Switches.

Please refer to the following installation instructions for the Web-based Management and the SmartConsole Utility.

Using Web-based Management

After a successful physical installation, you can configure the Switch, monitor the network status, and display statistics using a web browser.

Supported Web Browsers

The embedded Web-based Management currently supports the following web browsers:

- Internet Explorer 6 or later version
- Netscape 8 or later version
- Firefox 3.0 or later version
- Chrome 5.0 or later version
- Safari 4.0 or later version
- Opera 10 or later version

Connecting to the Switch

You will need the following equipment to begin the web configuration of your device:

- 1. A PC with a RJ-45 Ethernet connection
- 2. A standard Ethernet cable

Connect the Ethernet cable to any of the ports on the front panel of the switch and to the Ethernet port on the PC.

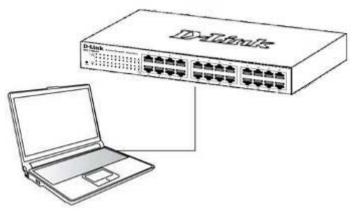


Figure 17 –Connected Ethernet cable

Login Web-based Management

In order to login and configure the switch via an Ethernet connection, the PC must have an IP address in the same subnet as the switch. For example, if the switch has an IP address of **10.90.90.90**, the PC should have an IP address of **10.x.y.z** (where x/y is a number between 0 ~ 254 and z is a number between 1 ~ 254), and a subnet mask of **255.0.0.0**. There are two ways to launch the Web-based Management, you may either click the Web Access button at the top of the SmartConsole Utility or open the web browser and enter **10.90.90.90**. (the factory-default IP address) in the address bar. Then press <Enter>.

<i>6</i> 0	🥖 D-Link Welcome - Windows Internet Explorer								
G									
Eile	<u>E</u> dit	⊻iew	F <u>a</u> vorites	Tools	Help				

Figure 18 –Enter the IP address 10.90.90.90 in the web browser

NOTE: The switch's factory default IP address is 10.90.90.90 with a subnet mask of 255.0.0.0 and a default gateway of 0.0.0.0.

The web configuration can also be accessed through the SmartConsole Utility. Open the SmartConsole Utility and double-click the switch as it appears in the Monitor List. This will automatically load the web configuration in your web browser.

When the following logon dialog box appears, enter the password then click **OK**. The default password is **admin**.

R		
Emer your pas	sword	
Pasaword	6	
	(OK	Canod

Figure 19 – Logon Dialog Box

SmartConsole Utility

The SmartConsole Utility included in the installation CD is a program for discovering D-Link Smart Switches and EasySmart Switches within the same L2 network segment connected to your PC. This tool is only for computers running Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Vista x64/32 or Windows 7 x64/32 operating systems. There are two options for the installation of the SmartConsole Utility; one is through the autorun program on the installation CD and the other is manual installation.



NOTE: Please be sure to uninstall any existing SmartConsole Utility from your PC before installing the latest SmartConsole Utility.

Option 1: Follow these steps to install the SmartConsole Utility via the autorun program on the installation CD.

- 1. Insert the Utility CD into your CD-Rom/DVD-Rom Drive.
- 2. The autorun program will appear automatically.
- 3. Click on the "Install SmartConsole Utility" button and an installation wizard will guide you through the process.
- 4. After successfully installing the SmartConsole Utility, you can open the utility by clicking Start > Programs > D-Link SmartConsole Utility.
- 5. Connect the Smart Switch to the same L2 network segment of your PC and use the SmartConsole Utility to discover the Smart Switches.

Option 2: Follow these steps to install the SmartConsole Utility manually.

- 1. Insert the Utility CD into your CD-Rom/DVD-Rom Drive.
- 2. From the Start menu on the Windows desktop, click Computer.
- 3. Double click on you CD-Rom/DVD-Rom Drive to start the autorun menu, or right click on the Drive to open the folder. Select SmartConsole Utility and double click on the .exe file.
- 4. Follow the on-screen instructions to install the utility.
- 5. Upon completion, go to Start > Programs > D-Link SmartConsole Utility and open the SmartConsole Utility.
- 6. Connect the Smart Switch to the same L2 network segment of your PC and use the SmartConsole Utility to discover the Smart Switches.

For detailed explanations of SmartConsole's functions, please refer to Chapter 4 SmartConsole Utility

4 SmartConsole Utility

The D-Link SmartConsole Utility allows the administrator to quickly discover all D-Link Smart Switches and EasySmart Switches which are in the same domain of the PC, collect traps and log messages, and quick access to basic configurations of the switch.

The SmartConsole Utility consists of three parts, **Device Configurations** at the top, **Device List** as the main body, and **SmartConsole Settings** at the left.

		Device C	onfiguration		
lity		_	†		
	i 😔 🙆			— + Q Di	scover
elect Monitor	Product Name	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Gateway	МА
	DGS-1100-08	10.90.90.108	255.0.0.0	10.90.90.20	00-15
	DGS-1100-05	10.90.90.105	255.0.0.0	10.90.90.20	00-44
	DGS-1100-24	10.90.90.124	255.0.0.0	10.90.90.20	00-24
	DGS-1100-16	10.90.90.116	255.0.0.0	10.90.90.20	00-11
Fi	gure 20– Smar	tConsole Utilit	v	↓	
	lect Monitor	Iect Monitor Product Name DGS-1100-08 DGS-1100-24	ity	Monitor Product Name IP Address Subnet Mask OGS-1100-08 10.90.90.108 255.0.0.0 OGS-1100-05 10.90.90.105 255.0.0.0 OGS-1100-24 10.90.90.124 255.0.0.0	ity Image: Constraint of the second system Image: Consecond system

SmartConsole Settings

The SmartConsole Settings at the left has five icons, Utility Settings, Log, Trap, File, and Help.

Utility Settings

Click this icon to launch the Utility Settings window. **Refresh time** refreshes the devices which were selected as monitored device in the Device List. Choices include **15 secs**, **30 secs**, **1mins**, **2mins**, and **5 mins** for selecting the monitoring time intervals. **Utility Group Interval** establishes the intervals (in seconds) that the Switch will be discovered in the SmartConsole Device List.

D Utility Settings	- ×
Discover Refresh Interval	15sec 🔹
Utility Group Interval	120 sec
	OK Cancel

Figure 21– SmartConsole Utility Settings



NOTE: If the Group Interval is set to 0, IGMP Snooping must be disabled in the Switch or the switches will not be discovered.

Log

Click this icon to launch the Log window. Click **View Log** to show the events of the SmartConsole Utility and the device. **Date/Time** indicates when the message was received, **IP** denotes where it comes from and **Status** shows the content of this log message. Click **Clear** Log to clear all log entries. Click **OK** to exit.

0 0		-	
D Utility Log	_	_	- ×
Time	Location	IP Address	
2012/10/05 14:47:56	DS-05	10.90.90.105	
2012/10/05 14:47:58	DS-05	10.90.90.105	
2012/10/05 14:48:00	DS-24	10.90.90.124	
2012/10/05 14:48:02	DS-24	10.90.90.124	
2012/10/05 14:48:06	DS-16	10.90.90.116	
2012/10/05 14:48:07	DS-16	10.90.90.116	
2012/10/05 14:48:32	DS-08	10.90.90.108	
2012/10/05 14:48:35	DS-08	10.90.90.108	
	Refresh	Clear I	Exit
	· · · · · ·		

Figure 22- SmartConsole Log

<u>Trap</u>

Click this icon to launch the Trap window. Click **View Trap** to show the events of the SmartConsole Utility and the device. **Date/Time** indicates when the trap message was received, **IP** denotes where it comes from and **Status** shows the content of this trap message. Click **Clear Trap** to clear all entries. Click **OK** to exit

D Trap	_		- ×
Time	Location	IP Address	Eve
2012/10/05 14:47:56	DS-05	10.90.90.105	DGS-1100
2012/10/05 14:47:58	DS-05	10.90.90.105	DGS-1100
2012/10/05 14:48:00	DS-24	10.90.90.124	DGS-1100
2012/10/05 14:48:02	DS-24	10.90.90.124	DGS-1100
2012/10/05 14:48:06	DS-16	10.90.90.116	DGS-1100
2012/10/05 14:48:07	DS-16	10.90.90.116	DGS-1100
2012/10/05 14:48:32	DS-08	10.90.90.108	DGS-1100
2012/10/05 14:48:35	DS-08	10.90.90.108	DGS-1100
R	efresh	Clear	Exit

Figure 53 – SmartConsole Trap

The trap icon in the SmartConsole Settings will change while receiving new trap messages. Please see below for detailed description.

lcon	Description
-	No new traps
\mathbf{R}	New traps was received

Monitor List

By clicking on this icon you will see below options:



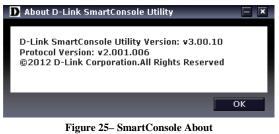
Figure 24- SmartConsole Monitor List

Monitor Save: Records the setting of the Device List as default for the next time the SmartConsole Utility is used.

