

## PAN-QSFP-40GBASE-SR4-AO

Palo Alto Networks® PAN-QSFP-40GBASE-SR4 Compatible TAA Compliant 40GBase-SR4 QSFP+ Transceiver (MMF, 850nm, 150m, MPO, DOM)

### Features

- SFF-8436 Compliance
- MPO Connector
- Commercial Temperature 0 to 70 Celsius
- Multi-mode Fiber
- Hot Pluggable
- Excellent ESD Protection
- Metal with Lower EMI
- RoHS Compliant and Lead Free



### Applications

- 40GBase Ethernet
- Access and Enterprise

### Product Description

This Palo Alto Networks® PAN-QSFP-40GBASE-SR4 compatible QSFP+ transceiver provides 40GBase-SR4 throughput up to 150m over multi-mode fiber (MMF) using a wavelength of 850nm via an MPO connector. It is guaranteed to be 100% compatible with the equivalent Palo Alto Networks® transceiver. This easy to install, hot swappable transceiver has been programmed, uniquely serialized and data-traffic and application tested to ensure that it will initialize and perform identically. Digital optical monitoring (DOM) support is also present to allow access to real-time operating parameters. This transceiver is Trade Agreements Act (TAA) compliant. We stand behind the quality of our products and proudly offer a limited lifetime warranty.

AddOn's transceivers are RoHS compliant and lead-free.

TAA refers to the Trade Agreements Act (19 U.S.C. & 2501-2581), which is intended to foster fair and open international trade. TAA requires that the U.S. Government may acquire only "U.S. – made or designated country end products."



## Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3		3.6	V
Input Voltage	Vin	-0.3		Vcc+0.3	V
Storage Temperature	Tst	-20		85	°C
Case Operating Temperature	Top	0		70	°C
Humidity (non-condensing)	Rh	5		95	%

## Recommended Operating Conditions

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit
Supply Voltage	Vcc	3.13	3.3	3.47	V
Operating Case Temperature	Tca	0		70	°C
Data Rate Per Lane	fd	2.5		14.025	Gbps
Humidity	Rh	5		85	%
Power Dissipation	Pm			1.5	W
Fiber Bend Radius	Rb	3			cm

## Electrical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Differential Input impedance	Zin	90	100	110	ohm	
Differential Output impedance	Zout	90	100	110	ohm	
Differential Input Voltage amplitude	ΔVin	300		1100	mVp-p	
Differential output voltage amplitude	ΔVout	500		800	mVp-p	
Skew	Sw			300	ps	
Bit Error Rate	BR			E-12		
Input Logic Level High	VIH	2.0		VCC	V	
Input Logic Level Low	VIL	0		0.8	V	
Output Logic Level High	VOH	VCC-0.5		VCC	V	
Output Logic Level Low	VOL	0		0.4	V	

## Optical Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Typ.	Max.	Unit	Notes
Transmitter						
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_C$	840	850	860	nm	
RMS Spectral Width	$\Delta\lambda$			0.65	nm	
Average Optical Power per Channel	Pout	-7.5		2.5	dBm	
Difference in launch power between any two lanes (OMA)				4	dB	
Extinction Ratio	ER	3			dB	
Peak power, each lane				4	dBm	
Transmitter and dispersion penalty (TDP), each lane	TDP			3.5	dB	
Eye Mask Coordinates: X1, X2, X3, Y1, Y2, Y3	Specification Values 0.23, 0.34, 0.43, 0.27, 0.35, 0.4					Hit Ratio = 5x10-5
Receiver						
Center Wavelength	$\lambda_C$	840	850	860	nm	
Stressed receiver sensitivity in OMA, each lane				-5.4	dBm	1
Average power at receiver input, each lane		-9.5		2.4	dBm	
Receiver Reflectance				-12	dB	
Peak power, each lane				4	dBm	
LOS Assert		-30			dBm	
LOS De-Assert - OMA				-7.5	dBm	
LOS Hysteresis		0.5			dB	