Monitor Save As: Records the setting of the Device List in an appointed filename and file path. **Monitor Load:** Manually load a Device List setting file.

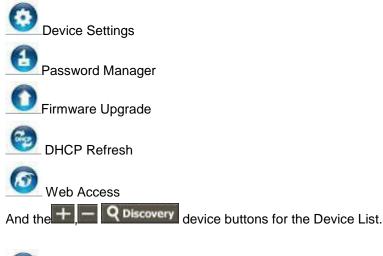
<u>About</u>

Click this icon to launch the SmartConsole Info window.



Device Configuration

The Device Configuration in the SmartConsole Utility has five icons:



O Device Settings

Select a switch from the Device List. Click on this icon to launch the Device Settings window. Here you can configure the Product Name, IP Address, Gateway, Subnet Mask, System Name, Location, Trap Host IP, and DHCP Client Setting of the Switch.

To apply the configuration, insert the correct device password in the Confirm Password box and then click \mathbf{OK}

D Device Settings		- X
Product Name	DGS-1100-08	
MAC Address	00-15-48-32-65-11	
IP Address	10.90.90.108	
Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0	
Gateway	10.90.90.20	
System Name		
Location	DS-08	
Trap IP	10.90.90.20	
Group Interval		sec
DHCP Setting		
🔾 Enabled 💿 I	Disabled	
Password		
	OK Ca	ncel

Figure 26 – SmartConsole Device Settings

NOTE: The EasySmart Switch automatically sends out discovery packets to maintain the connection between the devices and SmartConsole Utility. Therefore, ensure to configure the **Group Interval** setting.

Password Manager

Select a switch from the Device List. Click on this icon to launch the Device Password Manager window. Here you can enter a new password and confirm it.

D Password Setting	- ×
Change Device Passwor Old Password	rd
New Password	
Confirm Password	
	OK Cancel

Figure 27– SmartConsole Password Manager



Select one or many switches of same model name from the Device List. Click on this icon to launch the Firmware Upgrade window. Specify the Firmware Path (or Browse for one) that you are going to use. Input the correct password of device, and then click **Upgrade**. The state will show "OK" after completion, and "Fail" is firmware upgrade fails or cannot be completed for any reason.

D Firm	ware Upgrade	_	_	_	- ×
Index	Product Name	IP Address	MAC Address	Firmware V	Status
1	DGS-1100-08	10.90.90.108	00-15-48-32-6	1.10.007	
		_		_	
Fii	mware Path				Browse
Up	grade Status	Current	Progress 0%		
Pa	ssword				
			† Upgrade		ancel

Figure 28 – Firmware Upgrade



If a DHCP-client enabled switch in the Device List shows the default IP is still used, it means the device did not receive an IP address from the DHCP server successfully. Select that switch and click the DHCP refresh icon. Enter the correct Device Password and then click **OK**. The device will renew the IP address from the DHCP server.

D Refresh IP address from DHCP Server	- ×
Please input the device password in order to obtain a new IP address from DHCP server. Device Password	
ОК	Cancel

Figure 29 – DHCP Refresh



Select a switch from the Device List. Click this icon to launch your internet browser (e.g. The Internet Explorer). Here you can configure the Switch through the Web-based Management utility. You may also get into the Web-based Management by double-clicking the device in the device list.

Add (+), Delete (-) and Discover the device

Click the **Discovery** button to display all the Web Smart and EasySmart switches located in the same domain with the management PC.

Click the + and insert a device IP address to add a device into Discover List, or select a device and click the – button to remove it.

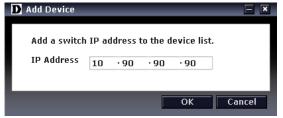


Figure 30 - SmartConsole Add device



Figure 6- SmartConsole Delete device

Device List

This list displays all discovered Web Smart and EasySmart switches on the network.

Select	Monitor	Product Name	IP Address	Subnet Mask	Gateway	МА
		DGS-1100-08	10.90.90.100	255.255.255.0	10.90.90.20	00-15
		DGS-1100-05	10.90.90.105	255.0.0.0	10.90.90.20	00-44
		DGS-1100-24	10.90.90.124	255.0.0.0	10.90.90.20	00-24
		DGS-1100-16	10.90.90.116	255.0.0.0	10.90.90.20	00-11

Figure 32– SmartConsole Device List

Definitions of the Device List features:

Monitor: The **(**) in the monitor means the device was discovered by SmartConsole. Click the icon to have the device keep updating the information, The icon will become **(**). When the device was detected as not reachable, the icon will change to **(**). Please check if the power or the cable of this device is disconnected. **Product Name:** Displays the device product name.

IP Address: Displays the current IP addresses of devices.

Subnet Mask: Displays the Subnet Mask setting of the device.

Gateway: Displays the Gateway setting of the device.

MAC Address: Displays the device MAC Addresses.

Firmware version: Displays the current Firmware version of this device.

System Name: Displays the appointed device system name.

Location: Displays where the appointed device location.

SNMP: Displays the SNMP status of the device. This is not available for EasySmart switches.

Trap IP: Displays the IP address of host where the Trap information will be sent to.

DHCP: Specify if the device gets the IP address from a DHCP server.

Group Interval: Displays the intervals (in seconds). This feature is not available for EasySmart switches.



NOTE: If the devices are marked red in the device list, it means that the devices require upgrading firmware again.

5 Configuration

The features and functions of the D-Link EasySmart Switch can be configured for optimum use through the Web-based Management Utility.

Web-based Management

After a successful login you will see the screen below:

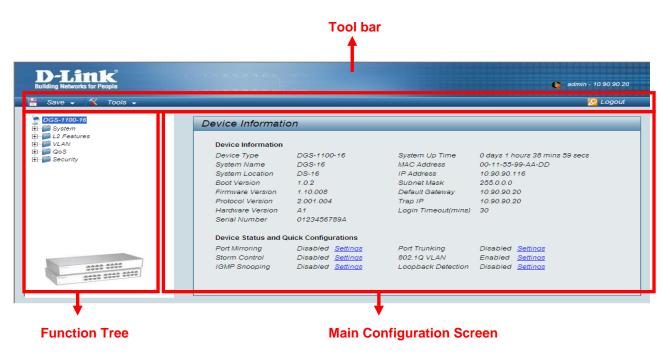


Figure 33 – Web-based Management

Above is the Web-based Management screen. The three main areas are the **Tool Bar** on top, the **Function Tree**, and the **Main Configuration Screen**.

The **Tool Bar** provides a quick and convenient way for essential utility functions like firmware and configuration management.

By choosing different functions in the **Function Tree**, you can change all the settings in the **Main Configuration Screen**. The main configuration screen will show the current status of your Switch by clicking the model name on top of the function tree.

At the upper right corner of the screen the username and current IP address will be displayed.

Under the username is the **Logout** button. Click this to end this session.



NOTE: If you close the web browser without clicking the **Logout** button, it will be seen as an abnormal exit and the login session will still be occupied.

Finally, by clicking on the D-Link logo at the upper-left corner of the screen you will be redirected to the local D-Link website.

Tool Bar > Save Menu

The Save Menu provides Save Configuration.



Save Configuration

Select to save the entire configuration changes you have made to the device to switch's non-volatile RAM.

Save Configuration	
Please press the "Save Configuration" button to save system settings to NV_RAM.	Save Configuration
Figure 35– Save Configuration	

Tool Bar > Tool Menu

The Tool Menu offers global function controls such as Reset System, Reboot Device, Firmware Upgrade and Configuration Backup & Restore.

Figure 36 - Tool Menu

Reboot Device

Provide a safe way to reboot the system. Click **Reboot** to restart the switch.



Reset System

Provide a safe reset option for the Switch. All configuration settings in non-volatile RAM will be reset to factory default and then the Switch will reboot.

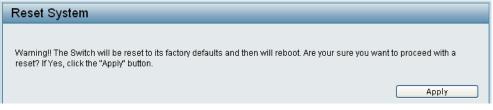


Figure 78– Tool Menu > Reset System

Firmware Backup & Upgrade

Click **Backup** to save the firmware to your disk.

Click **Browse** to browse your inventories for a saved firmware file. Click **Upgrade** after selecting the firmware file you want to restore.

Firmware Backup & Upgrade		
Backup Firmware to file :	Backup	
Upgrade firmware from file :	[]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]]	
	Upgrade	
Figure 89 – Tool Menu > Firmware backup & upgrade		

CAUTION: Do not disconnect the PC or remove the power cord from device until upgrade is complete. The Switch may crash if the Firmware Upgrade is incomplete.

Configuration Backup & Restore

Allow the current configuration settings to be saved to a file (not including the password), and if necessary, you can restore configuration settings from the file.

Configuration Backup and Restore		
Backup current settings to file :	Backup	
Restore saved settings from file :	瀏覽	
	Restore	

Figure 40– Tool Menu > Configure Backup and Restore

Backup or restore the configuration file to or from your local drive.

Click **Backup** to save the current settings to your disk.

Click Browse to browse your inventories for a saved backup settings file.

Click Restore after selecting the backup settings file you want to restore.



Note: Switch will reboot after restore and all current configurations will be lost

Function Tree

All configuration options on the switch are accessed through the Setup menu on the left side of the screen. Click on the setup item that you want to configure. The following sections provide more detailed description of each feature and function.

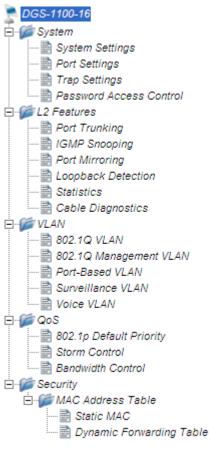


Figure 41–Function Tree

Device Information

The **Device Information** provides an overview of the switch which includes essential information such as firmware, hardware and IP address.

It also offers an overall status of common software features:

Port Mirroring: Click Setting > L2 Features > Port Mirroring. By default this feature is disabled.

Storm Control: Click Setting > QoS > Storm Control. By default this feature is disabled.

IGMP Snooping: Click **Setting** > **L2 Features** > **IGMP Snooping**. By default this feature is disabled.

Port Trunking: Click **Setting** > **L2 Features** > **Trunking Setting**. By default this feature is disabled.

802.1Q VLAN: Click Setting > VLAN > 802.1Q Management VLAN. By default this feature is disabled.

Loopback Detection: Click Setting > L2 Features > Loopback Detection. By default this feature is disabled.

vice Information			
Device Information			
Device Type	DGS-1100-24	System Up Time	0 days 0 hours 21 mins 43 seconds
System Name		MAC Address	00-11-55-44-AA-AA
System Location		IP Address	10.90.90.90
Boot Version	1.0.2	Subnet Mask	255.0.0.0
Firmware Version	1.00.002	Default Gateway	0.0.0.0
Protocol Version	2.001.004	Trap IP	0.0.0.0
Hardware Version	A1	Login Timeout (minutes)	5
Serial Number	0123456789A		
Device Status and Qui	ck Configurations		
Port Mirroring	Disabled Settings	Port Trunking	Disabled Settings
Storm Control	Disabled Settings	802.1Q VLAN	Enabled Settings
GMP Snooping	Disabled Settings	Loopback Detection	Disabled Settings

Figure 92– Device Information

System > System Settings

The System Setting allows the user to configure the IP address and the basic system information of the Switch.

IP Information: There are two ways for the switch to obtain an IP address: Static and DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol).

When using static mode, the **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask** and **Gateway** can be manually configured. When using DHCP mode, the Switch will first look for a DHCP server to provide it with an IP address (including network mask and default gateway) before using the default or previously entered settings. By default the IP setting is static mode with IP address is **10.90.90.90** and subnet mask is **255.0.00**.

System Information: By entering a **System Name** and **System Location**, the device can more easily be recognized through the SmartConsole Utility and from other EasySmart devices on the LAN.

Login Timeout: The Login Timeout controls the idle time-out period for security purposes, when there is no action for a specific time span in the Web-based Management. If the current session times out (expires), the user is required a re-login before using the Web-based Management again. Selective range is from 3 to 30 minutes, and the default setting is 5 minutes.

ystem Settings		
IP Information		
 Static ○ DHCP IP Address Subnet Mask Gateway 	10, 90, 90, 90 255, 0, 0, 0 10, 90, 90, 254	
		Apply
System Information		
System Name System Location Login Timeout(3-30minutes)	5	
		Арріу

Figure 103– System > System Setting

System > Port Settings

In the Port Setting page, the status of all ports can be monitored and adjusted for optimum configuration. By selecting a range of ports (**From Port** and **To Port**), the **Speed** can be set for all selected ports, effective by clicking **Apply**. Press the **Refresh** button to view the latest information.

From Port	To Port Speed	From Port		
1	✓ 24 ✓ Auto	🔽 Disabled 🔽	Apply Refr	esh
Port	Link Status	Speed	Flow Control	
1	100M Full	Auto	Disabled	
2	Down	Auto	Disabled	
3	100M Full	Auto	Disabled	
4	Down	Auto	Disabled	
5	Down	Auto	Disabled	
6	Down	Auto	Disabled	
7	Down	Auto	Disabled	
8	Down	Auto	Disabled	
9	Down	Auto	Disabled	
10	Down	Auto	Disabled	
11	Down	Auto	Disabled	
12	Down	Auto	Disabled	
13	Down	Auto	Disabled	
14	Down	Auto	Disabled	
15	Down	Auto	Disabled	
16	Down	Auto	Disabled	×

Figure 114– System > Port Setting

Speed: Copper connections can operate in Forced Mode settings (1000M Full, 100M Full, 100M Half, 10M Full, 10M Half), Auto, or Disabled. The default setting for all ports is **Auto**.

NOTE: Be sure to adjust port speed settings appropriately after changing connected cable media types.

Link Status: Reporting Down indicates the port is disconnected.

Flow Control: You can enable this function to mitigate the traffic congestion. Ports configured for full-duplex use 802.3x flow control, half-duplex ports use backpressure flow control. The default setting is disabled.

System > Trap Settings for SmartConsole

By configuring the Trap Setting, it allows SmartConsole Utility to monitor specified events on this EasySmart Switch. By default, Trap Setting is disabled. When the Trap Setting is enabled, enter the **Destination IP** address of the managing station that will receive trap information.

rtConsole	
<u></u>	
OEnabled 💿 Disabled	
0.0.0.0.	
Device Bootup	Illegal Login
Link Up/ Link Down	
Upgrade Success/ Upgrade	Failure
	Link Up/ Link Down

Figure 125 - System > Trap Setting

Select the event message(s) to be sent out to the managing station.

System Event: The system level messages contain:

Device Bootup - System boot-up information

Illegal Login - Events of incorrect password logins and records the IP of the source PC

Twisted pair Port Link Up/Link Down: Copper port connection information

Firmware Upgrade State: Information of firmware upgrade - success or failure

System > Password Access Control

Setting a password is a critical tool for managers to secure the EasySmart Switch. After entering the old password and the new password two times, click **Apply** for the changes to take effect.