### Notes:

1. Measured with conformance test signal at TP3 for BER = 10e-12

## Pin Descriptions

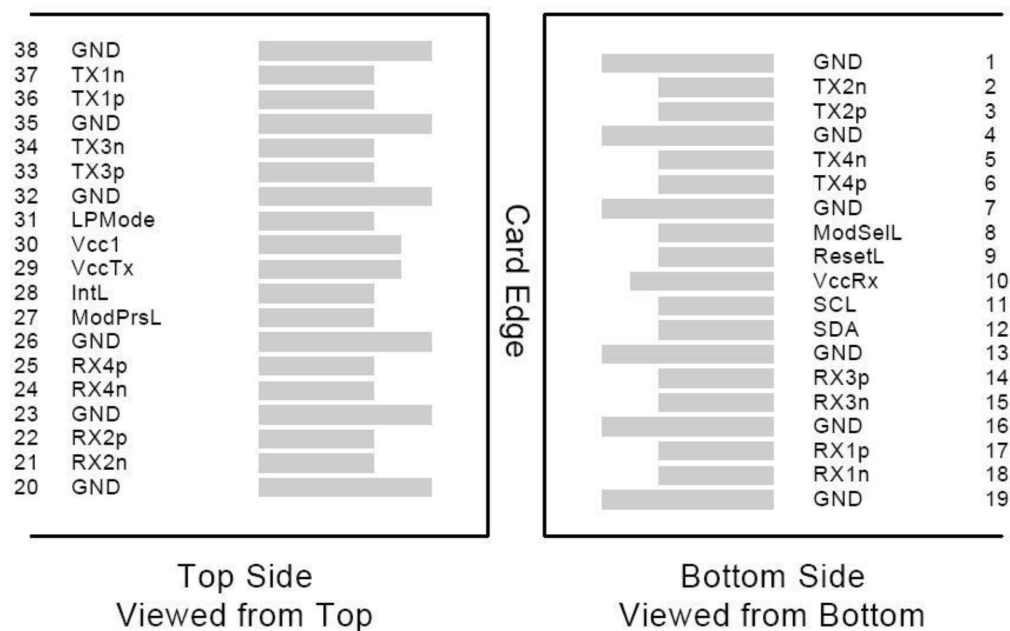
Pin	Logic	Symbol	Name/Descriptions	Ref.
1		GND	Module Ground	1
2	CML-I	Tx2-	Transmitter inverted data input	
3	CML-I	Tx2+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
4		GND	Module Ground	1
5	CML-I	Tx4-	Transmitter inverted data input	
6	CML-I	Tx4+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
7		GND	Module Ground	1
8	LVTTL-I	MODSEIL	Module Select	2
9	LVTTL-I	ResetL	Module Reset	2
10		VCCR <sub>x</sub>	+3.3v Receiver Power Supply	
11	LVC MOS-I	SCL	2-wire Serial interface clock	2
12	LVC MOS-I/O	SDA	2-wire Serial interface data	2
13		GND	Module Ground	1
14	CML-O	RX3+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
15	CML-O	RX3-	Receiver inverted data output	
16		GND	Module Ground	1
17	CML-O	RX1+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
18	CML-O	RX1-	Receiver inverted data output	
19		GND	Module Ground	1
20		GND	Module Ground	1
21	CML-O	RX2-	Receiver inverted data output	
22	CML-O	RX2+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
23		GND	Module Ground	1
24	CML-O	RX4-	Receiver inverted data output	
25	CML-O	RX4+	Receiver non-inverted data output	
26		GND	Module Ground	1
27	LVTTL-O	ModPrsL	Module Present, internal pulled down to GND	
28	LVTTL-O	IntL	Interrupt output, should be pulled up on host board	2
29		VCCT <sub>x</sub>	+3.3v Transmitter Power Supply	
30		VCC1	+3.3v Power Supply	
31	LVTTL-I	LPMode	Low Power Mode	2
32		GND	Module Ground	1
33	CML-I	Tx3+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	

<b>34</b>	CML-I	Tx3-	Transmitter inverted data input	
<b>35</b>		GND	Module Ground	1
<b>36</b>	CML-I	Tx1+	Transmitter non-inverted data input	
<b>37</b>	CML-I	Tx1-	Transmitter inverted data input	
<b>38</b>		GND	Module Ground	1

**Notes:**

1. Module circuit ground is isolated from module chassis ground with in the module.
2. Open collector; should be pulled up with 4.7k-10k ohms on host board to a voltage between 3.15V and 3.6V.

**Electrical Pin-out Details**



**ModSel Pin**

The ModSel is an input pin. When held low by the host, the module responds to 2-wire serial communication commands. The ModSel allows the use of multiple QSFP modules on a single 2-wire interface bus. When the ModSel is "High", the module will not respond to any 2-wire interface communication from the host. ModSel has an internal pull-up in the module.