Password Access Cont	rol
Old Password	
New Password	
Confirm Password	

Figure 136 – System > Password Access Control

L2 Features > Jumbo Frame

Jumbo Frame support is designed to enhance Ethernet networking throughput and significantly reduce the CPU utilization of large file transfers like large multimedia files or large data files by enabling more efficient larger payloads per packet. The Jumbo Frame page allows network managers to enable Jumbo Frames on the device.

The Jumbo Frame default is disabled, Select Enabled then click Apply to turn on the jumbo frame support.

Jumbo Frame Settings							
Jumbo Frame	● Enabled	O Disabled		Apply			
Note: Maximum frame	length is 9216 bytes	if enabled.					

Figure 147 – System > Jumbo Frame



NOTE: DGS-1100-05/08/08P Supports Jumbo Frame function, but DGS-1100-16/24 will not support it.

L2 Features > Port Trunking

The Trunking function allows the switch to combine two or four ports together to increase bandwidth. Select the Trunking Groups, choose the Members to be grouped together, and then click **Apply** to activate the selected Trunking Groups. Up to eight Trunking Groups may be created, each supporting up to four ports. **Disable -** Removes all the members in this trunk group.

rt Trunking S	ormigo										
Port Trunking		⊙ En:	abled OD	lisabled							Apply
Edit Trunking Infor	rmation										
0 1	×										Apply
Port 1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24
Notesmædmum 4 p	orts in trunk gro	up.									
	orts in trunk gro	140.									
	orts in trunk gro	Porta									
Trunking list			_	_	_	_	_	_	_		NATA
Trunking list		Ports	_	_			_				siete
Trunking list 10 1		Ports								D	
Trunking list ID 1 2 3 4		Ports								0	elete
Trunking list		Ports								04 04 04	siete siete
Trunking list ID 1 2 3 4		Ports									siete siete siete
Trunking list ID 1 2 3 4		Ports									siete siete siete siete

Figure 158- L2 Features > Port Trunking Settings

L2 Features > IGMP Snooping

With Internet Group Management Protocol (IGMP) snooping, the EasySmart Switch can make intelligent multicast forwarding decisions by examining the contents of each frame's Layer 2 MAC header.

By default, IGMP is disabled. If enabled, the EasySmart switch can recognize IGMP queries and reports sent between network stations or devices and an IGMP host. With IGMP snooping enabled, the EasySmart switch will forward multicast traffic only to the connections that have members attached.

IGMP Snooping Settings	
IGMP Snooping O Enabled O Disabled	Apply
Note: Internet Group Management Protocal snooping allows the switch to recognize IGMP queries and reports sent between network stations or d IGMP host. When enabled for IGMPsnooping, the switch can add or remove a port to a specific device based on IGMP messages passing through	
Figure 169 – L2 Features > IGMP Snooping setting	

L2 Features > Port Mirroring

Port Mirroring is a method of monitoring network traffic that forwards a copy of each incoming and/or outgoing packet from one port of the Switch to another port where the packet can be studied. This enables network managers to better monitor network performances.

Port Mirroring) e	Enabled 🤇	Disabled									
Target Port		1	•									
Sniffer Mode		Rx 💌										
Source Port Selection												
Select All	01	03	05	07	09	11	13	15	17	19	21	23
All		✓										
	02	04	06	08	10	12	14	16	18	20	22	24
		V										

Figure 50 –L2 Features > Port Mirroring

Selection **Sniffer Mode** for the Source Ports is as follows:

TX (transmit) mode: Duplicates the data transmitted from the source port and forwards it to the Target Port. Click "all" to include all ports into port mirroring.

RX (receive) mode: Duplicates the data that received from the source port and forwards it to the Target Port. Click "all" to include all ports into port mirroring.

Both (transmit and receive) mode: Duplicate both the data transmitted from and data sent to the source port, and forwards all the data to the assigned Target Port. Click "all" to include all ports into port mirroring.

NOTE: The target ports will stop mirroring packets if there are unknown tags or destination packets sent out by source ports.

L2 Features > Loopback Detection

The Loopback Detection function is used to detect the loop created by a specific port while Spanning Tree Protocol (STP) is not enabled in the network, especially when the down links are hubs or unmanaged switches. The Switch will automatically shut down the port. The Loopback Detection port will be unlocked when the Loopback Detection **Recover Time** times out. The Loopback Detection function can be implemented on a range of ports at a time.

oopback Dete	ection Settings			_
.oopback Detection Time Interval (1-327) Recover Time (0 or 6	57)	d Oisabled 10 sec 60 sec		Apply
rom Port	To Port	State Disabled	Apply	Refresh
Port	Loopdetect Detectio	on State	Loop Status	
1			•	
	Disabled		Normal	
2	Disabled Disabled		Normal Normal	
2				
	Disabled		Normal	
3	Disabled Disabled		Normal Normal	
3	Disabled Disabled Disabled		Normal Normal Normal	
3 4 5	Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled		Normal Normal Normal Normal	
3 4 5 6	Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled		Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	
3 4 5 6 7	Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled Disabled		Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal Normal	

Figure 51– L2 Features > Loopback Detection

Loopback Detection: Enable or disable Loopback detection. The default is Disabled.

Interval (1-32767): Set a Loop detection Interval between 1 and 32767 seconds. The default is 1 seconds.

Recover Time (0 or 60-1000000): Time allowed (in seconds) for recovery when a Loopback is detected. The Loop Detection Recover Time can be set at *0* seconds, or *60* to *1000000* seconds. Entering *0* will disable the Loop Detection Recover Time. The default is *60* seconds.

From Port: The beginning of a consecutive group of ports may be configured starting with the selected port.

To Port: The ending of a consecutive group of ports may be configured starting with the selected port.

State: Use the drop-down menu to toggle between Enabled and Disabled. Default is Disabled.

Click **Apply** to implement changes made.

L2 Features > Statistics

The Statistics screen displays the status of each port packet count.

tistics				
			Ret	resh All Clear All Counters
Port	TxOK	RxOK	TxError	RxError
1	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0
5	0	0	0	0
6	0	0	0	0
7	0	0	0	0
8	0	0	0	0
9	0	0	0	0
10	0	0	0	0
11	0	0	0	0
12	0	0	0	0
13	711	1291	0	0
14	0	0	0	0
15	0	0	0	0
16	0	0	0	0
17	0	0	0	0
18	0	0	0	0

Figure 172– L2 Features > Statistics menu

Refresh All: Renews the details collected and displayed.

Clear All Counters: To reset the details displayed.

TxOK: Number of packets transmitted successfully.

RxOK: Number of packets received successfully.

TxError: Number of transmitted packets resulting in error.

RxError: Number of received packets resulting in error.

L2 Features > Cable Diagnostics

The Cable Diagnostics is designed primarily for administrators and customer service representatives to examine of the copper cable quality. It rapidly determines the type of cable errors occurred in the cable.

Select a port and then click the **Test Now** button to start the diagnosis.

Port Test Result Cable Fault Distance (meters) Pair1: 0K Pair1: N/A Pair2: 0K Pair2: N/A Pair3: 0K Pair3: N/A Pair4: 0K Pair4: N/A The cable diagnostics feature is designed primarily for administrators or customer service representatives to verify and test copper cables; it can rapidly dete the quality of the cables and the types of error. Note: 1. The deviation of "Cable Fault Distance" is +/2 meters, therefore No cable may be displayed under Test Result, when the cable used is less than 2 m in let	Cable Diagnos	tics	
Port Test Result Cable Fault Distance (meters) Pair1: 0K Pair1: N/A 13 Pair2: N/A Pair3: 0K Pair2: N/A Pair3: 0K Pair2: N/A Pair4: 0K Pair2: N/A The cable diagnostics feature is designed primarily for administrators or customer service representatives to verify and test copper cables; it can rapidly dete the quality of the cables and the types of error. Note:			
Pair1: OK Pair1: N/A 13 Pair2: OK Pair2: OK Pair2: N/A Pair3: OK Pair2: N/A Pair4: OK Pair2: N/A Pair4: OK Pair4: N/A The cable diagnostics feature is designed primarily for administrators or customer service representatives to verify and test copper cables; it can rapidly determine the quality of the cables and the types of error. Note:	Port 13	~	Test Now
Pair1: OK Pair1: N/A 13 Pair2: OK Pair3: OK Pair2: N/A Pair3: OK Pair3: N/A Pair4: OK Pair4: N/A The cable diagnostics feature is designed primarily for administrators or customer service representatives to verify and test copper cables; it can rapidly dete the quality of the cables and the types of error. Note:			
13 Pair2: OK Pair3: OK Pair3: OK Pair2: N/A Pair3: N/A The cable diagnostics feature is designed primarily for administrators or customer service representatives to verify and test copper cables; it can rapidly dete the quality of the cables and the types of error. Note:	Port		· · · ·
1.3 Pair3: OK Pair3: N/A Pair4: OK Pair4: N/A The cable diagnostics feature is designed primarily for administrators or customer service representatives to verify and test copper cables; it can rapidly dete the quality of the cables and the types of error. Note:			
Pair4: OK Pair4: N/A The cable diagnostics feature is designed primarily for administrators or customer service representatives to verify and test copper cables; it can rapidly dete the quality of the cables and the types of error. Note:	13		
The cable diagnostics feature is designed primarily for administrators or customer service representatives to verify and test copper cables; it can rapidly dete the quality of the cables and the types of error.			
the quality of the cables and the types of error.		Pair4: OK	Pair4: N/A
			rs or customer service representatives to verify and test copper cables; it can rapidly determine
2. It also measures cable fault and identifies the fault in length according to the distance from this switch.	1. The deviation of		

Figure 183– L2 Features > Cable Diagnostics

Test Result: The description of the cable diagnostic results.

- **OK** means the cable is good for the connection.
- Short in Cable means the wires of the RJ45 cable may be in contact somewhere.

• **Open in Cable** means the wires of RJ45 cable may be broken or the other end of the cable is simply disconnected.

• **Test Failed** means some other errors occurred during cable diagnostics. Please select the same port and test again.

Cable Fault Distance (meters): Indicates the distance of the cable fault from the Switch port, if the cable is less than 2 meters, it will show "No Cable". The deviation of "Cable Fault Distance" is +/-2 meters.



NOTE: Cable length detection is effective at every speed of 10Mbps, 100Mbps and 1Gbps.

VLAN > 802.1Q VLAN

A VLAN is a group of ports that can be anywhere in the network, but communicate as though they were in the same area.

VLANs can be easily organized to reflect department groups (such as R&D, Marketing), usage groups (such as e-mail), or multicast groups (multimedia applications such as video conferencing), and therefore help to simplify network management by allowing users to move devices to a new VLAN without having to change any physical connections.

By default, 802.1Q VLAN is disabled. With 802.1Q VLAN enabled, the VLAN VID 1 is created by default with an empty VLAN name field and all ports are configured as "Untagged" members.

The 802.1Q VLAN configuration is accomplished in three steps:

- Enabling 802.1Q VLAN function
- Creating a new VID group and assigning ports as Untagged, Tagged or Not Member.
- Configuring the PVID of access VLAN

Add VID: Click to create a new VID group, assigning ports from 1 to 24 as Untagged, Tagged, or Not Member. VLAN VID is a unique number (between 1 and 4094) that identifies a particular VLAN. A port can be untagged in only one VID. To save the VID group, click Apply. You can also change the name according to the desired groups.

PVID settings: Port VLAN ID (PVID) is an identification that encompasses a particular switch port's identification and VLAN membership. This identification is used to classify the incoming untagged frames. Click to configure the PVID of a port.

802.1Q VLAN Settings										
802.1Q VLAN	⊙Enabled ○Disabl	ed			Apply					
(Maximum Ent	tries :32)			Add VID	PVID settings					
VID	VLAN Name	Untagged VLAN Ports 01,02,03,04,05,06,07,08,	Tagged VLAN Ports	VLAN Rename	Delete VID					
1		09,10,11,12,13,14,15,16, 17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24		Rename	Delete VID					

Figure 194 – VLAN > 802.1Q VLAN > Default Setting

802.1Q VLAN Settings	
802.1 Q VLAN	Apply
(Maximum Entries :32)	
VID	
VLAN Name (Name should be less than 10 characters)	
	19 20 21 22 23 24
	000000
Tagged All Image Image <thi< th=""><th></th></thi<>	
	ncel Apply
VID VLAN Name Untagged VLAN Ports Tagged VLAN Ports VLAN Renal	me Delete VID
01,02,03,04,05,06,07,08, <u>1</u> 09,10,11,12,13,14,15,16, Rename 17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24	Delete VID

07 Port PVID 4 1 1 2 3 1 1 Port 14 23 PVID 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 Cancel Apply

Figure 205– VLAN > 802.1Q VLAN > Add VID

Rename: Click to rename the VLAN group. **Delete VID:** Click to delete the VLAN group.

802.1Q VLAN Enabled Disabled (Maximum Entries :32.)	
(Maximum Entring :22.)	
(Maxinum Endres .52)	
PVID settings Add VID	
VID VLAN Name Untagged VLAN Ports Tagged VLAN Ports VLAN Rename Delete VID 01,02,03,04,05,08,07,08,	
1 09,10,11,12,13,14,15,16, Rename Delete VID 17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24	
2 01,02 Rename Delete VID	

Figure 227– VLAN > 802.1Q VLAN > VLAN Table

0

NOTE: When 802.1Q VLAN is enabled, the Port-Based VLAN settings will be set to Disabled.

VLAN > 802.1Q Management VLAN

802.1Q VLAN is used to decide which VLAN can access the switch.

IEE	IEEE 802.1Q Management VLAN Configuration								
М	lanagement VLAN	○ Enabled ④ Disabled							
v	ID	1							
V	LAN Name								
			Apply						

Figure 238– VLAN > 802.1Q Management VLAN

Figure 216– VLAN > 802.1Q VLAN > Assign PVID



NOTE: When 802.1Q Management VLAN is enabled, the 802.1Q VLAN should be enabled first.

VLAN > Port-Base VLAN

Port-Based VLANs are the simplest and most common form of VLAN. It assigns the appliance LAN ports to VLANs, effectively transforming the appliances. You can assign multiple ports to the same VLAN, or each port to a separate VLAN.

Port-Based VLAN Setting	S	
Port-Based VLAN ③ Enabled	O Disabled	Apply
(Maximum Entries :32)		
VLAN Name : marketing	(Name should be less than 1	10 characters)
01 02 03 04 05 Member VVV	06 07 08 09 10 11 12 13 14 <	15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24
		Cancel Apply
VLAN Index VLAN Name	VLAN member port	VLAN Rename Delete VLAN
1	01,02,03,04,05,06,07,08, 09,10,11,12,13,14,15,16, 17,18,19,20,21,22,23,24	Rename Delete VLAN
2 marketing	01,02,03	Rename Delete VLAN

Figure 249 - VLAN >Port-Based VLAN Settings

Add VLAN: Click to create a new VLAN name and to select VLAN ports. The VLAN name should be less than 10 characters. To save the members in a group, click **Apply**.

Rename: Click to rename the VLAN group.

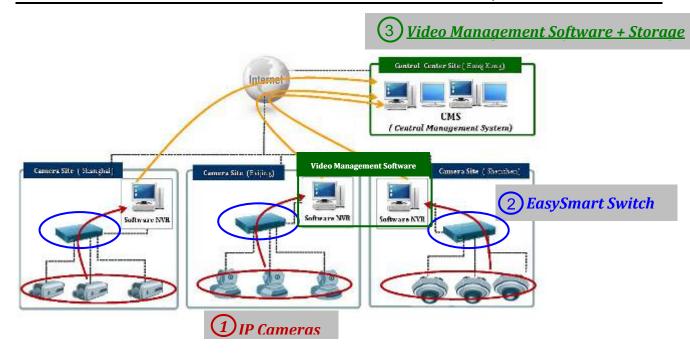
Delete VID: Click to delete the VLAN group.