### ResetL Pin

Reset. LPMoDe\_Reset has an internal pull-up in the module. A low level on the ResetL pin for longer than the minimum pulse length ( $t_{\text{Reset\_init}}$ ) initiates a complete module reset, returning all user module settings to their default state. Module Reset Assert Time ( $t_{\text{init}}$ ) starts on the rising edge after the low level on the ResetL pin is released. During the execution of a reset ( $t_{\text{init}}$ ) the host shall disregard all status bits until the module indicates a completion of the reset interrupt. The module indicates this by posting an IntL signal with the Data\_Not\_Ready bit negated. Note that on power up (including hot insertion) the module will post this completion of reset interrupt without requiring a reset.

### LPMoDe Pin

Operate in the low power mode (less than 1.5 W power consumption) This pin active high will decrease power consumption to less than 1W.

### ModPrsL Pin

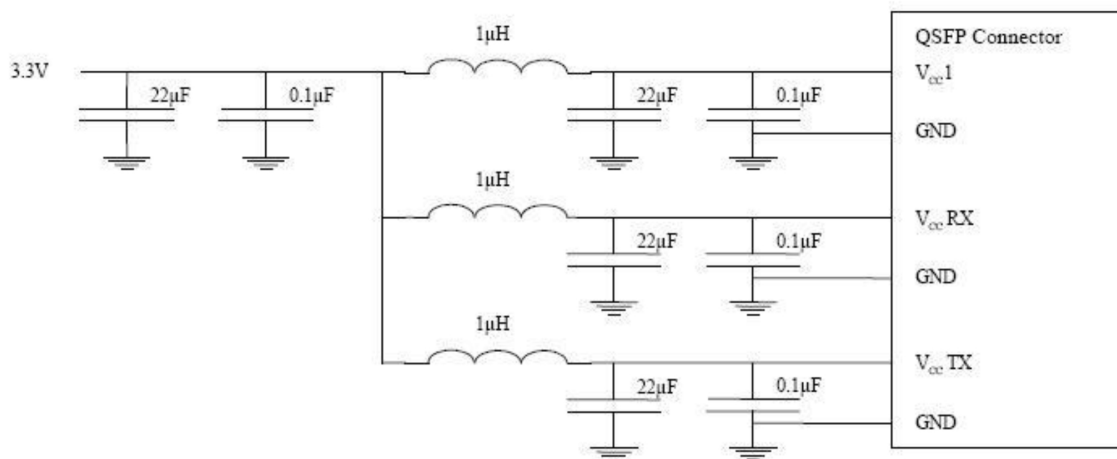
ModPrsL is pulled up to Vcc on the host board and grounded in the module. The ModPrsL is asserted “Low” when the module is inserted and de-asserted “High” when the module is physically absent from the host connector.

### IntL Pin

IntL is an output pin. When “Low”, it indicates a possible module operational fault or a status critical to the host system. The host identifies the source of the interrupt by using the 2-wire serial interface. The IntL pin is an open collector output and must be pulled up to Vcc on the host board.

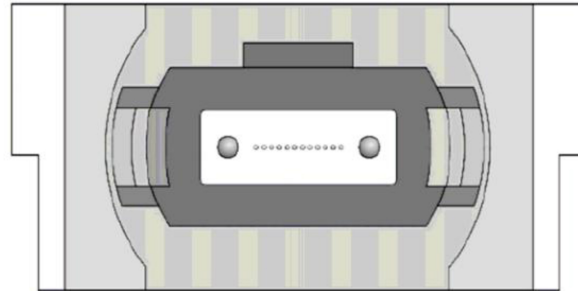
### Power Supply Filtering

The host board should use the power supply filtering shown below.