NOTE: When **Port-Based VLAN** is enabled, the 802.1Q VLAN settings and 802.1Q management VLAN settings will be set to Disabled as default. By default, all ports are untagged.

VLAN > Surveillance VLAN

Surveillance VLAN is a feature that allows you to automatically place the video traffic from D-Link IP cameras to an assigned VLAN to enhance the IP surveillance service. With a higher priority and individual VLAN, the quality and the security of surveillance traffic are guaranteed. The Surveillance VLAN function will check the source MAC address / VLAN ID on the incoming packets. If it matches specified MAC address / VLAN ID, the packets will pass through switch with desired priority.

D-Link EasySmart Switch User Manual



The Surveillance VLAN settings are accomplished in the following steps.

- 1. Enable Surveillance VLAN
- 2. Select a VLAN ID to become a surveillance VLAN and set the priority (By default, the priority is high)

3. D-Link Cameras can be recognized and placed into the VLAN dynamically. For other brands of camera or storages/servers, manual settings are required in "User-Defined MAC Settings" with a maximum entry number of 2:

• Component Type: Surveillance VLAN will automatically detect D-Link Surveillance Devices by default. There are another five surveillance components that could be options to be configured for surveillance VLAN. These five components are Video Management Server (VMS), VMS Client, Video Encoder, Network Storage, and Other IP brand's Surveillance Devices. Usually, VMS and VMS Clients are necessary components for an IP surveillance service.

- Description: Put description for a component.
- MAC address: Input MAC address of component

irveillance VLAN Settir	ngs		
	5		
Surveillance VLAN Global Settin	ngs		
Surveillance VLAN	Enabled Obisabled		
VLAN ID	1 V Priorit	Highest 🗸	(Analy
VEANID	T Phone	rignest 💌	Apply
-	illance VLAN by user-defined configuration as t	elow	
User-defined MAC Settings To add more device(s) for Surve Component Type	illance VLAN by user-defined configuration as t Description	Nelow MAC Address(XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-	OX)
To add more device(s) for Surve Component Type	Description		
To add more device(s) for Surve			X) Add
To add more device(s) for Surve Component Type Video Management Server	Description		
To add more device(s) for Surve Component Type	Description		
To add more device(s) for Surve Component Type Video Management Server	Description		

Figure 60 – L2 Features > Surveillance VLAN Settings

rveillance VLAN Setti	ngs	_			_
Surveillance VLAN Global Sett	ings				
Surveillance VLAN	Enabled Obisable	ed			
VLAN ID	1	Priority	Highest 🗸		Apply
User-defined MAC Settings To add more device(s) for Surv	eillance VLAN by user-defined co	onfiguration as below			
-	eillance VLAN by user-defined co	onfiguration as below Description	MAC Add	ress(XX-XX-XX-XX-XX)	
To add more device(s) for Surv	-	-	MAC Add	ress(XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX)	Add
To add more device(s) for Surv Component Type	- 	-	MAC Add	ress(XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX)	Add
To add more device(s) for Surv Component Type Video Management Server Video Management Server	·	-	MAC Add	ress(XX-XX-XX-XX-XX-XX)	Add
To add more device(s) for Surv Component Type Video Management Server Video Management Server Video Client	AC is 2 entries	Description	MAC Add	ness()0()0()0()0()0()	Add Delete

Figure 61– L2 Features > Surveillance VLAN Settings > Component type

VLAN > Voice VLAN

Voice VLAN is a feature that allows you to automatically place the voice traffic from D-Link IP phones to an assigned VLAN to enhance the IP voice service. With a higher priority and individual VLAN, the quality and the security of voice traffic are guaranteed. The Voice VLAN function will check the source MAC address / VLAN ID on the incoming packets. If it matches specified MAC address / VLAN ID, the packets will pass through switch with desired priority.

-			
Voice VLAN Global Setting	js		
Voice VLAN	Enabled O Disat	bled	
VLAN ID	1 💙	Priority High 💌	Apply
To add more device(s) for Vo		•	
To add more device(s) for Vo	ice VLAN by user-defined co Telephony OUI(XX-X)	•	
To add more device(s) for Vo		•	
To add more device(s) for Vo Description	Telephony OUI(XX-X)	(-XX-XX-XX)	
	Telephony OUI(XX-X)	(-XX-XX-XX)	Add

Figure 252 – L2 Features > Voice VLAN Settings

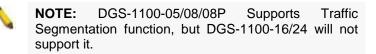
VLAN > Traffic Segmentation

Traffic segmentation is used to limit traffic flow for a group of ports on a single Switch. This method of segmenting the flow of traffic is similar to using VLANs to limit traffic, but is more restrictive. To configure traffic segmentation, specify several ports as protected ports, the rest as unprotected ports. Protected ports or unprotected ports will be allowed to forward packets to other unprotected ports, however, protected ports will be forbidden to forward packets to other protected ports.

By default, the Traffic Segmentation is disabled.

ΤI	raffic Segmenta	ation S	Settings						
	Traffic Segmentation		• Enabled	🔿 Disable	ed				
	Protected Port	01 🔽	02 ✓	03 🔽	04 💌	<i>0</i> 5	06	07	08
	Select All	Select No	one						Apply

Figure 263 -VLAN >Traffic Segmentation



QoS > 802.1p Default Priority

QoS is an implementation of the IEEE 802.1p standard that allows network administrators to reserve bandwidth for important functions that require a larger bandwidth or that might have a higher priority, such as VoIP (voice-over Internet Protocol), web browsing applications, file server applications or video conferencing. Thus with larger bandwidth, less critical traffic is limited, and therefore excessive bandwidth can be saved.

The following figure displays the status of Quality of Service priority levels of each port, higher priority means the traffic from this port will be first handled by the switch. For packets that are untagged, the switch will assign the priority depending on your configuration.

EEE 802.1p Def	EE 802.1p Default Priority Settings					
Queuing mechanisn	n ⊙ Strict Priority C	WRR (By default is strict priority)				
From Port	To Port	Priority				
1 💌	24	Highest Apply				
Port	Priority					
1	Medium					
2	Medium					
3	Medium					
4	Medium					
5	Medium	For ingress untagged packets, the per port "Default Priority" settings will be applied to packets of each port				
6	Medium	to provide port-based traffic prioritization.				
7	Medium	For ingress tagged packets, D-Link EasySmart Switches will refer to their 802.1p information and prioritize				
8	Medium	them with 4 different priority queues.				
9	Medium					
10	Medium					
11	Medium					
12	Medium					
13	Medium					
14	Medium					
15	Medium					
16	Medium					
17	Medium					
18	Medium					

Figure 274 – QoS > 802.1p Default Priority

Queuing Mechanism: Select Strict Priority to process the packets with the highest priority first. Select WRR (Weighted Round-Robin) to process packets according to the weight of each priority. When a priority level has reached its egress weight, the system will process the packets in the next level even if there are remaining packets. D-Link EasySmart Switch system's weight of priority levels are: 8 (Highest), 4 (High), 2 (Medium) and 1 (Low) packet. By default, the queuing mechanism is **Strict Priority**.

QoS > Storm Control

The Storm Control feature provides the ability to control the receive rate of broadcast, multicast, and unknown unicast packets. Once a packet storm has been detected, the Switch will drop packets coming into the Switch until the storm has subsided.

Storm Control Settings		
Storm Control	Enabled O Disabled	
Storm Control Threshold (1~1000000)	Multicast & Broadcast & Unknown Unicast	
	Appl	y

Figure 285– QoS > Storm Control

Storm Control Type: User can select the different Storm type from Broadcast Only, Multicast & Broadcast, and Multicast & Broadcast & Unknown Unicast.

Threshold (pps): If storm control is enabled (by default it is disabled), the threshold can be set from 1 to 1,000,000pps.

Click **Apply** for the settings to take effect.

QoS > Bandwidth Control

The Bandwidth Control page allows network managers to define the bandwidth settings for a specified port's transmitting and receiving data rates.

Bandwidth Cor	itrol Settings	
From Port To	PortTypeRate24RxNo Limit	Apply
Port	Tx Rate (Kbits/sec)	Rx Rate (Kbits/sec)
1	No Limit	No Limit
2	No Limit	No Limit
3	No Limit	No Limit
4	No Limit	No Limit
5	No Limit	No Limit
6	No Limit	No Limit
7	No Limit	No Limit
8	No Limit	No Limit
9	No Limit	No Limit
10	No Limit	No Limit
11	No Limit	No Limit
12	No Limit	No Limit
13	No Limit	No Limit
14	No Limit	No Limit
15	No Limit	No Limit
16	No Limit	No Limit
17	No Limit	No Limit

Figure 296–QoS > Bandwidth Control

From Port / To Port: A consecutive group of ports may be configured starting with the selected port.

Type: This drop-down menu allows you to select between *RX* (receive), *TX* (transmit), and *Both*. This setting will determine whether the bandwidth ceiling is applied to receiving, transmitting, or both receiving and transmitting packets.

No Limit: This drop-down menu allows you to specify that the selected port will have no bandwidth limit. *Enabled* disables the limit.

Rate: This drop-down menu allows you to select data rate from 64Kbps to 512Mbps.

Click **Apply** to set the bandwidth control for the selected ports.

Security > MAC Address Table > Static MAC

This feature provides two distinct functions. The **Disable Auto Learning Excluding Uplink Port** table allows turning off the function of learning MAC address automatically, if a port isn't specified as an uplink port (for example, connects to a DHCP Server or Gateway). By default, this feature is Off (disabled).

Static MAC Settings		
Disable Auto Learning Excluding Uplink Port	⊙ On ◯ Off	Apply
01 02 03 04 05 06 07 00 Uplink Port V V V V V V		5 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 VVVVVVVVVVV
Static MAC Address Lists (Maximum Entries :	128)	Delete All
ID Port MA	AC Address	VID Delete
		Add MAC

Figure 307 – Security > Static Mac Address



NOTE: DGS-1100-16/24 support 128 Static MAC Address entries, but DGS-1100-05/08/08P only support 32 entries.

To initiate the removal of auto-learning for any of the uplink ports, click **On** to enable this feature, and then select the port(s) for auto learning to be disabled.

The Static MAC Address Setting table displays the static MAC addresses connected, as well as the VID. Click Add Mac to add a new MAC address, you also need to select the assigned Port number, enter both the Mac Address and VID and Click Apply. Click Delete to remove one entry or click Delete all to clear the list. You can also copy a learned MAC address from Dynamic Forwarding Table (please refer to Security > MAC Address Table > Dynamic Forwarding Table for details).

By disabling Auto Learning capability and specify the static MAC addresses, the network is protected from potential threats like hackers because traffic from illegal MAC addresses will not be forwarded by the Switch.

Security > MAC Address Table > Dynamic Forwarding Table

For each port, this table displays the MAC address learned by the Switch. To add a MAC address to the Static Mac Address List, click the **Add** checkbox, and then click **Apply** associated with the identified address.

Dynamic Fo	Dynamic Forwarding Table Settings						
Port All	*			Find			
			Sele	ct All Clean all			
ID	Port	MAC Address	Туре	Add			
1	3	00-18-8B-BA-80-8B	Dynamic				
2	3	00-11-09-D3-50-9C	Dynamic				
3	3	00-15-F2-3E-E0-FA	Dynamic				
4	3	00-06-1B-D3-A1-7B	Dynamic				
5	3	00-1F-16-33-F1-DC	Dynamic				
6	3	00-1C-F0-67-81-F5	Dynamic				
7	3	00-1D-72-98-C2-AC	Dynamic				
8	3	00-0C-6E-55-52-D3	Dynamic				
9	3	00-15-F2-4F-B3-0A	Dynamic				
10	3	00-13-D3-EC-13-0C	Dynamic				
11	3	00-26-18-A0-D3-99	Dynamic				
12	3	00-26-18-50-D4-5A	Dynamic				
13	3	00-22-F3-C7-C4-D5	Dynamic				
14	3	00-D0-2B-53-A5-0A	Dynamic				
		Page 01 💌	Pre Page Nex	t Page Apply			

Figure 318 – Security >Dynamic Forwarding Table

PoE > PoE Global Settings (DGS-1100-08P only)

This page allows user to configure the global PoE settings of the device and also displays current PoE status including Total PoE Power Budget, Power Used, Power Left and The percentage of system power supplied.

System Power Threshold	64.0 W (7.1~64.0)	
System Setting Disconnect Method	Deny low priority port 💙	Apply
System Power Status		
System Budget Power	64.0 W	
Support Total Power	10.0 W	
Remainder Power	54.0 W	
The ratio of system power supply	15.6%	

Figure 329 – PoE > PoE Global Settings

System Power Threshold (PoE Power Threshold): Manually configure the PoE power budget 7.1 \sim 64.0 watts.

System Setting Disconnect Method (Power Shut Off Sequence): Defines the method used to deny power to a port once the threshold is reached. The possible fields are:

- Deny next port: When the power budget is exceeded, the next port attempting to power up is denied, regardless of the port priority.
- Deny low priority port: The port with the lower priority will be shut down to allow the higher priority port to power up.

Click Apply to make the configurations take effects.

System Power Status: Displays the system power status of device.

- System Budget Power (Total PoE Power Budget): Displays the total PoE power budget of this switch.
- Support Total Power (Power Used): Displays the current used PoE power.
- Remainder Power (Power Left): Displays the left PoE power.

• The ratio of system power supply (The percentage of PoE power supplied): Displays the percentage of PoE power supplied.

PoE > PoE Port Settings (DGS-1100-08P only)

DGS-1100-08P supports Power over Ethernet (PoE) as defined by the IEEE specification. It supplies power to PD device up to 15.4W for all ports, meeting IEEE802.3af standards.

DGS-1100-08P works with all D-Link 802.3af devices. The Switch also works in PoE mode with all non-802.3af capable D-Link AP, IP Cam and IP phone equipment via the PoE splitter DWL-P50.

DGS-1100-08P reserves 7 Watts for guard band in order to ensure the connection of the lowest priority PD. The maximum power used by power devices is defined by the following classification

Class	Usage	Output power limit by PSE
0	Default	15.4W
1	Optional	4.0W
2	Optional	7.0W
3	Optional	15.4W

The PoE port table will display the PoE status including, Port State, Priority, Power Limit, Power (W), Voltage (V), Current (mA), Classification, Status. You can select From Port / To Port to control the PoE functions of a port. DGS-1100-08P will auto disable the ports if port current is over 375mA in 802.3af mode.



NOTE: The PoE Status information of Power current, Power Voltage, and Current is the power usage information of the connected PD; please "Refresh" to renew the information.

From Port	m Port To Port		State		Priority	Power Lim	Power Limit User Define		
01	¥	08 🔽	Enabl	ed 🔽	Normal	 Auto 	✓	W (1.0~15.4)	
							Apply	Refresh	
Port	State	Priority	Power Limit	Power(W)	Voltage(V)	Current(mA)	Classification	Status	
01	Enabled	Normal	Auto	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	POWER OFF	
02	Enabled	Normal	Auto	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	POWER OFF	
03	Enabled	Normal	Auto	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	POWER OFF	
04	Enabled	Normal	Auto	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	POWER OFF	
05	Enabled	Normal	Auto	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	POWER OFF	
06	Enabled	Normal	Auto	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	POWER OFF	
07	Enabled	Normal	Auto	0.0	0.0	0.0	N/A	POWER OFF	
08	Enabled	Normal	Auto	10.0	47.9	209.0	Legacy PD	POWER ON	

Figure 70 – PoE > PoE Port Setting

From Port/To Port: Specifies the PoE function of a port or ports.

State: Select "Enabled" or "Disabled" to configure PoE function for designated port(s). Default is Enabled.

- Priority: Configure the power supply priority as "Low", "Normal", or "High" on designated port(s). Default is Normal.
- Power Limit: This function allows you to manually set the port power current limitation to be given to the PD. To protect the DGS-1100-08P and the connected devices, the power limit function will disable the PoE function of the port when the power is overloaded. Select from "Class 1", "Class 2", "Class 3" and "Auto" for the power limit. "Auto" will negotiate and follow the classification from the PD power current based on the 802.3at standard.
- User Define: Check the box and input the power budget (from 1.0 to 15.4W) to manually assign an upper limit of port power budget on designated port(s).