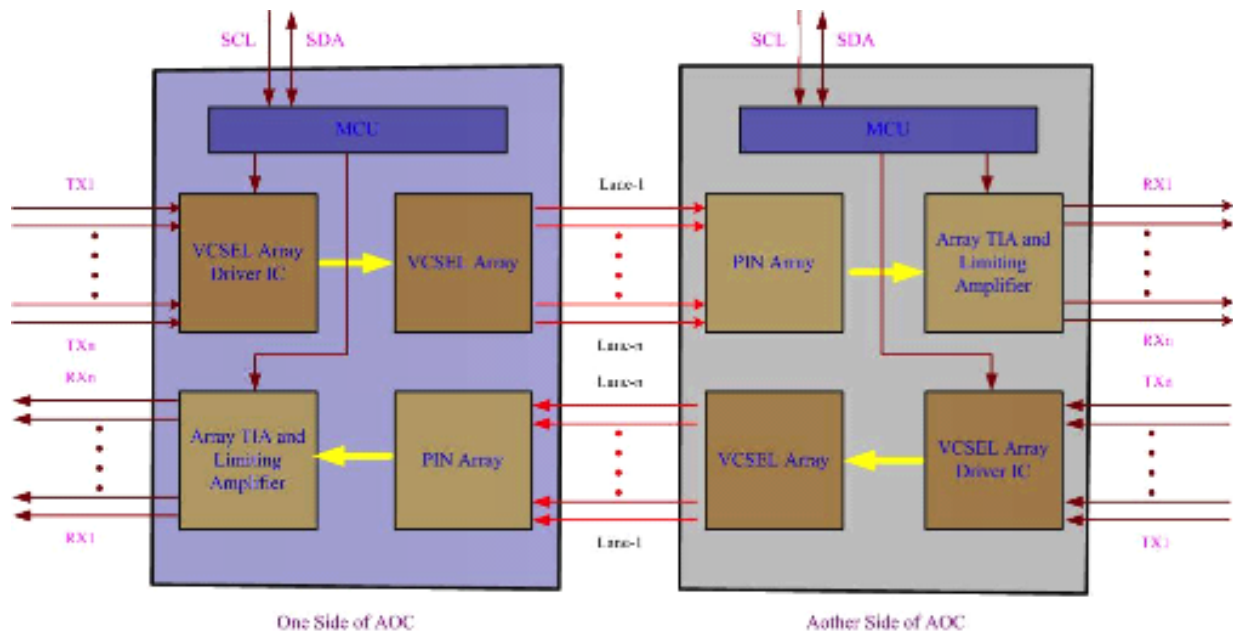
## Optical Interface Lanes and Assignment

The optical interface port is a male MPO connector. The four fiber positions on the left as shown below, with the key up, are used for the optical transmit signals (Channel 1 through 4). The fiber positions on the right are used for the optical receive signals (Channel 4 through 1). The central four fibers are physically present.

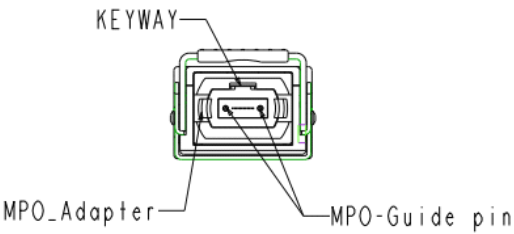
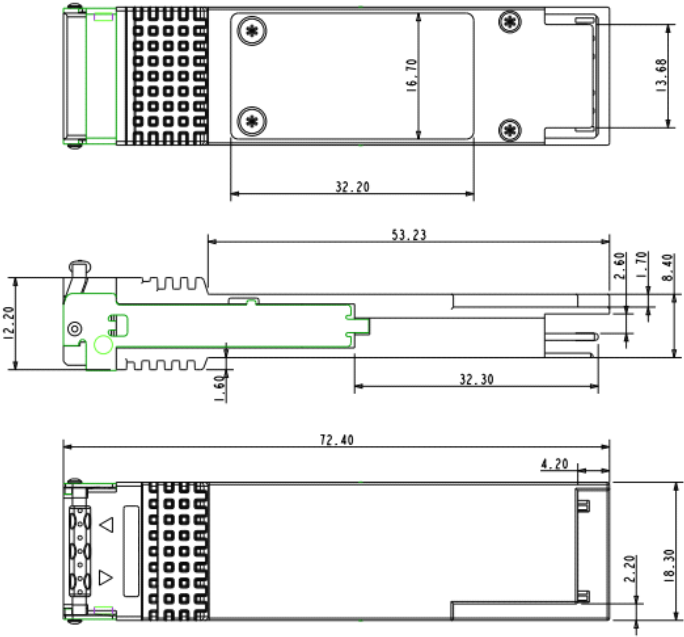


Transmit Channels: 1 2 3 4  
Unused positions: x x x x  
Receive Channels: 4 3 2 1

### Module Block Diagram



Mechanical Specifications





**About AddOn Networks**

In 1999, AddOn Networks entered the market with a single product. Our founders fulfilled a severe shortage for compatible, cost-effective optical transceivers that compete at the same performance levels as leading OEM manufacturers. Adhering to the idea of redefining service and product quality not previously had in the fiber optic networking industry, AddOn invested resources in solution design, production, fulfillment, and global support.

Combining one of the most extensive and stringent testing processes in the industry, an exceptional free tech support center, and a consistent roll-out of innovative technologies, AddOn has continually set industry standards of quality and reliability throughout its history.

Reliability is the cornerstone of any optical fiber network and is engrained in AddOn's DNA. It has played a key role in nurturing the long-term relationships developed over the years with customers. AddOn remains committed to exceeding industry standards with certifications from ranging from NEBS Level 3 to ISO 9001:2005 with every new development while maintaining the signature reliability of its products.

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