Click Apply to make the configurations take effects or click Refresh to redisplay the table.



NOTE: For the PoE Port Settings table, if the classification was shown as "Legacy PD", it will be classified to non-AF PD or Legacy PD.

Appendix A - Ethernet Technology

This chapter will describe the features of the D-Link EasySmart Switch and provide some background information about Ethernet/Fast Ethernet/Gigabit Ethernet switching technology.

Gigabit Ethernet Technology

Gigabit Ethernet is an extension of IEEE 802.3 Ethernet utilizing the same packet structure, format, and support for CSMA/CD protocol, full duplex, and management objects, but with a tenfold increase in theoretical throughput of over 100-Mbps Fast Ethernet and a hundredfold increase over 10-Mbps Ethernet. Since it is compatible with all 10-Mbps and 100-Mbps Ethernet environments, Gigabit Ethernet provides a straightforward upgrade without wasting existing investments in hardware, software, or trained personnel.

The increased speed and extra bandwidth offered by Gigabit Ethernet is essential to help solving network bottlenecks that frequently develop as more advanced computer users and newer applications continue to demand greater network resources. Upgrading key components, such as backbone connections and servers to Gigabit Ethernet technology can greatly improve network response times as well as significantly speed up the traffic between subnets.

Gigabit Ethernet enables fast optical fiber connections to support video conferencing, complex imaging, and similar data-intensive applications. Likewise, since data transfers occur 10 times faster than Fast Ethernet, servers outfitted with Gigabit Ethernet NIC's are able to perform 10 times the number of operations in the same amount of time.

In addition, the phenomenal bandwidth delivered by Gigabit Ethernet is the most cost-effective method to take advantage of today and tomorrow's rapidly improving switching and routing internetworking technologies. And with expected advances in the coming years in silicon technology and digital signal processing that will enable Gigabit Ethernet to eventually operate over unshielded twisted-pair (UTP) cabling, outfitting your network with a powerful 1000-Mbps-capable backbone/server connection which will create a flexible foundation for the next generation of network technology products.

Fast Ethernet Technology

The growing importance of LANs and the increasing complexity of desktop computing applications are fueling the need for high performance networks. A number of high-speed LAN technologies have been proposed to provide greater bandwidth and improve client/server response times. Among them, 100BASE-T (Fast Ethernet) provides a non-disruptive, smooth evolution from the current 10BASE-T technology. The non-disruptive and smooth evolution nature, and the dominating potential market base, virtually guarantees cost-effective and high performance Fast Ethernet solutions.

100Mbps Fast Ethernet is a standard specified by the IEEE 802.3 LAN committee. It is an extension of the 10Mbps Ethernet standard with the ability to transmit and receive data at 100Mbps, while maintaining the CSMA/CD Ethernet protocol. Since the 100Mbps Fast Ethernet is compatible with all other 10Mbps Ethernet environments, it provides a straightforward upgrade and utilizes existing investments in hardware, software, and personnel training.

Switching Technology

Another approach to push beyond the limits of Ethernet technology is the development of switching technology. A switch bridges Ethernet packets at the MAC address level of the Ethernet protocol transmitting among connected Ethernet or Fast Ethernet LAN segments.

Switching is a cost-effective way of increasing the total network capacity available to users on a local area network. A switch increases capacity and decreases network loading by dividing a local area network into different segments which won't compete with each other for network transmission capacity.

The switch acts as a high-speed selective bridge between the individual segments. The switch, without interfering with any other segments, automatically forwards traffic that needs to go from one segment to another. By doing this the total network capacity is multiplied, while still maintaining the same network cabling and adapter cards.

Appendix B - Technical Specifications

Hardware Specifications

Key Components / Performance

- Switching Capacity:
- DGS-1100-05 :10Gbps
- DGS-1100-08/08P: 16Gbps
- DGS-1100-16: 32Gbps
- DGS-1100-24: 48Gbps
- Max. Forwarding Rate:
 - DGS-1100-05: 7.4 Mbps
 - DGS-1100-08/08P: 11.9Mbps
 - DGS-1100-16: 23.8Mbps
 - DGS-1100-24: 35.7Mbps
- Forwarding Mode: Store and Forward
 - Packet Buffer memory:
 - DGS-1100-05: 1.0 Mbits
 - DGS-1100-08/08P: 2.0 Mbits
 - DGS-1100-16: 3.5 Mbits
 - DGS-1100-24: 3.5 Mbits
- Flash Memory: 2M Bytes

Port Functions

- 5/8/16/24 10/100/1000BaseTX ports compliant with the following standards:
 - IEEE 802.3
 - IEEE 802.3u
 - IEEE 802.3ab
 - IEEE 802.3af(DGS-1100-08P only)
 - -Supports Full/half-Duplex operations at 10/100Mbps
 - -Supports Full-Duplex operation at 1000Mbps
 - -Supports IEEE 802.3x Flow Control
 - -Support Auto-Negotiation
 - -Compliant to IEEE 802.3az Energy
 - Efficiency Ethernet.

Physical & Environment

- DGS-1100-05/08: External 5V/1A AC Power Adapter
- DGS-1100-08P: External 48V/1.57A Desktop Power Adapter
- DGS-1100-16/24: AC input, 100~240 VAC, 50/60Hz, internal universal power supply
- Acoustic Value:
 - DGS-1100-05/08/08P/16/24: 0dB (Fanless)
- > Operation Temperature:
 - DGS-1100-05/08/16/24: 0~40°C
 - DGS-1100-08P:Device: 0~50°C
 - Power Adapter: 0~40°C
- Storage Temperature -10~70°C
- Operation Humidity: 10%~95% RH
- Storage Humidity: 5%~95% RH

Emission (EMI) Certifications

- FCC class A
- CE Class A
- VCCI Class A
- BSMI Class A(DGS-1100-08P only)

Safety Certifications

CUL, LVD, CE, BSMI(DGS-1100-08P only)

Features

L2 Features

- Supports up to 8K MAC address
- IGMP snooping
- Loopback Detection
- Port Mirroring
- Port Trunking
- Cable Diagnostics

<u>VLAN</u>

- 802.1Q VLAN standard (VLAN Tagging)
- 802.1Q Management VLAN
- Port-Based VLAN
- Surveillance VLAN
- Voice VLAN:

QoS (Quality of Service)

- > 802.1p priority,
- Up to 4 queues per port
- Bandwidth Control
- Storm Control

Management

- Web-based GUI or SmartConsole Utility
- Configuration backup / restoration via Web-based management
- Firmware backup & upgrade via Webbased management
- Reset, Reboot system
- Factory reset by pressing reset button

Power Saving

- IEEE 802.3az Compliant (Energy Efficient Ethernet)
- D-Link Green Technologies
 - Power saving by cable length
 - Power saving by link status

Appendix C – Rack mount Instructions

Safety Instructions - Rack Mount Instructions - The following or similar rack-mount instructions are included with the installation instructions:

A) Elevated Operating Ambient - If installed in a closed or multi-unit rack assembly, the operating ambient temperature of the rack environment may be greater than room ambient. Therefore, consideration should be given to installing the equipment in an environment compatible with the maximum ambient temperature (Tma) specified by the manufacturer.

B) Reduced Air Flow - Installation of the equipment in a rack should be such that the amount of air flow required for safe operation of the equipment is not compromised.

C) Mechanical Loading - Mounting of the equipment in the rack should be such that a hazardous condition is not achieved due to uneven mechanical loading.

D) Circuit Overloading - Consideration should be given to the connection of the equipment to the supply circuit and the effect that overloading of the circuits might have on overcurrent protection and supply wiring. Appropriate consideration of equipment nameplate ratings should be used when addressing this concern.

E) Reliable Earthing - Reliable earthing of rack-mounted equipment should be maintained. Particular attention should be given to supply connections other than direct connections to the branch circuit (e.g. use of power strips).

